

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2026 edition

TERM
vendor's agent
MEANING OF TERM
Valley Estate Agents
26 Elgin Street Maitland NSW 2320

NSW DAN:
phone: (02) 4934 1901
email: sales@valleyestateagents.com.au

co-agent

vendor

vendor's solicitor

date for completion 28 days after the contract date (clause 15)
land (address, plan details and title reference) Unit 3, 304 Maitland Road. Cessnock, NSW, 2325.
LOT 3 STRATA PLAN SP73858
Folio Identifier 3/SP73858

improvements VACANT POSSESSION subject to existing tenancies
 HOUSE garage carport home unit carspace storage space
 none other:

attached copies documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered:
 other documents:

A real estate agent is permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions air conditioning curtains insect screens range hood
 blinds dishwasher internet/TV receiver solar panels
 built-in wardrobes EV charger light fittings solar power battery
 ceiling fans fixed floor coverings pool equipment stove
 clothes line other:

exclusions
purchaser

purchaser's solicitor

price
deposit _____ (10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
balance

contract date _____ (if not stated, the date this contract was made)

Where there is more than one purchaser JOINT TENANTS
 tenants in common in unequal shares, specify:

GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$

buyer's agent

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR	PURCHASER
<p>Signed by</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Vendor</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Vendor</p>	<p>Signed by</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Purchaser</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Purchaser</p>
VENDOR (COMPANY)	PURCHASER (COMPANY)
<p>Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Office held</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Office held</p>	<p>Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Office held</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Office held</p>

Choices

- Vendor agrees to accept a *deposit-bond* NO yes
- Nominated *Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)* (clause 4) PEXA
-
- Manual transaction* (clause 30) NO yes
(if yes, vendor must provide further details, including any applicable exemption, in the space below):

Tax information (the *parties* promise this is correct as far as each *party* is aware)

- Land tax is adjustable NO yes
- GST: Taxable supply NO yes in full yes to an extent
- Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply NO yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

- Purchaser must make an *GSTRW payment* (GST residential withholding payment) NO yes (if yes, vendor must provide details)

If the details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice at least 7 days before the date for completion.

GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) – details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's representative:

Supplier's contact phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *GSTRW payment*:

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *GSTRW rate* (residential withholding rate): \$

Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? NO yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

<p>General</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 property certificate for the land <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 plan of the land <input type="checkbox"/> 3 unregistered plan of the land <input type="checkbox"/> 4 plan of land to be subdivided <input type="checkbox"/> 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location print) <input type="checkbox"/> 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewer service diagram) <input type="checkbox"/> 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract <input type="checkbox"/> 11 <i>planning agreement</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant) <input type="checkbox"/> 13 survey report <input type="checkbox"/> 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 15 occupation certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) <input type="checkbox"/> 17 other document relevant to tenancies <input type="checkbox"/> 18 licence benefiting the land <input type="checkbox"/> 19 old system document <input type="checkbox"/> 20 Crown purchase statement of account <input type="checkbox"/> 21 building management statement <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 22 form of requisitions <input type="checkbox"/> 23 <i>clearance certificate</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 24 land tax certificate <p>Home Building Act 1989</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 25 insurance certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 26 brochure or warning <input type="checkbox"/> 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover <p>Swimming Pools Act 1992</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 28 certificate of compliance <input type="checkbox"/> 29 evidence of registration <input type="checkbox"/> 30 relevant occupation certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 31 certificate of non-compliance <input type="checkbox"/> 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance 	<p>Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 33 property certificate for strata common property <input type="checkbox"/> 34 plan creating strata common property <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 35 strata by-laws <input type="checkbox"/> 36 strata development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 37 strata management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 38 strata renewal proposal <input type="checkbox"/> 39 strata renewal plan <input type="checkbox"/> 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property <input type="checkbox"/> 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property <input type="checkbox"/> 42 plan creating neighbourhood property <input type="checkbox"/> 43 neighbourhood development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 44 neighbourhood management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 45 property certificate for precinct property <input type="checkbox"/> 46 plan creating precinct property <input type="checkbox"/> 47 precinct development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 48 precinct management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 49 property certificate for community property <input type="checkbox"/> 50 plan creating community property <input type="checkbox"/> 51 community development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 52 community management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws <input type="checkbox"/> 54 document disclosing a change in a development contract or management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries <input type="checkbox"/> 56 information certificate (strata) <input type="checkbox"/> 57 information certificate (association) <input type="checkbox"/> 58 document relevant to an exclusive supply network <input type="checkbox"/> 59 disclosure statement - off the plan contract <input type="checkbox"/> 60 other document relevant to the off the plan contract <p>Other</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 61
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HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Bright & Duggan
 Unit 404 653 Hunter Street Newcastle West NSW 2302
 levies@bright-duggan.com.au
 02 9902 7100

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- 1** This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2** EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3** There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- 4** A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- 5** The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures to resolve the dispute such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. **Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:**

Australian Taxation Office County Council Department of Education Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure Department of Primary Industries and Regional Development Electricity, gas and telecommunications Homes NSW	Local Council Local Land Services NSW Fair Trading NSW Public Works Owner of adjoining land Privacy Subsidence Advisory NSW Transport agencies Water, sewerage or drainage authority
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If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. **A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.**
3. **If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.**
4. **If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.**
5. **The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.**
6. **Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred. More information is available from Revenue NSW.**
7. **If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).**
8. **The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.**
9. **Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.**
10. **A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.**
11. **The purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.**
12. **Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the Australian Taxation Office.**
13. **From 1 July 2026, estate agents, solicitors, licensed conveyancers and other professions who provide a designated service will have regulatory obligations under the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing (AML/CTF) regime. These new obligations include customer due diligence and reporting to AUSTRAC. More details are available from AUSTRAC.**

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1	In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –	
	<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
	<i>adjustment figures</i>	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
	<i>authorised Subscriber</i>	a <i>Subscriber</i> (not being a <i>party's solicitor</i>) named in a notice served by a <i>party</i> as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;
	<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
	<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
	<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
	<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
	<i>completion time</i>	the time of day at which completion is to occur;
	<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the issuer; • the expiry date (if any); and • the amount;
	<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
	<i>discharging mortgagee</i>	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser;
	<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
	<i>ECNL</i>	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
	<i>electronic document</i>	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;
	<i>electronic transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
	<i>electronic transfer</i>	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties' Conveyancing Transaction</i> ;
	<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (15% as at 1 January 2025);
	<i>FRCGW remittance</i>	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , being the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served by a party</i> ;
	<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
	<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
	<i>GSTRW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>GSTRW rate</i>);
	<i>GSTRW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 th if not);
	<i>incoming mortgagee</i>	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
	<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
	<i>manual transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> in which a dealing forming part of the <i>Lodgment Case</i> at or following completion cannot be <i>Digitally Signed</i> ;
	<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
	<i>participation rules</i>	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL</i> ;
	<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
	<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
	<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
	<i>populate</i>	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;

<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served</i> by the <i>party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>title data</i>	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> ;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 20 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Sign*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Judgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.

2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.

2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by –

2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the *depositholder*;

2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*; or

2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.

2.5 The vendor can *terminate* if –

2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;

2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or

2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.

This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.

2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.

2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).

3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.

3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.

3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –

3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and

3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.

3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –

3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or

3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.

3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
- 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 4 Electronic transaction**
- 4.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* unless –
- 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
- 4.1.2 a *party serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,
- and in both cases clause 30 applies.
- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as a *manual transaction* –
- 4.2.1 each *party* must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees, and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;
- incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
- 4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
- 4.3.1 in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
- 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
- 4.4 A *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry*.
- 4.5 *Normally*, the vendor must *within 7 days* of the contract date create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* with *title data* and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6 –
- 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
- 4.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 4.7.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* or *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 4.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 4.11.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
- 4.11.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
- 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
- 4.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
- 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
- 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 5 Requisitions**
- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *servicing* it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
- 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
- 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.
- 6 Error or misdescription**
- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.
- 7 Claims by purchaser**
- Normally*, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *servicing* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –
- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
- 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
- 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
- 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
- 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
- 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
- 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.
- 8 Vendor's rights and obligations**
- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition* *within* 14 days after that *service*.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *-serving* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
- 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
- 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.
- 9 Purchaser's default**
- If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *-serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –
- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
- 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
- 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
- the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.
- 10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser**
- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
- 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
- 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
- 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).
- 11 Compliance with work orders**
- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.
- 12 Certificates and inspections**
- The vendor must do whatever is reasonably necessary to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
- 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
- 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7), the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense, but –
- 13.3.1 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
- 13.3.2 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
- 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
- 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
- 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –
- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor serves details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and –
- 14.2.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
- 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The *parties* must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion**• Vendor**

- 16.1 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

• Purchaser

- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor –
- 16.5.1 the price less any –
- deposit paid;
 - *FRCGW remittance* payable;
 - *GSTRW payment*; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –
- 19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –
- 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –
- 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;
 - 20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 *served* if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –
- 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 4) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each *party* consents to –
- 20.16.1 any *party* signing this contract electronically; and
- 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party's* intention to be bound by this contract.
- 21 Time limits in these provisions**
- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.
- 22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975**
- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.
- 23 Strata or community title**
- **Definitions and modifications**
- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development contract or management statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s174 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- **Adjustments and liability for expenses**
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
- **Notices, certificates and inspections**
- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.
- 24 Tenancies**
- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title**
- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –
- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7 days* after the contract date.
 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7 days* after *service* of the purchaser's part.
 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
 27.6.1 *within 42 days* after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 27.6.2 *within 30 days* after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
 28.2 The vendor must do whatever is reasonably necessary to have the plan registered *within 6 months* after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within that time* and in that manner –
 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event, but does not apply to an event to which clause 28 applies.
 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* *serves* notice of the condition.
 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within the time* for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after the end of that time;
 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* *serves* notice of the refusal; and
 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
 • either *party* *serving* notice of the event happening;
 • every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
 • the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

- 30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.
- **Transfer**
- 30.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- **Place for completion**
- 30.6 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract – that address; or
- 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place – that place; or
- 30.6.3 in any other case – the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- **Payments on completion**
- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
- 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 30.12.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 30.12.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must –
- 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 30.13.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 30.13.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022 –
- 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
- 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

UNIT 3, 304 MAITLAND RD CESSNOCK NSW 2525

ADDITIONAL CLAUSES

1. Alterations to this Contract

- a) Clause 7.1.1 is varied by replacing "5%" with "1%"
- b) Clause 7.2.4 is varied by deleting the words "and the costs of the purchaser"
- c) Clause 11.2 is varied by deleting the words "or terminated"
- d) Clause 13.4.4 is varied by including, after the words "the amount of GST assessed", the words "and any and all penalties and/or interest claimed by the Australian Taxation Office"
- e) Clause 22 is varied by the inclusion of additional clause 22.3 as follows:
"22.3 In the event of a breach of the warranty in clause 22.1, the purchaser indemnifies the vendor against any penalty, fine, legal cost, claim, loss or damage suffered by the vendor as a result of that breach"
- f) Clause 23.6.1 is deleted and replaced with "The Vendor is liable for all payments due prior to the Contract date"
- g) Clause 23.6.2 is deleted and replaced with "The Purchaser is liable for all payments due after the Contract date"
- h) Clause 23.7 is varied by including after the words "under clause 23.6.1", the words ", and if allowed, the purchaser must pay it"
- i) Clause 23.9.1 will be deleted
- j) Clause 24.1.1 is varied by including after "as if it were paid" the words "to the completion date"
- k) Clause 24.3.3 is varied by including after "normally," the words "where the purchaser has suffered actual loss".

2. Payment of Deposit by Instalments

The Purchaser acknowledges that the deposit payable is ten percent (10%) of the purchase price. If the Vendor agrees that the deposit may be paid by instalments, then notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, the Purchaser shall pay the deposit as follows:

- i) On or before the date of this contract, 5% of the purchase price in accordance with clauses 2.1 and 2.2 of the printed contract; and
- ii) The balance of 10% on completion or upon default of the Purchaser.

If the Purchaser defaults under this contract and:

- i) the Purchaser has paid a deposit of less than 10% of the price, and
- ii) the Vendor has terminated this contract,

then the Vendor will be entitled to recover from the Purchaser an amount equal to 10% of the price, less the deposit paid, as liquidated damages. It is agreed that this right will be in addition to, and will not limit any other remedies available to the Vendor contained in, or implied, in this contract despite any rule of law or equity to the contrary. This clause will not merge on termination of this contract.

3. Payment of Deposit under Cooling Off Period

Should a cooling off period apply then the Purchaser shall pay the deposit as follows:

- i) On or before the date of this contract, 0.25% of the purchase price in accordance with clauses 2.1 and 2.2 of the printed contract; and
- ii) In the event of the Purchaser proceeding with the purchase, on or before 4pm on the fifth business day after the date of this contract, a further 9.75% of the purchase price or lesser amount as agreed between the parties.

4. Deposit Bond

The parties agree that in the event the Purchaser requests to use a deposit bond, a deposit bond will be accepted, provided the deposit bond:

- i) Is underwritten by QBE Insurance (Australia) Ltd;
- ii) Is for an amount equal to the 10% deposit or balance of the 10% deposit in accordance with the Contract;
- iii) Must be valid for the period of the Contract;
- iv) Contains the name of the Vendor to whom the guaranteed amount is to be paid on demand; and
- v) Contains the name of the Purchaser and makes reference to the contract and the sale of the Property.

5. Notice to Complete

Despite any rule of law or equity to the contrary, the Vendor and Purchaser agree that any notice to complete under this contract will be reasonable as to time, if a period of 14 days from the date of service of the notice is allowed for completion.

In the event the Vendor issues a Notice to Complete then the Purchaser agrees to pay the sum of \$550.00 to the Vendor's Solicitor/Conveyancer on completion to reimburse the Vendor for the cost of issuing the notice to recover any other damages.

6. Interest

If the Purchaser does not complete this purchase by the completion date, and the Vendor is ready willing and able to complete this purchase, the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor on completion, in addition to the balance purchase money, an amount calculated as ten per cent (10%) interest on the balance purchase money, computed at a daily rate from the day immediately after the completion date to the day on which this sale shall be completed. It is agreed that this amount is a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings.

7. Capacity

Without in any way negating, limiting or restricting any rights of remedies which would have been available to either party at law or in equity had this special condition not been included, if either party (and if more than one person comprises that first party then any one of them) prior to completion:

- i) Die or becomes mentally ill, then either party may rescind this contract by notice in writing to the other party and the contract will come to an end and the provisions of clause 19 will apply.
- ii) Being a Company, has a summons or application for its winding up presented or has a liquidator, receiver or voluntary administrator of it appointed, or enters into any deed of company arrangement or scheme of arrangement with its creditors, then the first party will be in default under this contract.

8. Purchaser's Acknowledgement

- i) The Purchaser acknowledges that this contract and the additional clauses set out all the terms, conditions, warranties and arrangements between the parties.
- ii) The Purchaser acknowledges that he is purchasing the property not relying upon any warranties or representations, oral or written, made to the Purchaser by or on behalf of the Vendor not contained in this contract.

- iii) The Purchaser will not call upon the Vendor to carry out any repairs to the property or to any furnishings or chattels, comply with a work order made after the date hereof, nor effect any treatment for pest infestation.
- iv) The Purchaser acknowledges that he purchasing the property:
 - a. In its present condition and state of repair;
 - b. Subject to all defects, latent and patent;
 - c. Subject to any infestation and dilapidation;
 - d. Subject to any encroachments by or upon the property;
 - e. Subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage/plumbing services and connections in respect of the property;
 - f. Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed herein, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act, in respect of any building on the land;
 - g. Subject to any contamination;
 - h. Subject to any asbestos in the property;
- v) The Purchaser agrees not to seek, terminate, rescind or make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation arising out of any of the matters covered by this additional clause.

9. Condition of Inclusions

With regard to the inclusions of sale:

- i) The Purchaser acknowledges that none of the inclusions are new, unless specifically stated;
- ii) The Vendor does not make any warranty as to the state of repair of the inclusions; and
- iii) During the period between exchange and completion, the Purchaser acknowledges the inclusions are subject to fair wear and tear and as such, the Purchaser warrants they will not make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation in relation to such.

10. Warranty as to Agent

The Purchaser warrants that he was not introduced to the property by any Real Estate Agent other than the Agent shown on the front page of this Contract. Should any other Real Estate Agent make a successful claim for commission against the Vendor based on the fact that such agent introduced the Purchaser to the property then the Purchaser will indemnify the Vendor in respect of such commission and in respect of all costs of and incidental to such claim for commission incurred by Vendor. This clause shall not merge on completion.

11. GST

The Purchaser warrants that the property will be used predominantly for residential accommodation. The Purchaser will indemnify the Vendor against any liability to pay GST arising from breach of this warranty. This clause shall not merge on completion.

12. Exchange with Electronic Signatures

- i) Execution by either or both parties of a facsimile or email version of this contract and transmission by facsimile or email of the executed contract to the other party shall constitute a valid and binding execution of the contract.
- ii) For the purposes of the *Electronic Transactions Act 1999 (Cth)* and the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000 NSW*) each of the parties consent to receiving and sending the contract electronically.

13. Contract Alterations

The parties authorise their respective legal representatives to make alterations to the contract after execution by a party. Such alterations will be binding on the party as if the alterations were made prior to execution by that party.

14. Delivery of Notices

Notwithstanding the provisions contained in clause 20.6 hereof, a notice or document shall be deemed to have been served for the purpose of this Agreement if the notice or document is sent by facsimile transmission or email and in any such case shall be deemed to be duly given or made when the transmission has been completed.

15. FIRB Warranty

The Purchaser warrants that the provisions of the *Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975* do not apply to the Purchaser or this contract. In the event of breach of this warranty, the Purchaser will indemnify the vendor against any penalties, fines, costs, claims loss or damage suffered in connection with that breach.

16. Claims for Compensation

Notwithstanding the provisions of clauses 6 & 7 hereof the parties expressly agree that any claim for compensation shall be deemed to be an objection or requisition for the purpose of clause 8 hereto entitling the Vendor to rescind this contract.

17. Sewer Service Location Diagram

The Purchaser acknowledges that Hunter Water Corporation does not, in the ordinary course of administration make available individual internal lot connection diagrams. For the purposes of satisfying the *Conveyancing Sale of Land Regulation 2017*, Schedule 1, the "Service Location Plan" attached to this contract is sufficient.

18. Guarantee where Purchaser is a Company

For the purposes of this contract, "Guarantor" means the person or persons who are officers of the purchaser company and who have witnessed or signed this contract for the purchaser or who have otherwise indicated that they give this guarantee.

The Guarantor gives this guarantee and indemnity in consideration of the vendor agreeing to enter into this contract.

The Guarantor unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees to the vendor the due and punctual performance and observance by the purchaser of the purchaser's obligations under this contract.

As a separate undertaking the Guarantor unconditionally and irrevocably indemnifies the vendor against all liability or loss arising from and any expenses incurred in connection with, a breach by the purchaser of this contract. It is not necessary for the vendor to incur expense or make payment before enforcing that right of indemnity.

As a separate undertaking the Guarantor unconditionally and irrevocably indemnifies the vendor against all liability or loss arising from, and any expenses incurred in connection with, a representation or warranty by the purchaser in this contract being incorrect or misleading.

The Guarantor waives any right it has of first requiring the vendor to commence proceedings or enforce any other right against the purchaser or any other person before claiming under this guarantee and indemnity.

The liabilities of the Guarantor under this clause as a guarantor indemnifier or principal debtor and the rights of the vendor under this guarantee and indemnity are not affected by anything which might otherwise affect them at law or in equity including but not limited to, one or more of the following:

- the vendor granting time or indulgence to, compounding or compromising with or releasing the purchaser;
- acquiescence, delay, acts, omissions or mistakes on the part of the vendor;
- any novation of the right of the vendor;
- any variation of this contract, or
- the validity or unenforceability of an obligation of a person other than the Guarantor.

The Guarantor may not without the consent of the vendor:

- raise a set off or counterclaim available to it or the purchaser against the vendor in reduction of its liability under this guarantee and indemnity;
- claim to be entitled by way of contribution, indemnity, subrogation, marshalling or otherwise to the benefit of any security or guarantee held by the vendor in connection with this contract; or
- prove in competition with the vendor if a liquidator, provisional liquidator, receiver, official manager or trustee in bankruptcy is approved in respect of the purchaser or the purchaser is otherwise unable to pay the purchaser's debts when they fall due.

If a claim that a payment or transfer to the vendor in connection with this contract or this guarantee or indemnity is void or voidable (including, but not limited to), a claim under laws relating to liquidation, insolvency or protection of creditors) is upheld, conceded or comprised, then the vendor is entitled immediately as against the Guarantor to the rights to which it would have been entitled under this guarantee and indemnity, if the payment or transfer had not occurred.

This clause is an essential term of this contract.

If there is more than one person constituting the Guarantor, then they give these covenants jointly and severally.

Signed by the Guarantor)
in the presence of:)

.....

Signed by the Guarantor)
in the presence of:)

.....

STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

VENDORS:

PURCHASERS:

PROPERTY:

DATE:

Possession & Tenancies

1. Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the property or any part of it?
3.
 - (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
 - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
 - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
 - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
 - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
 - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
4. Is the property affected by a protected tenancy? (A tenancy affected by Parts 2,3,4 or 5 of the *Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948*.)
5. If the tenancy is subject to the *Residential Tenancies Act 1987*:
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the Residential Tenancies Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) Have any orders been made by the Residential Tenancies Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

6. Subject to the contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the property and recorded as the owner of the property on the strata roll, free of all other interests.
7. On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat must be discharged or withdrawn (as the case may be) or an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 118 of the *Strata Titles (Management) Act 1996* ("the Act").
8. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
9. Are the inclusions or fixtures subject to any charge or hiring agreement? If so, details must be given and any indebtedness discharged prior to completion or title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

10. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
11. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - (b) what is the land value for land tax purposes for the current year?

Survey & Building

12. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the property or the common property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
13. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
14. In respect of the property and the common property:
 - (a) Have the provisions of the *Local Government Act*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (d) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989*.
15. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the property or the common property?
16. If a swimming pool is on the common property:
 - (a) when did construction of the swimming pool commence?
 - (b) is the swimming pool surrounded by a barrier which complies with the requirements of *Swimming Pools Act 1992*?
 - (c) if the swimming pool has been approved under the *Local Government Act 1993*, please provide details.
 - (d) are there any outstanding notices or orders?
17. (a) If there are any party walls, please specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
 - (b) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
 - (c) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under *the Dividing Fences Act 1991* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922*?

Affectations, Notices and Claims

18. In respect of the property and the common property:
- (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
 - (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?
 - (c) Is the vendor aware of:
 - (i) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
 - (ii) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?
 - (iii) any latent defects if them?
 - (d) Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following:
 - (i) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (ii) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (iii) any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (iv) any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (v) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?
 - (vi) any contamination of them?

Owners Corporation Management

- 19. Has the initial period expired?
- 20. If the property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
- 21. If there are any applications or orders under Chapter 5 of the Act, please provide details.
- 22. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract) exceed 1% of the price?

Capacity

- 23. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions & Transfer

- 24. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 25. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 26. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 27. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at completion date.

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH
-----FOLIO: 3/SP73858

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
19/3/2026	6:18 PM	3	4/7/2018

LAND

LOT 3 IN STRATA PLAN 73858
 AT CESSNOCK
 LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA CESSNOCK

FIRST SCHEDULE

(T AN475310)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP73858
- 2 AN475311 MORTGAGE TO NEWCASTLE PERMANENT BUILDING SOCIETY LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP73858

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
19/3/2026	6:18 PM	1	18/11/2004

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 73858
WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT CESSNOCK
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA CESSNOCK
PARISH OF CESSNOCK COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SP73858

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 73858
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:
304 MAITLAND ROAD
CESSNOCK 2325

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE RESIDENTIAL SCHEMES MODEL BY-LAWS CONTAINED IN THE STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION APPLICABLE AT THE DATE OF REGISTRATION OF THE SCHEME
KEEPING OF ANIMALS - OPTION B HAS BEEN ADOPTED

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 40)

STRATA PLAN 73858

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1	- 10	2	- 10	3	- 10	4	- 10

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

26116...

PRINTED ON 19/3/2026

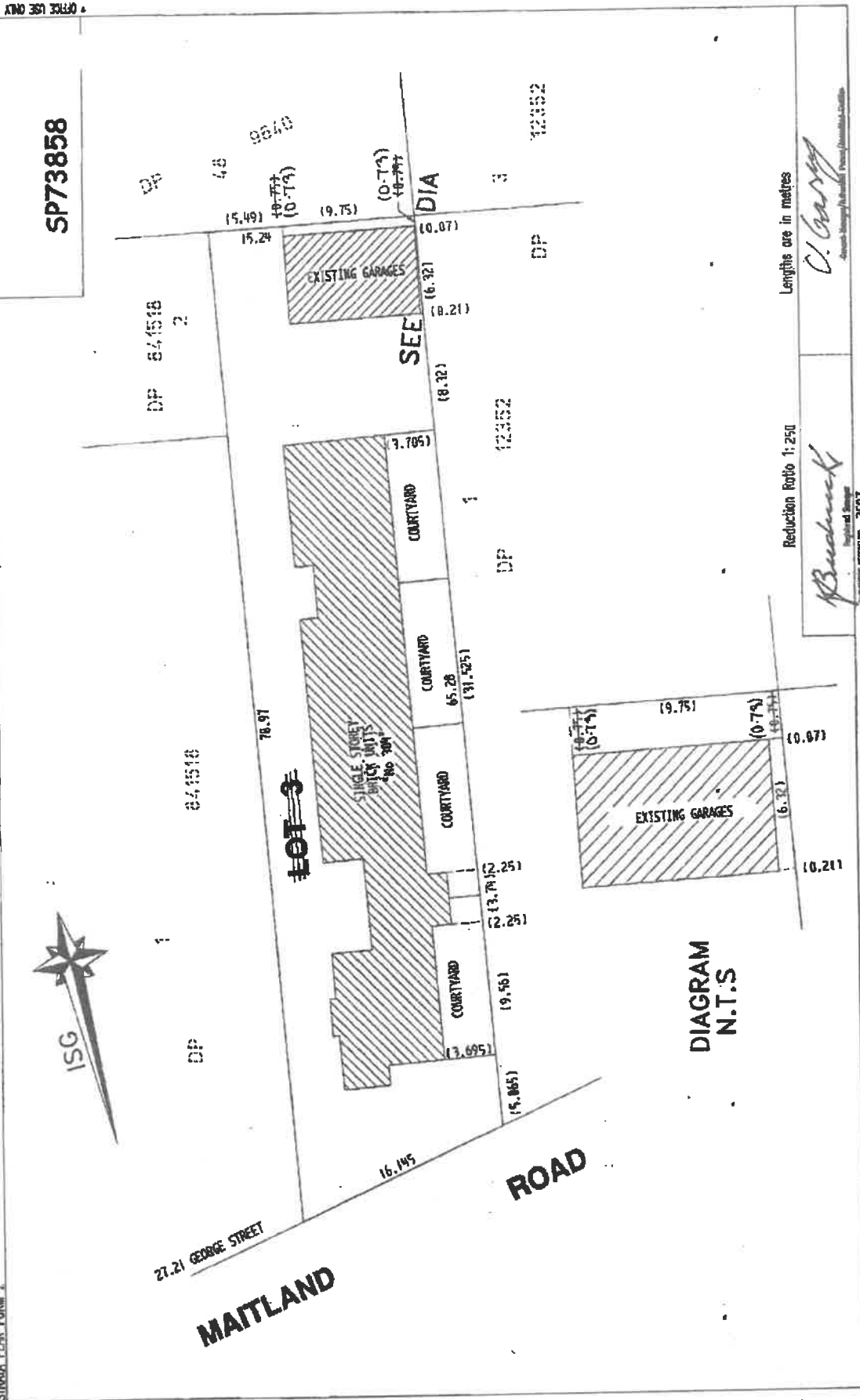
* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

SP73858

Sheet No. 2 of 3

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION

STRATA PLAN FORM 2



Lengths are in metres

Reduction Ratio 1:250

C. Garry

Budnick

Professional Engineer
Licence No. 2507

STRATA PLAN FORM 1

STRATA CERTIFICATE

THIS CERTIFICATE IS VALID FOR THE STRATA PLAN AND THE STRATA PLAN IS VALID FOR THE STRATA CERTIFICATE. THE STRATA PLAN AND THE STRATA CERTIFICATE ARE VALID FOR THE STRATA PLAN AND THE STRATA CERTIFICATE.

THE STRATA PLAN AND THE STRATA CERTIFICATE ARE VALID FOR THE STRATA PLAN AND THE STRATA CERTIFICATE.

THE STRATA PLAN AND THE STRATA CERTIFICATE ARE VALID FOR THE STRATA PLAN AND THE STRATA CERTIFICATE.

Date: 18.11.2004

Submitted to: 12 JESSOP AVENUE

Approved by: [Signature]

Approved by: CARBONDALE CITY COUNCIL

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT

LOT	ENTITLEMENT
1	10
2	10
3	10
4	10
TAGS	40

SURVIVORS CERTIFICATE

KEITH BLONICK

P.O. BOX 363 RAYMOND TERRACE, 2324

I hereby certify that the above named person is the survivor of the deceased person named in the strata plan.

[Signature]

Date: 14/1/03

This is sheet 1 of my plan in 3 sheets

I hereby certify that the above named person is the survivor of the deceased person named in the strata plan.

[Signature]

Date: 14/1/03

Residential Model By-Laws adopted for this scheme

Keeping of Animals Option A / B / C

Consent of By-Laws to be provided with plan

Site of scheme is highlighted

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 3 DP 811518

CESSNOCK

Suburb/Locality: CESSNOCK

Parish: CESSNOCK

County: NORTHERN RIVERLAND

THE OWNERS - Strata Plan No. 79858

304 MULLAND ROAD

CESSNOCK

2325

OFFICE USE ONLY

SP73858

Registered: 18.11.2004

Purpose: STRATA PLAN

Ref. Map: U2765 - 9)

Last Plan: DP841518

Signatures, seals and statements of intention to create easements, restrictions on the use of land or positive covenants.

FOR LOCATION PLAN SEE SHEET 2

St George Bank Limited
 as proprietor of mortgage 1925629 hereby
 consents to the MULLAN PLAN

St George Bank Ltd. of
 97 King William Street Adelaide
 SA 5000 by its Attorney-in-fact
 Jane Curran, who certifies that
 she is a duly qualified legal officer
 of the Bank, a division of the Bank
 company

[Signature]

Power of Attorney a certified
 copy of which is filed in the
 Office of the Registrar of Deeds
 Order Book 4195 of 100

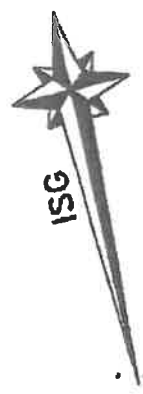
[Signature]

STRATA PLAN FORM 2

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION

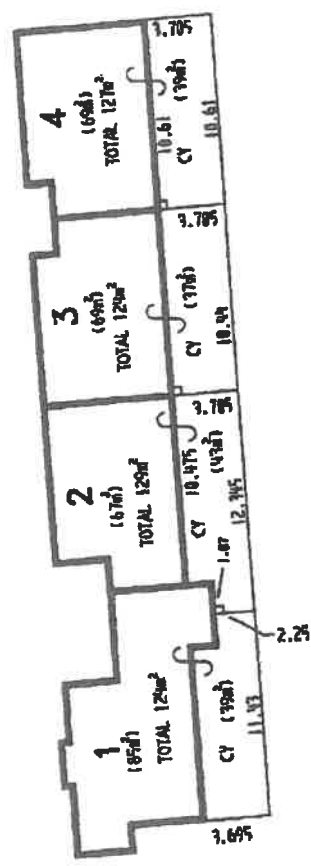
Sheet No. 3 of 3

SP73858



COUNTINGS ARE LIMITED IN HEIGHT TO THREE METRES ABOVE AND TO A DEPTH OF ONE METRE BELOW THE UPPER SURFACE OF THE CONCRETE FLOOR OF THE UNIT TO WHICH THEY ARE APPURTENANT EXCEPT WHERE COVERED.
 AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE

CM= COMMONWALLS



PT 2	(196)
PT 3	(186)
PT 4	(196)

Lengths are in metres

Reduction Ratio 1:250

J. George

B. ...

ISSUED UNDER 2407

Strata Schemes Management Regulation 1997

Repealed version for 1 July 2005 to 31 August 2005 (accessed 14 September 2017 at 12:56)

Schedule 1

Schedule 1 Model by-laws

(Clause 23)

Residential Schemes

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
 - (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must:

- (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
- (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property, unless:

- (a) the owners corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified part of the glass clean, or
- (b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the executive committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.
- (2) An owners corporation may resolve that furniture or large objects are to be transported through or on the common property (whether in the building or not) in a specified manner.
- (3) If the owners corporation has specified, by resolution, the manner in which furniture or large objects are to be transported, an owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property except in accordance with that resolution.

14 Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15 Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
 - (b) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
 - (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a),
 - (e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
 - (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - (a) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

- (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

16 Keeping of animals

Note. Select option A, B or C. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

(1)

Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2)

The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Option B

(1)

Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except a cat, a small dog or a small caged bird, or fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2)

The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

(3)

If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps a cat, small dog or small caged bird on the lot then the owner or occupier must:

- (a) notify the owners corporation that the animal is being kept on the lot, and
- (b) keep the animal within the lot, and
- (c) carry the animal when it is on the common property, and
- (d) take such action as may be necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option C

Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a residential lot must not keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

17 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

18 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

19 Provision of amenities or services

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:

- (a) window cleaning,
- (b) garbage disposal and recycling services,
- (c) electricity, water or gas supply,
- (d) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

Retirement Village Schemes

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
 - (b) any health or medical equipment that is necessary to preserve the health or well-being of the occupier of the lot, or
 - (c) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, equipment, screen or other device must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must:
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, equipment, screen or other device referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

8 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

9 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

10 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property, unless:

- (a) the owners corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified part of the glass clean, or

- (b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

11 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

12 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the executive committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.
- (2) An owners corporation may resolve that furniture or large objects are to be transported through or on the common property (whether in the building or not) in a specified manner.
- (3) If the owners corporation has specified, by resolution, the manner in which furniture or large objects are to be transported, then an owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property except in accordance with that resolution.

13 Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

14 Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
- (b) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and

- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - (a) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped, or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

15 Keeping of animals

Note. Select option A, B or C. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

(1)

Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2)

The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Option B

(1)

Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except a cat, a small dog, a small caged bird or except fish kept in a secure aquarium kept on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2)

The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

(3)

If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps a cat, small dog or small caged bird on the lot then the owner or occupier must:

- (a) notify the owners corporation that the animal is being kept on the lot, and
- (b) keep the animal within the lot, and
- (c) carry the animal when it is on the common property, and
- (d) take such action as may be necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option C

Subject to section 49 (4), the owner or occupier of a residential lot must not keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

16 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 9.

17 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

18 Provision of amenities or services

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:
 - (a) medical and nursing services,
 - (b) emergency response services,
 - (c) meals,
 - (d) domestic services,
 - (e) window cleaning,
 - (f) transportation,
 - (g) garbage disposal and recycling services,
 - (h) electricity, water or gas supply,
 - (i) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).
- (2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

Industrial Schemes

1 Vehicles

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.

2 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

3 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any sign to advertise the activities of the occupier of the lot, or
 - (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or sign must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, consistent with any guidelines established by the owners corporation about such installations or, in the absence of guidelines, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must:
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or sign referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

4 Children on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to remain on common property, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control.

5 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

6 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

7 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property, unless:

- (a) the owners corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified part of the glass clean, or
- (b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

8 Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
 - (b) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
 - (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
 - (e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
 - (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (4) Subclause (3) does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.

9 Appearance of lot

The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

10 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot).

11 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

12 Prevention of hazards

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to create a hazard or danger to the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using the common property.

13 Provision of amenities or services

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:
 - (a) security services,
 - (b) promotional services,
 - (c) cleaning,
 - (d) garbage disposal and recycling services,
 - (e) electricity, water or gas supply,
 - (f) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).
- (2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

Hotel/Resort Schemes

1 Vehicles

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.

2 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

3 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
 - (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, consistent with any guidelines established by the owners corporation about such installations or, in the absence of guidelines, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must:
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

4 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

5 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

6 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

7 Cleaning windows and doors

The owners corporation must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lots, whether common property or part of a lot.

8 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

9 Keeping of animals

Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

10 Appearance of lot

The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

11 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

12 Provision of amenities or services

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:
 - (a) electricity, water or gas supply,
 - (b) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).
- (2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

Commercial/Retail Schemes

1 Vehicles

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.

2 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis (for example a temporary display).

3 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any sign to advertise the activities of the occupier of the lot if the owners corporation has specified locations for such signs and that sign is installed in the specified locations, or
 - (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or sign must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, consistent with any guidelines established by the owners corporation about such installations or, in the absence of guidelines, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must:
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or sign referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

4 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier (including all customers and staff) do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

5 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

6 Cleaning windows and doors

The owners corporation must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lots, whether a part of a lot or common property.

7 Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and

- (b) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
 - (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
 - (e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
 - (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (4) Subclause (3) does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.

8 Appearance of lot

The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

9 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot).

10 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

11 Prevention of hazards

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to create a hazard or danger to the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using the common property.

12 Provision of amenities or services

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:

- (a) security services,
- (b) promotional services,
- (c) advertising,
- (d) cleaning,
- (e) garbage disposal and recycling services,
- (f) electricity, water or gas supply,
- (g) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

13 Controls on hours of operation and use of facilities

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, make any of the following determinations if it considers the determination is appropriate for the control, management, administration, use or enjoyment of the lots or the lots and common property of the strata scheme:

- (a) that commercial or business activities may be conducted on a lot or common property only during certain times,
- (b) that facilities situated on the common property may be used only during certain times or on certain conditions.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must comply with a determination referred to in subclause (1).

Mixed Use Schemes

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2 Vehicles

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
 - (d) any sign to advertise the activities of the occupier of the lot if the owners corporation has specified locations for such signs and that sign is installed in the specified locations, or
 - (e) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must:
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property, unless:

- (a) the owners corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified part of the glass clean, or
- (b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture, large object or deliveries to or from the lot through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the executive committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.
- (2) An owners corporation may resolve that furniture, large objects or deliveries to and from the lot are to be transported through or on the common property (whether in the building or not) in a specified manner.
- (3) If the owners corporation has specified, by resolution, the manner in which furniture, large objects or deliveries to and from the lot are to be transported, then an owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture, large object or deliveries to and from the lot through or on common property except in accordance with that resolution.

14 Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15 Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
 - (b) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
 - (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a),
 - (e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
 - (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - (a) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (4) Subclause (3) does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.

16 Keeping of animals

Note. Select option A, B or C. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

(1)

Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a residential lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2)

The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a residential lot or the common property.

Option B

(1)

Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a residential lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except a cat, a small dog or a small caged bird, or fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2)

The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a residential lot or the common property.

(3)

If an owner or occupier of a residential lot keeps a cat, small dog or small caged bird on the lot then the owner or occupier must:

- (a) notify the owners corporation that the animal is being kept on the lot, and
- (b) keep the animal within the lot, and
- (c) carry the animal when it is on the common property, and
- (d) take such action as may be necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option C

Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a residential lot must not keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

17 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

18 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

19 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

20 Prevention of hazards

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to create a hazard or danger to the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using the common property.

21 Provision of amenities or services

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:

- (a) security services,
- (b) promotional services,
- (c) advertising,
- (d) commercial cleaning,
- (e) domestic services,
- (f) garbage disposal and recycling services,
- (g) electricity, water or gas supply,
- (h) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

22. Controls on hours of operation and use of facilities

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, make any of the following determinations if it considers the determination is appropriate for the control, management, administration, use or enjoyment of the lots or the lots and common property of the strata scheme:

- (a) that commercial or business activities may be conducted on a lot or common property only during certain times,
- (b) that facilities situated on the common property may be used only during certain times or on certain conditions.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must comply with a determination referred to in subclause (1).



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Peter Evans & Associates
3/97 Scott Street
Newcastle 2300

Applicants Reference

CERTIFICATE DETAILS

Certificate Number: 739
Date of Certificate: 19/03/2026

PROPERTY DETAILS

Address: Unit 3 304 Maitland Road CESSNOCK NSW
2325
Title: LOT: 3 SP: 73858
Parcel No: 505045

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

This certificate provides information on how the relevant parcel of land may be developed, including the planning restrictions that apply to development of the land, as at the date the certificate is issued. The certificate contains information Council is aware of through its records and environmental plans, along with data supplied by the State Government. The details contained in this certificate are limited to that required by Section 10.7 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979*.

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ABN 60 919 148 928



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1. Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans

- (1) The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

State Environmental Planning Policies

State Environmental Planning Policy No 65 _ Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Buildings) 2022_ relevant to zones _ RU4, RU5, RE1, RE2, E1, E2, E3, E4, MU1, C4, SP1, SP2 & SP3

Chapter 2 _ Standards for residential development _ BASIX

Chapter 3_ Standards for Non-residential development

Chapter 4_ Miscellaneous

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

Chapter 3 _ Hazardous and offensive development

Chapter 4 _ Remediation of land

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

Chapter 2 _ Infrastructure

Chapter 3 _ Educational establishments and child care facilities

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021

Chapter 2 _ Mining, petroleum production and extractive industries

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021

Chapter 2 _ Primary production and rural development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021

Chapter 2 _ State and regional development

Chapter 4 _ Concurrences and consents

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021

Chapter 4 _ Koala habitat protection 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts _ Regional) 2021

Chapter 2 _ State significant precincts

The chapters listed above are those that are applicable to the whole LGA. Please note that other chapters of the state environmental planning policies may apply to particular parcels of land in the LGA.

Local Environmental Plans

Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011

Development Control Plans



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Cessnock Development Control Plan 2010

Note: Detailed information on the local environmental plans and State Environmental Planning Policies that are listed in this certificate are available at NSW Legislation – in force website.

- (2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instruments and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and:
- (3) Council has been notified that the following Draft State Environmental Planning Policy was placed on public exhibition and may affect land use planning and development in Cessnock:

Draft State Environmental Planning Policies

DRAFT SEPP _ New Sustainable Buildings Incorporating BASIX (in force from 1 October 2023)

Draft Planning Proposal for Local Environmental Plan

18 2024 3 1 _ Draft Anomalies / Housekeeping _ Public Exhibition _ 3 February 2025 - 4 March 2025

Draft Development Control Plan

Draft DCP _ Parking and Access Subdivision Chapter _ Public Exhibition _ 26/04/2024 _ 24/05/2024

Draft DCP _ E20 Regrowth Kurri Kurri _ Adopted by Council _ Public Exhibition _ 01/05/2024 _ 29/05/2024

DRAFT DCP Chapter _ Parking and Access and Subdivision Chapter _ 57 2023 2 1 _ Public Exhibition _ 26/4/2024 _ 24/5/2024

DRAFT DCP Chapter _ D1 Subdivision Guidelines _ Public Exhibition _ 26/4/2024 _ 24/5/2024

Draft Waste Management DCP, Waste Management Guidelines & DCP Dictionary Amendments _ 57 2023 11 1 _ 5/11/2024 _ 3/12/2024

Draft DCP _ Administrative and Legislative Context (replacing Part A Introduction) and E1 Centres (replacing E16 Commercial Precinct and E19 Branxton Town Centre relating to developments in E1 Local Centre, E2 Commercial Centre and MU1 Mixed Use zones) _ 57/2020/2/1 _ Public Exhibition _ 13/09/2023 _ 12/10/2023

57 2025 2 1 _ Draft Cessnock Development Control (DCP) Plan Chapter E3 _ Vineyards District _ Public Exhibition 28 March 2025 - 9 May 2025

57 2025 9 1 _ Draft Cessnock Development Control Plan (DCP) Chapter _ Signage and Outdoor Advertising _ Public Exhibition 28 March 2025 _ 9 May 2025

57 2025 8 1 _ Draft Cessnock Development Control (DCP) Plan Chapter _ Tourist and Visitors Accommodation on Rural and Conservation Lands _ Public Exhibition _ 28 March 2025 to 9 May 2025

Draft Chapter D8 Temporary Events _ Public Exhibition 30 July 2025 _ 24 August 2025



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57 2025 8 1 _ Draft Cessnock Development Control Plan (DCP) Chapter _ Tourist and Visitor Accommodation on Rural Land and Conservation Lands (applies to RU2, C2, C3 and C4 zones)
_ Public Exhibition 28 March 2025 _ 9 May 2025

(4) **In this section –**

proposed environmental planning instrument means a draft environmental planning instrument and includes a planning proposal for a local environmental plan.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Amendment No.34 _ Notification Date 10 June 2022 _ 18 2019 1 1 _ Reclassification and Rezoning of Various Council Land

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Amendment No. 35 _ 18 2020 2 1 _ Notification Date 21 October 2022 _ Administrative amendments.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Amendment No. 36 _ 18 2020 3 1 _ Notification Date 2 June 2023 _ Recreation Lands (ORIGINALLY ALLOCATED TO HYDRO - Refer to Map Only Amendment No 4)

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Amendment No. 37 _ 18 2021 3 1 _ Notification Date 17 February 2023 _ Wills Hill Road - Heritage Listing.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Amendment No. 38 _ 18 2021 6 1 _ Notification Date 16 June 2023 _ Environmental Zones (text only) amendments.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Amendment No. 39 _ 18 2022 3 1 _ Notification Date 15 December 2023 _ Lovedale Integrated Tourist Development.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Amendment No. 40 _ 18 2022 2 1 _ Notification Date 13 October 2023 _ Rural Zones.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Amendment No. 41 _ 18 2020 5 1 _ Notification Date 4 August 2023 _ 0 Blackhill Road, Black Hill - Additional Permitted Use for a Dwelling.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Amendment No. 42 _ 18 2022 4 1 _ Notification Date 24 May 2023 _ Section 3.22 Heritage Amendments.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Amendment No. 43 _ 18 2023 8 1 _ Notification Date 4 August 2023 _ Removal of Clause 7.11B from 49B Aberdare Road Aberdare.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 1 _ 18 2017 6 1 _ Notification Date 6 August 2021 _ 17 Branxton Street, Greta.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 2 _ 18 2020 1 1 _ 39 Pinchen Street and 8 Kerlew Street, Nulkaba

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 3 _ 18 2021 7 1 _ Notification Date 9 September 2022 _ Cessnock Commercial Precinct.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 4 _ 18 2015 2 1 _ Notification Date 16 December 2022 _ Hydro Kurri Kurri.



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Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 5 _ 18 2020 4 1 _
Notification Date 30 June 2023 _ 259 & 261 Averys Lane Buchanan (LSZ, LZN & URA)
(originally allocated to Black Hill - Refer to Amendmnet No. 41).

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 6 _ RN20 956 _
Notification Date 26 April 2023 _ Employment Zones Reforms.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 7 _ 18 2022 9 1 _
Notification Date 9 June 2023 _ Employment Zones Reforms S.3.22 Amendment (Originally
allocated to Hydro Part A - refer to MOA No.8.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 8 _ 18 2015 2 1 _
Notification Date 16 June 2023 _ Hydro Kurri Kurri (Part A - land above PMF excluded from
Amendment No 4).

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 9 _ 18 2020 3 1 _
Notification Date 25 August 2023 _ Special Purposes (Various).

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 10 _ 18 2015 2 1 _
Notification Date 24 May 2024 _ Hydro Kurri Kurri (Part B - land above PMF excluded from
Amendment No. 4 and 8.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 11 _ 18 2024 5 1 _
Notification Date 16 August 2024 _ Split Zoning 3.22 Zone Boundary Adjustment.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 12 _ 18 2022 9 1 _
Notification Date 20 September 2024 _ Conversion of LEP PDF maps to Digital Mapping.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Map Amendment No. 13 _ PP-2024-2402 _
Notification Date 6 December 2024 _ applies to land on and surrounding Kurri Kurri Aquatic
Centre _ Lot 1 DP1153680 and Lot 1 DP1166822. Zoning change from C2 Environmental
Conservation to RE1 Public Recreation.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Amendment No. 44 _ PP-2023-1184 _
Notification Date 13 December 2024 _ Lot 5, DP239505, 406 Wilderness Road, Lovedale -
additional permitted use of "depot" as permitted with development consent, if the depot is used
for the purposes of a balloon tourism business.

Draft Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 _ Amendment 46 _ PP-2024-2769 - Notification
Date 3 February 2025 _ Administrative Amendments _ LGA Wide.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant planning instruments

The following matters for each environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument that includes the land in a zone, however described –

- (a) the identity of the zone, whether by reference to –
 - (i) a name, such as "Residential Zone" or "Heritage Area", or
 - (ii) a number, such as "Zone No 2 (a)",

R3 Medium Density Residential under the Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011



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- (b) the purposes for which development in the zone –
- (i) may be carried out without development consent, and
 - (ii) may not be carried out except with development consent, and
 - (iii) is prohibited,

R3 Medium Density Residential

1 Permitted without consent

Home occupations

2 Permitted with consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Funeral homes; Group homes; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Respite day care centres; Roads; Seniors housing; Serviced apartments; Sewerage systems; Tank-based aquaculture; Any other development not specified in item 1 or 2

3 Prohibited

Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Animal boarding or training establishments; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat launching ramps; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Car parks; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Commercial premises; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Electricity generating works; Entertainment facilities; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Forestry; Freight transport facilities; Function centres; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Helipads; Highway service centres; Home occupations (sex services); Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Jetties; Marinas; Mooring pens; Moorings; Mortuaries; Open cut mining; Passenger transport facilities; Pond-based aquaculture Public administration buildings; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (major); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Registered clubs; Research stations; Residential flat buildings; Restricted premises; Rural industries; Rural workers' dwellings; Service stations; Sex services premises; Storage premises; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste or resource management facilities; Water recreation structures; Wharf or boating facilities; Wholesale supplies

- (c) whether additional permitted uses apply to the land,
No
- (d) whether development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions,
No
- (e) whether the land is in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*:
The land is not land that includes or comprises biodiversity conservation under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.
- (f) whether the land is in a conservation area, however described,



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The land is not a conservation area under the Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011.

- (g) whether an item of environmental heritage, however described, is located on the land.

An item of environmental heritage identified in Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011 is not situated on the land.

3. Contributions plans

- (1) The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans.

Cessnock Section 7.12 Levy Contributions Plan 2017.

Cessnock City Wide Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2020.

Housing and Productivity Contributions

58 2023 1 1_ Draft Amendment No 2 to Cessnock City Wide S7.11 Infrastructure Contributions Plan and Cessnock City Wide S7.12 Infrastructure Contributions Plan _ Public Exhibition 28 March 2025 _ 9 May 2025

- (2) If the land is in a region within the meaning of the Act, Division 7.1, Subdivision 4-

(a) The name of the region, and

(b) The name of the Ministerial planning order in which the reason is identified.

- (3) If the land is in a special contribution area to which a continued 7.23 determination applies, the name of the area.

- (4) In this section-

Continued 7.23 determination means a 7.23 determination that-

(a) Has been continued in force by the Act, Schedule 4, Part 1, and

(b) Has not been repealed as provided by that part.

Note- The Act, Schedule 4, Part 1 contains other definitions that affect the interpretation of this section.

No

4. Complying development

- (1) If the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (*Exempt and Complying Development Codes*) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.17A(1)(c)-(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19.

- (2) If complying development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.

- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that—

(a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and

(b) the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.



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(4) If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

Housing Code	Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
Rural housing code	Complying Development may not be carried out under the Rural Housing Code as the subject land falls within a Local Environmental Plan zone that does not meet the requirements of the code.
Low Rise Housing Diversity Code	Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
Greenfield Housing Code	Complying Development may not be carried out under the Greenfield Housing Code as the subject land falls within a Local Environmental Plan zone that does not meet the requirements of the code.
Housing Alterations Code	Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Alterations Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
General Development Code (Transitional development under former General Housing Code and related provisions)	Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the General Development Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
Industrial and Business Alterations Code	Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Industrial and Business Alterations Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
Industrial and Business Buildings Code	Complying Development may not be carried out under the Industrial and Business Buildings Code as the subject land falls within a Local Environmental Plan zone that does not meet the requirements of the code.
Container Recycling Facilities Code	Complying Development may not be carried out under the Container Recycling Facilities Code as the subject land falls within a Local Environmental Plan zone that does not meet the requirements of the code.



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Subdivisions Code	Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Subdivision Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
Demolition Code	Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Demolition Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
Fire Safety Code	Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Fire Safety Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code	Complying Development may not be carried out on the land under the Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code as the subject land falls within a Local Environmental Plan zone that does not meet the requirements of the code.

5. Exempt Development

- (1) If the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under *State Environmental Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1) (b1) -(d) or 1.16A.
- (2) If exempt development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.

Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 and Fisheries Management Act 1994	Exempt Development may not be carried out on land that is a declared area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 or declared critical habitat under Part 7A of the Fisheries Management Act 1994
Wilderness Act 1987	Exempt Development may not be carried out on land that is, or is part of, a wilderness area (within the meaning of Wilderness Act 1987)
Heritage Act 1977	Exempt Development may not be carried out on land that is, or on which there is, an item that is listed on the State Heritage Register under the Heritage Act 1977, or that is subject to an interim heritage order under that Act
Schedule 4 _ Land included from the General Exempt Development Code	Exempt Development may be carried out on land that is described or otherwise identified on a map specified in Schedule 4.



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Land within 18 kilometres of Siding Spring Observatory	Exempt Development may not be carried out on Land within 18 kilometres of Siding Spring Observatory
Schedule 11 _ Conditions applying to complying development certificates under the Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code	Exempt Development may not be carried out on the land under the Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code as the subject land falls within a Local Environmental Plan zone that does not meet the requirements of the code.

- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that-
 - (a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and
 - (b) the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.
- (4) If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

There are no variations to the exempt development codes within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 that apply in the Cessnock local government area.

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) Whether the Council is aware that –
 - (a) an affected building notice is in force in relation to the land, or
 - (b) a building product rectification order is in force in relation to the land that has not been fully complied with, or
 - (c) a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order given in relation to the land is outstanding.

- (2) In this section –

affected building notice has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*, Part 4.

building Product Rectification Order has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

There is not an affected building notice, as defined by the Building Product (Safety) Act 2017, in force in respect to the land.

There is not an outstanding building product rectification order, as defined by the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017, in force in respect to the land.

A notice of intent to make a building product rectification order, as defined by the Building Products(Safety) Act 2017, has not been served in respect to the land.

7. Land reserved for acquisition

Whether an environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in section 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by an authority of the State, as referred to in the Act, section 3.15.



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No

8. Road widening and road realignment

Whether the land is affected by road widening or road realignment under –

- (a) the *Roads Act 1993*, Part 3, Division 2, or
- (b) an environmental planning instrument, or
- (c) a resolution of the council.

The land is not affected by a road widening or road realignment proposal under:

- (a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*, or
- (b) any environmental planning instrument, or
- (c) any resolution of the council.

9. Flood related development controls

- (1) If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.

No

- (2) If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

No

- (3) In this section –

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Flood Risk Management Manual.

Flood Risk Management Manual means the Flood Risk Management Manual, ISBN 978-1-923076-17-4, published by the NSW Government in June 2023.

probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Flood Risk Management Manual.

Details relating to flood risk and flood planning levels are provided on a flood certificate and flood data application form. See Cessnock City Council's website [Flood Certificate and Flood Data Application Form](#)

Note: Flood Studies

- Cessnock Citywide Flood Study
- Branxton Flood Level Review WMA Water Final Report
- Floodplain Risk Management Study and Plan Report Cessnock City (Black Creek)
- Hunter River Branxton to Green Rocks Flood Study Final Report
- Wallis and Swamp Creek Flood Study Final Report Volume 1
- Wallis and Swamp Creek Flood Study Final Report Volume 2
- Wollombi Floodplain Risk Management Study & Plan
- Greta Flood Study
- Swamp/Fishery Creek Floodplain Risk Management Study - Final Report



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10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

(1) Whether any of the land is affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:

Landslip

No

Bushfire

No

Tidal Inundation

No

Subsidence

No

Acid Sulphate Soils

No

Contamination

Cessnock City Council _ Contaminated Land Policy _ Land Use Planning

Note: Council has adopted a policy for managing contaminated land. This may restrict development of identified contaminated or potentially contaminated land and is implemented when zoning, development or land use changes are proposed. Consideration of Council's adopted policy and section C5 of the Cessnock Development Control Plan along with the provisions of State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 is required when changes or development is proposed.

Aircraft Noise

No

Salinity

No

Coastal Hazards

No

Sea Level Rise

No

Any Other Risk (other than flooding)

Cessnock City Council _ Climate Change Policy _ Land Use Planning



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In this section – **adopted policy** means a policy adopted –

- (a) by the council, or
- (b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the council.

11. Bush fire prone land

- (1) If any of the land is bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3, a statement that all or some of the land is bush fire prone land.
- (2) If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

None of the land is bushfire prone land as defined in the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989* (Part 8, Division 1A), that are listed on the Register kept under that Division, a statement to that effect.

No

13. Mine subsidence

Whether the land is declared to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*.

No

14. Paper subdivision information

- (1) The name of a development plan adopted by a relevant authority that –
 - (a) applies to the land, or
 - (b) is proposed to be subject to a ballot.

There is no development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land of that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

- (2) The date of a subdivision order that applies to the land.

There is no subdivision order that applies to the land

- (3) Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in this Regulation, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

15. Property vegetation plans

If the land is land in relation to which a property vegetation plan is approved and in force under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*, Part 4, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act.



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The land is not land to which a property vegetation plan approved under Part 4 of the Native Vegetation Act 2003 (and that continues in force) applies, only insofar as the Council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under the Act.

16. Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, Part 5, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Biodiversity Conservation Trust.

Note—Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995, Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, Part 5. .

The land is not a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, but only insofar as the Council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Biodiversity Conservation Trust.

17. Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 8, a statement to that effect.

Note— Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, Part 7AA that is taken to be certified under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 8.

The land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

18. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land, but only if the council has been notified of the order.

No

19. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

(1) If the *Coastal Management Act 2016* applies to the council, whether the owner, or a previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works.

(2) In this section –

existing coastal protection works has the same meaning as in the Local Government Act 1993, section 553B.

Note – Existing coastal protection works are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land, such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment, that existed before 1 January 2011.



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No, the land is not subject to annual charges under the Local Government Act 1993, section 496B, for coastal protection services.

20. Western Sydney Aerotropolis

Whether under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021*, Chapter 4 the land is—

- (a) in an ANEF or ANEC contour of 20 or greater, as referred to in that Chapter, section 4.17, or
- (b) shown on the Lighting Intensity and Wind Shear Map, or
- (c) shown on the Obstacle Limitation Surface Map, or
- (d) in the “public safety area” on the Public Safety Area Map, or
- (e) in the “3 kilometre wildlife buffer zone” or the “13 kilometre wildlife buffer zone” on the Wildlife Buffer Zone Map.

The *State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021* does not apply to land within the Cessnock local government area.

21. Development consent conditions for seniors housing

If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of the kind set out in that Policy, section 88(2).

No

22. Site compatibility certificates and development consent conditions for affordable rental housing

- (1) Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate –
 - (a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
 - (b) that a copy may be obtained from the Department.

There is not a valid current or former site compatibility verification certificate for affordable rental housing on the land.

- (2) If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, clause 21(1) or 40(1).

No, Council is not aware of a condition of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, Clause 17(1) or 38(1).

Note: Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1).



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In this section, former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*.

- (3) Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

No

- (4) In this section –

former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*.

23. Water or sewerage services

If water or sewerage services are, or are to be, provided to the land under the *Water Industry Competition Act 2006*, a statement to that effect.

Note: A public water utility may not be the provider of some or all of the services to the land. If a water or sewerage service is provided to the land by a licensee under the *Water Industry Competition Act 2006*, a contract for the service will be deemed to have been entered into between the licensee and the owner of the land. A register relating to approvals and licences necessary for the provision of water or sewerage services under the *Water Industry Competition Act 2006* is maintained by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal and provides information about the areas serviced, or to be serviced, under that Act. Purchasers should check the register to understand who will service the property. Outstanding charges for water or sewerage services provided under the *Water Industry Competition Act 2006* become the responsibility of the purchaser.

No

24. Special entertainment precincts

Whether the land or part of the land is in a special entertainment precinct within the meaning of the Local Government Act 1993, section 202B.

No

25. Interim development in future infrastructure corridors

If State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021, section 4.7A applies to the land, a condition of a development consent granted in relation to the land that is a condition of the concurrence granted by Transport for NSW under that section.

No



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For further information, please contact Council's Assistant Strategic Planner on 02 4993 4100.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Peter Chrystal".

Peter Chrystal
Director Planning and Environment



HUNTER WATER CORPORATION

A.B.N. 46 228 513 446

SERVICE LOCATION PLAN

Enquiries: 1300 657 657

APPLICANT'S DETAILS



InfoTrack

N/A

N/A

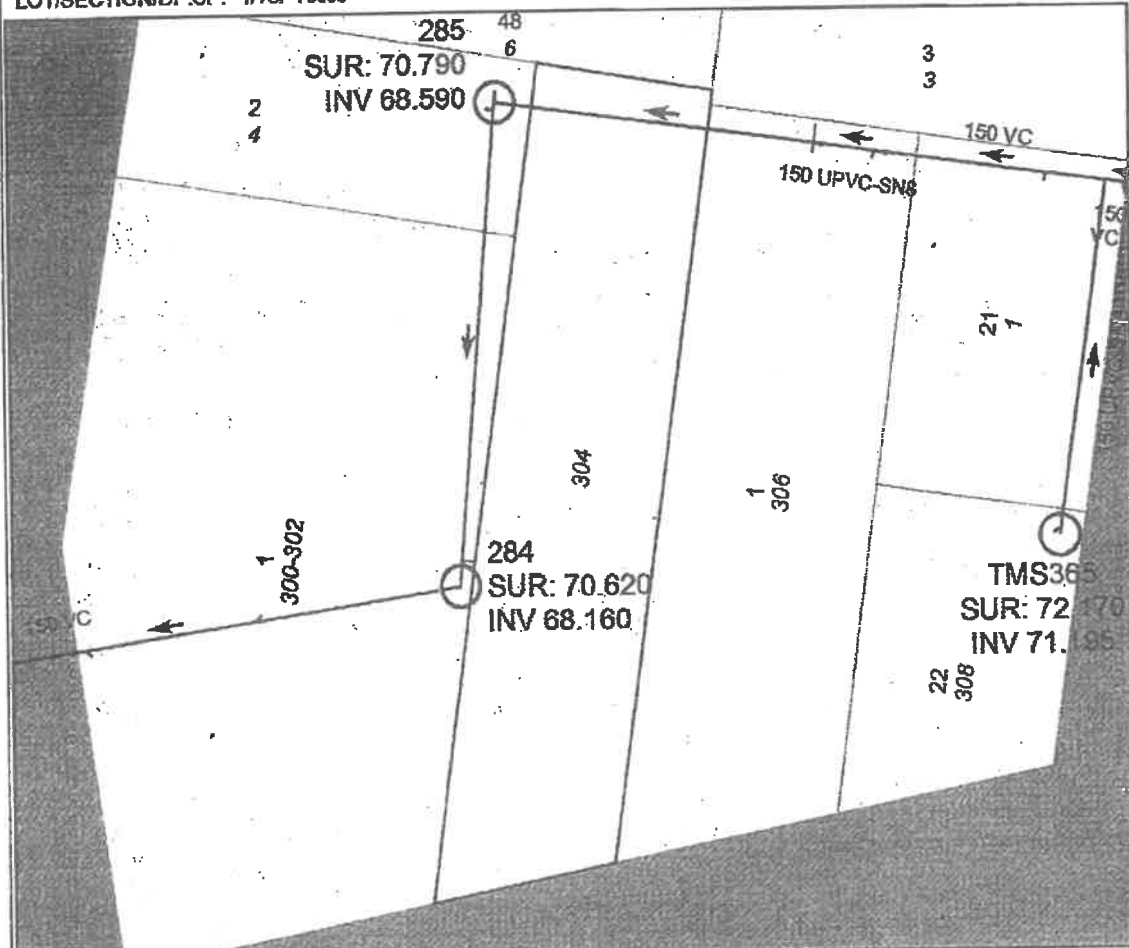
APPLICATION NO.: 4197623217

APPLICANT REF: M 17092

RATEABLE PREMISE NO.: 8129020219

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 304 MATTLAND RD CESSNOCK 2325

LOT/SECTION/DP:SP: 1/1/SP 73858



SEWER POSITION APPROXIMATE ONLY.
SUBJECT PROPERTY BOLD.
ALL MEASUREMENTS ARE METRIC.

IF A SEWERMAIN IS LAID WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT, SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE SEWERMAIN APPLY IF DEVELOPMENT IS UNDERTAKEN. IN THESE CASES, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU SEEK ADVICE ON THE SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO PURCHASE. PHONE 1300 657 657, FOR MORE INFORMATION.

IMPORTANT:
IF THIS PLAN INDICATES A SEWER CONNECTION IS AVAILABLE OR PROPOSED FOR THE SUBJECT PROPERTY, IT IS THE INTENDING OWNERS RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE WHETHER IT IS PRACTICABLE TO DISCHARGE WASTEWATER FROM ALL PARTS OF THE PROPERTY TO THAT CONNECTION.

ANY INFORMATION ON THIS PLAN MAY NOT BE UP TO DATE AND THE CORPORATION ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS ACCURACY.

Date: 16/10/2017

Scale at A4: 1:500

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UTILITY DATA
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