

9/2 Dotterel Place

Ingleburn NSW 2565

Draft Contract

McGrath

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2018 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW Duty:
vendor's agent	McGrath Real Estate Liverpool 265B Macquarie Street, Liverpool, NSW 2170	Phone: 02 9824 1100 Fax: 02 9824 1120 Ref: Glen Craigie
co-agent		
vendor	Silvana Williams 118 Prarie Vale Road, Bossley Park, NSW 2176	
vendor's solicitor	Coutts Solicitors & Conveyancers inc Coutts Mallik Rees Shop 5, 338 Camden Valley Way, NARELLAN NSW 2567 DX 25815 CAMDEN	Phone: 02 4647 7577 Fax: (02) 4647 7447 Ref: MC:GM:20191934 E:melina@couttslegal.com.au
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42nd day after the contract date (clause 15) 9/2 Dotterel Place, Ingleburn, New South Wales 2565 Registered Plan: Lot 9 Plan SP 9495 Folio Identifier 9/SP9495	

improvements VACANT POSSESSION subject to existing tenancies
 HOUSE garage carport home unit carspace storage space
 none other: Villa

attached copies documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered:
 other documents:

A real estate agent is permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions blinds dishwasher light fittings stove
 built-in wardrobes fixed floor coverings range hood pool equipment
 clothes line insect screens solar panels TV antenna
 curtains other: Air Conditioning

exclusions

purchaser

purchaser's solicitor

price \$ _____
 deposit \$ _____ (10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
 balance \$ _____

contract date _____ (if not stated, the date this contract was made)

buyer's agent

vendor

GST AMOUNT (optional)

The price includes
 GST of: \$ _____

witness

purchaser JOINT TENANTS tenants in common in unequal shares

witness

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond** (clause 3) NO yes
 Proposed **electronic transaction** (clause 30) no YES

Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)

Land tax is adjustable NO yes
 GST: Taxable supply NO yes in full yes to an extent
 Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply NO yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make an *RW payment* (residential withholding payment) NO yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)

If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice within 14 days of the contract date.

RW payment (residential withholding payment) – further details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the vendor is part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's email address:

Supplier's phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *RW payment*: \$

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *RW rate* (residential withholding rate): \$

Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? NO yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 property certificate for the land	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 32 property certificate for strata common property
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 plan of the land	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 33 plan creating strata common property
<input type="checkbox"/> 3 unregistered plan of the land	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 34 strata by-laws
<input type="checkbox"/> 4 plan of land to be subdivided	<input type="checkbox"/> 35 strata development contract or statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	<input type="checkbox"/> 36 strata management statement
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979	<input type="checkbox"/> 37 strata renewal proposal
<input type="checkbox"/> 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 38 strata renewal plan
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)	<input type="checkbox"/> 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)	<input type="checkbox"/> 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property
<input type="checkbox"/> 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract	<input type="checkbox"/> 41 plan creating neighbourhood property
<input type="checkbox"/> 11 <i>planning agreement</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 42 neighbourhood development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	<input type="checkbox"/> 43 neighbourhood management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 13 survey report	<input type="checkbox"/> 44 property certificate for precinct property
<input type="checkbox"/> 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 45 plan creating precinct property
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)	<input type="checkbox"/> 46 precinct development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 16 other document relevant to tenancies	<input type="checkbox"/> 47 precinct management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 17 licence benefiting the land	<input type="checkbox"/> 48 property certificate for community property
<input type="checkbox"/> 18 old system document	<input type="checkbox"/> 49 plan creating community property
<input type="checkbox"/> 19 Crown purchase statement of account	<input type="checkbox"/> 50 community development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 20 building management statement	<input type="checkbox"/> 51 community management statement
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 21 form of requisitions	<input type="checkbox"/> 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws
<input type="checkbox"/> 22 <i>clearance certificate</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 23 land tax certificate	<input type="checkbox"/> 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries
Home Building Act 1989	<input type="checkbox"/> 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
<input type="checkbox"/> 24 insurance certificate	<input type="checkbox"/> 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989
<input type="checkbox"/> 25 brochure or warning	<input type="checkbox"/> 57 document relevant to off-the-plan sale
<input type="checkbox"/> 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover	Other
Swimming Pools Act 1992	<input type="checkbox"/> 58
<input type="checkbox"/> 27 certificate of compliance	
<input type="checkbox"/> 28 evidence of registration	
<input type="checkbox"/> 29 relevant occupation certificate	
<input type="checkbox"/> 30 certificate of non-compliance	
<input type="checkbox"/> 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance	

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Starr Partners Strata

1/181-183 Merrylands Road, Merrylands, NSW 2160

Phone: 02 9354 5600

strata@starrstrata.net.au

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
2. The purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 p.m. on the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made, EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3.
3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

Australian Taxation Office	NSW Fair Trading
Council	NSW Public Works Advisory
County Council	Office of Environment and Heritage
Department of Planning and Environment	Owner of adjoining land
Department of Primary Industries	Privacy
East Australian Pipeline Limited	Roads and Maritime Services
Electricity and gas	Subsidence Advisory NSW
Land & Housing Corporation	Telecommunications
Local Land Services	Transport for NSW
NSW Department of Education	Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. The purchaser will usually have to pay stamp duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount each approved by the vendor;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>remittance amount</i>	the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served by a party</i> ;
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>RW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>RW rate</i>);
<i>RW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018) usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 th if not);
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , some other <i>cheque</i> ;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> <i>solicitor</i> or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served by the party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 18B of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.

- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.
- 3 Deposit-bond**
- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no *solicitor* the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
- 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
- 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 4 Transfer**
- 4.1 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* at least 14 days before the date for completion –
- 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
- 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.
- 5 Requisitions**
- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *servicing* it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
- 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
- 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.
- 6 Error or misdescription**
- 6.1 The purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

The purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *-serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –

7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;

7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and

7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and

7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –

7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;

7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;

7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);

7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;

7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and

7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –

8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;

8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and

8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.

8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *-serving* a notice. After the *termination* –

8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;

8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and

8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *-serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);

9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –

9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or

9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and

9.3 sue the purchaser either –

9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –

- the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and

- the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or

9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –

10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;

10.1.2 a *service* for the *property* being a joint *service* or passing through another *property*, or any *service* for another *property* passing through the *property* ('*service*' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water *service*);

10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;

10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;

- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).
- 11 Compliance with work orders**
- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.
- 12 Certificates and inspections**
- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
- 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
- 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.
- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)**
- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
- 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
- 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
- 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
- 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
- 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
- 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and

- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –
- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make an *RW payment* the purchaser must –
- 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of an *RW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *RW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 13.13.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 13.13.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *RW payment*.
- 14 Adjustments**
- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.
- 15 Date for completion**
- The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion**• Vendor**

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgement fee to the purchaser, plus another 20% of that fee.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, on completion the vendor must give the purchaser a land tax certificate showing the charge is no longer effective against the land.

• Purchaser

- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* –
- 16.7.1 the price less any:
- deposit paid;
 - *remittance amount* payable;
 - *RW payment*; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract, and
- 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.
- Place for completion**
- 16.11 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 16.11.3 in any other case - the vendor's *sole trader's* address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Part 2, 3, 4 or 5 Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
- 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
- 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
- 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and

18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.

18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.

18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –

19.1.1 only by *servicing* a notice before completion; and

19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.

19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –

19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;

19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;

19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and

19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.

20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.

20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.

20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.

20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.

20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –

20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);

20.6.2 served if it is served by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;

20.6.3 served if it is served on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;

20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;

20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;

20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and

20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.

20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –

20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or

20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.

20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.

20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.

20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.

20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.

20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.

20.13 Neither taking possession nor *servicing* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 3) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.

20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.

21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.

21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.

21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.

21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.

21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.

22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
- 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- **Adjustments and liability for expenses**
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.4 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme –
- a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme substantially disadvantages the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or

23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give a strata renewal plan to the owners in the scheme for their consideration and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• **Notices, certificates and inspections**

23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.

23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.

23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.

23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.

23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.

23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.

23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

• **Meetings of the owners corporation**

23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –

23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and

23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current to the *adjustment date* –

24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and

24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.

24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.

24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –

24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;

24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and

24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –

- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
- such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
- a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
- the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –

24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –

- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
- any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
- any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;

24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;

24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –

- a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
- any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
- a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
- a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
- any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;

24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –
- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.
- ## 26 Crown purchase money
- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.
- ## 27 Consent to transfer
- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7 days* after *service* of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind* *within 7 days* after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
- 27.6.1 *within 42 days* after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
- 27.6.2 *within 30 days* after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
- 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
- 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
- 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
- 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 if anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind* *within* 7 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind* *within* 7 days after the end of that time;
- 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind* *within* 7 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the refusal; and
- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
- either *party* *serving* notice of the event happening;
 - every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if –
- 30.1.1 this contract says that it is a proposed *electronic transaction*;
- 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; or
- 30.1.3 the *conveyancing rules* require it to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
- 30.2.2 if, at any time after it has been agreed that it will be conducted as an *electronic transaction*, a *party* *serves* a notice that it will not be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.3.1 each *party* must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;
- incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.

- 30.4 If this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.4.1 to the extent, but only to the extent, that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
- 30.4.2 *normally*, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgement Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
- 30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*;
- 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
- 30.4.5 any communication from one *party* to another *party* in the *Electronic Workspace* made –
- after the *effective date*; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;
- is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*; and
- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is served as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to serve it.
- 30.5 *Normally*, the vendor must *within 7 days of the effective date* –
- 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.5.2 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*, the date for completion and, if applicable, *mortgagee details*; and
- 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must –
- 30.6.1 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*;
- 30.6.2 create and populate an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.6.3 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with the date for completion and a nominated *completion time*; and
- 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.7 *Normally*, *within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must –
- 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.7.2 create and populate an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.7.3 invite any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 30.7.4 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within 7 days of being invited to the Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.8.2 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with *mortgagee details*, if applicable; and
- 30.8.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least *2 business days* before the date for completion; and
- 30.9.2 the vendor must populate the *Electronic Workspace* with payment details at least *1 business day* before the date for completion.
- 30.10 At least *1 business day* before the date for completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 30.10.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are populated and *Digitally Signed*;
- 30.10.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
- 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
- 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the *Electronic Workspace* allows the *parties* to choose whether financial settlement is to occur despite the computer systems of the *Land Registry* being inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties* –
- 30.13.1 *normally*, the *parties* must choose that financial settlement not occur; however

- 30.13.2 if both *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite such failure and financial settlement occurs –
- all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgement Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
 - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 30.14 A *party* who holds a *certificate of title* must act in accordance with any *Prescribed Requirement* in relation to the *certificate of title* but if there is no *Prescribed Requirement*, the vendor must *serve* the *certificate of title* after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
- 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean –
- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <i>adjustment figures</i> | details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; |
| <i>certificate of title</i> | the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate; |
| <i>completion time</i> | the time of day on the date for completion when the <i>electronic transaction</i> is to be settled; |
| <i>conveyancing rules</i> | the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900; |
| <i>discharging mortgagee</i> | any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser; |
| <i>ECNL</i> | the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW); |
| <i>effective date</i> | the date on which the <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> is agreed to be an <i>electronic transaction</i> under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date; |
| <i>electronic document</i> | a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; |
| <i>electronic transfer</i> | a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties' Conveyancing Transaction</i> ; |
| <i>electronic transaction</i> | a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ; |
| <i>electronically tradeable</i> | a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the <i>conveyancing rules</i> ; |
| <i>incoming mortgagee</i> | any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; |
| <i>mortgagee details</i> | the details which a <i>party</i> to the <i>electronic transaction</i> must provide about any <i>discharging mortgagee</i> of the <i>property</i> as at completion; |
| <i>participation rules</i> | the participation rules as determined by the <i>ENCL</i> ; |
| <i>populate</i> | to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; and |
| <i>title data</i> | the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> . |

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must –
- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *remittance amount* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and

- 31.2.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *remittance amount*.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

9/2 Dotterel Place INGLEBURN NSW 2565

CONDITIONS OF SALE BY AUCTION

If the Property is or is intended to be sold at auction:

Bidders Record means the Bidders Record to be kept pursuant to Clause 18 of the *Property, Stock and business Agents Regulation 2003* and Section 68 of the *Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002*.

- (1) The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to an in respect of the sale by auction of land:
 - a. The principal's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences.
 - b. A bid for the seller cannot be made unless the auctioneer has, before the commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of bids that may be made by or on behalf of the seller.
 - c. The highest bidder is the Purchaser, subject to the any reserve price.
 - d. In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final.
 - e. The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bid that in the auctioneer's opinion is not in the best interest of the seller.
 - f. A bidder is taken to be a principal unless before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person.
 - g. A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer.
 - h. As soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer the Purchaser is to sign the agreement (if any) for sale.

- (2) The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclause (1), are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of residential property or rural land:
 - a. All bidders must be registered in the Bidders Record and display an identifying number when making a bid.
 - b. One bid only may be made by or on behalf of the seller. This includes a bid made by the auctioneer on behalf of the seller.
 - c. When making a bid on behalf of the seller or accepting a bid made by or on behalf of the seller, the auctioneer must clearly state that the bid was made by or on behalf of the seller or auctioneer.

ADDITIONAL CLAUSES FORMING PART OF THIS CONTRACT

The terms of the printed Contract to which these additional clauses are annexed will be read subject to the following. If there is a conflict between the additional clauses and the printed Contract, then these additional clauses will prevail. The parties agree that should any provision be held to be contrary to law, void or unenforceable, then such provisions will be severed from this Contract and such remaining provisions will remain in full force and effect.

32. ALTERATIONS TO PRINTED FORM

- 32.1 Definitions – *settlement cheque* is amended to read as “bank cheque”
- 32.2 Clause 2.4 is amended by inserting the words “or Electronic Funds Transfer” after the word “cheque”
- 32.3 Clauses 5.2.1 and 5.2.3 are deleted.
- 32.4 Clause 7.1.1 is amended by deleting the words ‘5% of the price’ and inserting ‘\$1’ in their place.
- 32.5 Clauses 7.1.3 and 8.1.3 the number 14 is to be replaced with the number 7.
- 32.6 Clause 7.2.2 is deleted;
- 32.7 Clause 8.1.1 is amended by deleting the words “on reasonable grounds”
- 32.8 Clause 10.1.9 is amended by deleting the word “substance” and replace with the word “existence”.
- 32.9 Clause 11.2 is deleted.
- 32.10 Clause 13.13.1 is amended by replacing ‘ 5 days’ with ‘14 days’ and add new clause “13.13.5 If the RW Payment Notification is not provided to the Vendor's office 14 days prior to settlement then the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor the sum of \$77.00 to cover legal costs and expenses incurred as a consequence of the Purchaser's delay.”
- 32.11 Clause 14.4.2 is amended by deleting the words “the person who owned land owned no other land”.
- 32.12 Clause 15 is amended by inserting the words ‘However, this clause does not apply in the event that the vendor has not provided the *clearance certificate* under clause 31, and the completion date will be the later of the completion date and 7 days after the date that the *clearance certificate* is served.’
- 32.13 Clause 16 is amended by adding 16.6.1 “If a party serves a Land Tax certificate that is not clear, the Vendor does not have to clear the Land Tax on or before settlement but must have the Land Tax cleared within a reasonable time after settlement”.
- 32.14 Clause 16.5 is amended by deleting the words “plus another 20% of that fee”
- 32.15 Clause 16.8 is amended by deleting “\$10” and replacing it with “\$5”.
- 32.16 Clauses 23.6, 23.7 and 23.9 are deleted.
- 32.17 Clause 23.13 is deleted.
- 32.18 Clause 23.14 is deleted.
- 32.19 Clause 24.3.3 is deleted.
- 32.20 Clause 25 is deleted.
- 32.21 Clause 28 is deleted.
- 32.22 Clause 29 is deleted.
- 32.23 Clause 30.3.1 is amended by replacing the words “each party must bear equally any disbursements and fees and otherwise bear that party's own costs” with “the purchaser will pay to the Vendor the amount of \$220 for the Vendor's legal fees and disbursements as a genuine pre-estimate of those additional expenses, to be allowed an additional adjustment on completion;”
- 32.24 Clause 31.4 is deleted.

33 REAL ESTATE AGENT

The Purchaser was not introduced to the Property or the Vendor by any real estate agent or other person entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale (other than the Vendor's agent or co-agent, if any, specified in this contract). The Purchaser will indemnify the Vendor against any claim for commission by any real estate agent or other person arising out of an introduction of the Purchaser and against all claims and expenses for the defence and determination of such a claim made against the Vendor. The right continues after completion.

34 NOTICE TO COMPLETE

- 34.1 If either party is unable or unwilling to complete the contract by the date specified, then the other party shall be entitled at any time on or after the completion date to serve a Notice to Complete making time of the essence of the agreement. Such Notice shall give not less than fourteen (14) days notice after the day immediately following the day on which that Notice is received by the recipient of the notice. The notice may nominate a specific hour on the last day as the time for completion. A notice to complete of such duration is considered by the parties to be reasonable and sufficient to render the time for completion essential. The party issuing the Notice to Complete shall be at liberty to withdraw that Notice without prejudice to that party's continuing right to give any further Notice to Complete under clause 15.
- 34.2 Further, if it becomes necessary for the Vendor to issue a Notice to Complete pursuant to this clause, then the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor the sum of \$220.00 to cover legal costs and expenses incurred as a consequence of the Purchaser's delay, as a genuine pre-estimate of those additional expenses, to be allowed an additional adjustment on completion.

35 SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS

- 35.1 In addition to the provisions of Clause 20 of this Contract, the parties hereby agree that service of any document or Notice to Complete is considered effected on the party receiving the document or Notice to Complete and that party's legal representative if:
- 35.1.1 the document or Notice to Complete is sent via email to the legal representative or the office of the party receiving the document or Notice to Complete; or
- 35.1.2 the document or Notice to Complete is sent via facsimile transmission to the facsimile number noted on the front page of this Contract or as noted on the legal representative letter head.
- 35.2 The parties hereby agree that service of any document or Notice to Complete shall be deemed to be duly given or made if the provisions of the above clause 35.1 are met. In the event that the time of dispatch is not before 5:00pm (AEDT), the parties agree that service is considered to have occurred the next business day.

36 LATE COMPLETION

If the Purchaser fails to complete this purchase by the completion date, without default by the Vendor, then the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor on completion, in addition to the balance purchase money, an amount calculated as ten per cent 10% p.a interest on the balance of purchase monies, computed at a daily rate from the day

immediately after the completion date to the day on which this sale shall be completed. It is agreed that this amount is a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings.

37 CONDITION OF PROPERTY

- 37.1 The Purchaser accepts the Property in its present condition and state of repair with all faults latent and patent subject to fair wear and tear as provided in clause 10.1.4 and the Purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in this regard.
- 37.2 The Purchaser accepts the inclusions specified in this Contract in their present state and condition, subject to fair wear and tear and the Vendor is not responsible for any loss, mechanical breakdown or reasonable wear and tear occurring after the Contract date.

38 ENTIRE AGREEMENT

The Purchaser acknowledges that this Contract constitutes the whole agreement between the parties and the Purchaser does not rely upon any warranty, statement or representation made or given by or on behalf of the Vendor except as expressly provided within this Contract. The Purchaser further acknowledges that the property has been inspected by the Purchaser and warrants that they have made their own enquiries, investigations and inspections prior to entering into this Contract and further warrants that they are satisfied with the results of those enquiries, investigations and inspections. The Purchaser will not be entitled to make any objection, raise any requisition, claim for compensation, rescind this Contract or attempt to delay completion in respect of any matter referred to in this special condition.

39 CAPACITY

- 39.1 Without in any way limiting, negating or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to either party at law or in equity had this clause not been included, if either party (and if more than one person comprises that first party then any one of them) prior to completion:

(a) being an individual, dies or becomes mentally ill, then the other party may rescind this contract by written notice to the first party's solicitor and thereupon this contract will be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 apply; or

(b) being a company, has a summons or application for its winding up presented or has a liquidator, receiver or voluntary administrator of it appointed, or enter into any deed of company arrangement or scheme of arrangement with its creditors, then the first party will be in default under this contract.

- 39.2 The Purchaser warrants that the Purchaser has the legal capacity to enter into this contract.

40 TRANSFER

- 40.1 Sufficient particulars of title for the preparation of the Transfer are contained in this contract and the Purchasers shall not require the Vendors to provide any further Statement of Title.

- (a) The Transfer document must be provided to our office 14 days prior to settlement. If the Transfer is not provided to our office 14 days prior to settlement then the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor the sum of \$77.00 to cover legal costs and expenses incurred as a consequence of the Purchaser's delay.

41 RESIDENTIAL WITHHOLDING PAYMENT

41.1 This special condition applies if 14-E of Schedule 1 of the Taxation Administration Act 1953 (**The Tax Act**) applies to the sale of the Property.

- (a) If this clause applies, the Vendor is deemed to satisfy its requirements under The Tax Act by notice under this Contract, and the Purchaser agrees to comply with their obligations under the Residential Withholding payment scheme under The Tax Act and provided the Purchaser complies with its obligations under this Contract, the parties agree to adjust the balance of the Purchase Price on Completion to all for the Residential Withholding Payment.
- (b) The Purchaser warrants that it will comply with its obligations under The Tax Act and produce on Completion either:
 - (a) Written evidence that the Residential Withholding Payment has been paid to the Australian Taxation Office in relation to the Property; or
 - (b) A bank cheque payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation for the Residential Withholding Payment,
- (c) If the Purchaser provides payment in accordance with clause 41.3 (b), the Purchaser warrants to provide the bank cheque to the Australian Taxation Office as soon as practicable after Completion and within the time provided under The Tax Act.
- (d) If the Purchaser does not comply with this special condition 41, then the Vendor may delay Completion and charge interest in accordance with this Contract, until such time the Purchaser has complied with its obligations under this clause.
- (e) In the event the Purchaser does not pay the Residential Withholding Payment to the Australian Taxation Office or does not produce a bank cheque at completion in accordance with this clause, the Vendor retains the right to payment of the full consideration payable under this Contract. This clause does not merge on completion.
- (f) The Purchaser indemnifies the Vendor from any interest, penalty and or legal and or accounting costs that may be incurred by the Vendor due to the Purchasers failure to comply with this clause or their requirements under the Tax Act, and includes but is not limited to non payment or delay in payment following Completion, even if such delay is incurred due to a third party. This clause will not merge on completion.
- (g) The Purchaser may not make any claim, requisition or delay Completion on account of any item arising out of this clause.

42 DEPOSIT

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, if a cooling off period applies, then the deposit may be paid by 2 instalments as follows:
- (i) an amount equivalent to 0.25% of the price – on or before the making of this contract;
 - (ii) the balance of the deposit – no later than 5.00pm on the 5th business day after the date of this contract.
- (b) The parties agree that, in the event that the Purchaser requests to use a Deposit Bond and the Vendor accepts the use of a Deposit Bond, a deposit bond Guarantee is to be used as a form of deposit the following terms are applicable:
- (i) In this contract "Bond" means a deposit bond provided by any institution agreed to by the Vendor and issued to the Vendor at the request of the Purchaser in an amount and form approved by the Vendor.
 - (ii) The bond will be equivalent to the amount of the full 10% deposit.
 - (iii) The bond will be dealt with as if it were a cash deposit under the contract, and the Vendor is entitled to immediately draw upon the Guarantee in any circumstances where the Vendor is entitled to the deposit.
 - (iv) at settlement, the Purchaser must pay to the Vendor in addition to all other monies payable under this contract, the full purchase price (less any deposit held by the agent) and the Vendor will return the original Guarantee to the Purchaser.
- (c) In the event that the Purchaser should pay a deposit less than ten per cent (10%) of the purchase price, then the deposit is to be paid in two instalments as follows:
- (i) the first part of the deposit on signing of this Contract or at the expiry of the cooling off period (whichever applies); and
 - (ii) the second part of the said ten per cent (10%) of the purchase price shall be paid on the completion or immediately on a default by the Purchaser observing any terms and condition of the Contract. On default by the Purchaser, the balance of the deposit shall immediately become payable to the Vendor and shall be payable notwithstanding that this contract may be terminated as a consequence of the Purchaser's default.

43 RELEASE OF DEPOSIT

Notwithstanding anything else herein contained the deposit or any part of the deposit as the Vendor may require to be released for the purpose of a deposit, stamp duty and balance purchase monies on the purchase of Real Estate, providing that such deposit is held within a Trust Account of a Solicitor or Real Estate Agent or for the discharge of any mortgage or caveat encumbering the subject land, or as the Vendor

may direct. The execution of this agreement shall be full and irrevocable authority to the stakeholder named herein to release such deposit.

44 WARRANTY BY PURCHASER

The Purchaser warrants:

- a. that prior to the later of exchange of contracts, or expiration of the cooling off period, the Purchaser has obtained an approval of Credit in an amount and on reasonable terms to enable the Purchaser to pay for the Property and to complete this contract; OR
- b. that the Purchaser does not require any Credit or Loan to pay for the Property and complete this Contract.

45 CANCELLATION AND/OR RESCHEDULING OF SETTLEMENT

Should an arranged settlement not take place at the date and time scheduled between the parties and not take place at a further agreed time on that same day and it is not due to the fault of the Vendor or their representatives then the Purchaser shall make an allowance of \$150.00 payable on settlement for each cancelled settlement representing the reasonable costs of the Vendor in cancelling and rebooking settlement.

46 REASONABLE NOTICE

Should a previously arranged settlement not take place at the agreed date and time or at the further agreed time on that same day and it is not due to the fault of the Vendor or their representatives then reasonable notice is deemed to be a minimum of 48 hours to rebook settlement or as per the requirements of the discharging mortgagee. Further, special condition 34 will apply.

47 SETTLEMENT LOCATION

Settlement of this matter will take place wherever the Vendor's Mortgagee directs. If the Property is not mortgaged, or the discharge of mortgage is already held by Coutts Solicitors and Conveyancers, then settlement will be effected at the office of Coutts Solicitors and Conveyancers. However, should the Purchaser not be in a position to settle at the office of Coutts Solicitors and Conveyancers, then settlement may be effected in the Sydney CBD at a place nominated by the Purchaser, so long as the Vendor's Licensed Conveyancer's Sydney Settlement Agents fee is paid by the Purchaser.

48 GUARANTEE FOR CORPORATE PURCHASER

In consideration the the vendor contracting with the corporate purchaser,
[] (the guarantors), as is evidenced by the guarantors execution hereof, guarantee the performance by the purchaser of all of the purchaser's obligations under the contract and indemnify the vendor against any cost or loss whatsoever arising as a result of the default by the purchaser in performing its obligations under this contract for whatever reason. The vendor may seek to recover any loss from the guarantor before seeking recovery from the purchaser and any settlement or compromise with the purchaser will not release the guarantor from the obligation to pay any balance that may be owing to the vendor. This guarantee is binding on the guarantors, their executors, administrators

and assigns and the benefit of the guarantee is available to any assignee of the benefit of this contract by the vendor.

SIGNED by)
the guarantors in the presence of:)

Signature

Signature of Witness

Print Name of Witness

49. CHRISTMAS PERIOD

Should any event, condition, notice or due date in relation to this Contract become due to occur during the period of 20 December 2019 to 06 January 2020, then the parties agree that the event, condition, notice or due date shall be deemed to be due to occur on 10 January 2020.

From *Purchasers Solicitor*

To *Vendors Solicitor*

Date:.....

REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

2008 EDITION

RE:..... Purchase From

Property

In these Requisitions:-

- (a) the terms "Vendor" and "Purchaser" should be read as expressing the appropriate number and gender including neuter gender.
- (b) "the Act" means the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996.
- (c) "amending Act" means the Strata Schemes Management Amendment Act 2004.
- (d) "common property" and "Lot" have the meanings ascribed to them by Section 5(1) of the Strata Titles (Freehold Developments) Act 1973.
- (e) "parcel" means land, improvements and fixtures.
- (f) "land" means the land only.
- (g) "improvements" means improvements and fixtures.
- (h) "clause" and "clauses" mean a clause or clauses in the 2005 Edition of the Contract for Sale of Land.

	REQUISITIONS	RESPONSE
1.	The Vendor must comply on completion with Clauses 15, 16.1, 16.3, 16.5, 16.12 and 17.1.	
2.	The Vendor must comply before completion with any work order in accordance with Clauses 11.1 and 14.8.	
3.	The Vendor must comply with Clauses 23.11, 23.13 and 23.18.1.	
4.	Is there any pending litigation against the Vendor and/or in respect of the land or common property or lot? If so, please give full details.	
5.	Has the Vendor been served with any notice, order or claim arising from any of the following statutes:- (a) Family Provision Act 1982 (NSW Statute)? (b) Property (Relationships) Act 1984 (NSW Statute)? (c) Family Law Act 1975 (Commonwealth Statute)? If so, please advise full details.	
6.	If the Vendor has any liability in respect of fixtures and/or inclusions within the lot under any credit contract, hire-purchase agreement, security instrument in goods, leasing agreement, lien, charge or otherwise encumbered, the Vendor must satisfy any such liability on or before completion.	
7.	The Vendor must ensure all mortgages, writs and caveats are removed from the subject title prior to completion or in the alternative the appropriate registrable arms to remove them, properly executed, must be tendered at completion.	
8.	If the Vendor is a company, are any of its officers aware of:- (a) a resolution having been passed to wind up the company? (b) a summons having been filed to wind up the company? (c) the appointment of a receiver over the company's assets and property? (d) an application having been made to the Australian Securities and Investments Commission under Section 573 of the Corporations Act 2001 to cancel the registration of the company? (e) any statutory demand having been served on the company pursuant to Section 459E(2) of the Corporations Act 2001? (f) the appointment of a voluntary administrator under Part 5.3A of the Corporations Act 2001?	

REQUISITIONS	RESPONSE
<p>9. If the sale of the property is subject to an existing tenancy:-</p> <p>(a) (If not already supplied) The Vendor should provide the Purchaser with a copy of the lease and advise the current rent and outgoings and the date to which they have been paid.</p> <p>(b) Has there been any breach of the lease in which case such breach must be remedied before completion.</p> <p>(c) Rent and outgoings should be apportioned in accordance with Clauses 14.1 and 14.2.</p> <p>(d) The lease (stamped) and, if necessary, registered should be handed over to the Purchaser on completion.</p> <p>(e) (If applicable) The Vendor must obtain the consent in writing of the mortgagee to the transfer of the lease to the Purchaser on and from completion.</p> <p>(f) The Vendor must comply with Clauses 24.3.2, 24.4.1, 24.4.3 and 24.4.4 on or before completion.</p>	
<p>10. If the lot is sold "off-the-plan":-</p> <p>(a) The Vendor must provide the Purchaser before completion with:-</p> <p>(i) an Occupation Certificate (or a copy) issued as required by Section 109M(1) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.</p> <p>(ii) a Certificate of Insurance (or a copy) as required by Section 92 of the Home Building Act 1989 at least 14 business days before completion.</p> <p>(iii) a Building Certificate (or a copy) in accordance with Section 149D of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.</p> <p>(iv) evidence that a final Fire Safety Certificate has been issued for the building.</p> <p>(b) Has the Vendor complied fully with the local Council's Conditions of Development Consent in respect of the Strata Scheme Subdivision which created the Lot? If not, the Vendor should do so before completion or else provide the Purchaser with an Undertaking signed by the Vendor (or in the case of a company, signed by the Directors of that company under its common seal) to fully comply with such conditions within such period as the local Council specified.</p> <p>(c) Has the Builder complied with the sound insulation provisions contained in the Building Code of Australia which came into effect on 1 May 2004?</p> <p>(d) Has the owners corporation complied with its obligations relating to its sinking fund which were imposed on it by the amending Act?</p> <p>(e) The Vendor must comply with Clause 28 before completion.</p>	
<p>11. If the Vendor is an executor and/or trustee:-</p> <p>(a) The Vendor should be present at settlement to receive the amount payable to him and to give a trustee's receipt.</p> <p>(b) Alternatively, do you require payment of the amount payable to the Vendor to be made into an Estate bank account?</p> <p>(c) Alternatively, do you rely on Section 53 of the Trustee Act 1925? If so, please produce your written authority before settlement.</p> <p>(d) If applicable, Section 66B of the Conveyancing Act 1919 should be complied with.</p>	
<p>12. If the Transfer will be signed under Power of Attorney:-</p> <p>(a) Please produce before completion a copy of the registered Power of Attorney, and</p> <p>(b) Please provide written evidence of its non-revocation.</p>	
<p>13. Is the parcel situated within an aircraft flight path? If so, on what basis and what curfew applies?</p>	
<p>14. Rates, taxes and levies must be adjusted in accordance with Clauses 14, 23.3 - 23.7 inclusive and the Vendor must comply with Clause 16.6</p>	
<p>15. Is the lot or the building which contains the lot affected by the Rural Fires Act 1997? If so, is the land on which the building is erected a bushfire hazard or bushfire-prone land? if so, please give full details.</p>	

REQUISITIONS	RESPONSE
16. Is the land on which the building is erected affected by the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997? If so, have any notices or orders been served on the owners corporation and have they been complied with?	
17. Are there any outstanding notices issued under:- (a) Section 121H of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, and/or (b) Section 735 of the Local Government Act 1993 in relation to the lot? If so, the Vendor should fully comply with any such notices before completion. If such notices were served on the owners corporation, have they been complied with or when does the owners corporation intend to so comply?	
18. Is the Vendor aware of any notice or order having been served on the owners corporation by the local Council under Section 124 of the Local Government Act 1993, including a notice or order relating to fire safety? If so, does the Vendor know whether such notice or order has been fully complied with.	
19. (a) Has the owners corporation complied with the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and its 2000 Regulation relating to fire safety measures in the building? Is the assessment and certification of such essential fire safety measures carried out every 12 months as the Regulation requires, to the Vendor's knowledge? (b) Does the owners corporation submit to the local Council an annual fire safety statement and forward a copy to the NSW Fire Brigade, to the Vendor's knowledge? Can the Vendor provide documentary evidence of such compliance? (c) Have any fire safety measures been installed in the lot, for example, smoke detectors?	
20. Has the owners corporation complied with its obligations under the Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000 and Regulations, to the Vendor's knowledge?	
21. Are there any noise problems arising from occupation of the units comprised in the building? Have the proprietors complied with by-laws 1 and 14 of Schedule 1 to the Act? Is there any outstanding notice which relates to noise problems in the lot or in any adjoining lots?	
22. Has the Vendor received any notice from the owners corporation under Section 45 of the Act? If so, please advise details of such notice which should be complied with before completion.	
23. Has the owners corporation or the owner of any lot taken any action in relation to the common property under Section 65A of the amending Act? If so, please advise details.	
24. Has the owners corporation granted any licence under Section 65B of the amending Act? If so, please give details.	
25. Does the Vendor know whether there is any outstanding notice which was issued to the owners corporation under Section 65C of the amending Act? If so, please advise details.	
26. Have any orders been made by an Adjudicator under Division 11 of Chapter 5 of the Act, to the Vendor's knowledge? If so, please provide a copy of any such orders.	
27. If a Swimming Pool is included in the parcel:- (a) Was its construction approved by the local Council? Please furnish a copy of such approval. (b) Have the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and its Regulations (in particular as to access and fencing) been complied with?	
28. Has the Vendor or any predecessor in title been bankrupt or are there any pending bankruptcy proceedings against the Vendor?	

REQUISITIONS	RESPONSE
29. Is the Vendor aware of any building works having been done on the parcel to which the Building Services Corporation Act 1989 and/or the Home Building Act 1989 applies? If so, please provide evidence that such legislation has been complied with.	
30. Is the Vendor under a legal obligation to contribute to works already carried out or to be carried out in relation to the lot and/or parcel? (a) In the case of the lot, the Vendor should discharge such liability before completion or make an appropriate cash allowance on completion. (b) In the case of the parcel, the Vendor must comply with Clauses 23.5, 23.6 and 23.7.	
31. Does the Vendor know whether the provisions of the Local Government Act 1919 or the Local Government Act 1993, as the case may be, its ordinances and regulations relating to strata scheme subdivisions, buildings, alterations and additions have been complied with in relation to the parcel and lot?	
32. In relation to the by-laws of the Owners Corporation:- (a) Has the Owners Corporation resolved to make any changes to the statutory by-laws? If so, please advise details or provide a copy of any such changes. (b) Has the Vendor as at date of the contract complied with all by-laws applicable to the strata scheme? If not, Vendor should do so before completion.	
33. Is the "initial period" as defined in Part 1 of the Dictionary to the Act still in existence or has it expired? Has the Owners Corporation made a by-law under Section 56 of the Act? If so, please provide a copy.	
34. Is the Vendor aware of any breach of Section 117 of the Act? If so, please give details and advise whether the Owners Corporation has resolved or is proposing to take any action in respect of such breach.	
35. Is the Vendor aware of any outstanding notice issued by the local Council or any statutory authority to the Owners Corporation which it has not complied with? If so, please advise details or provide a copy of any such notice.	
36. What levies have been determined under Sections 76 and 78 of the Act? Please advise the date to which such levies have been paid.	
37. (If not already provided to the Purchaser). Please provide a copy of the Minutes of the last:- (a) Annual General Meeting of the Owners Corporation. (b) (If applicable) Extraordinary General Meeting of the Owners Corporation. (c) Meeting of the Executive Committee.	
38. The Purchaser reserves his contractual rights given by Clause 23.9 to rescind the contract, if any condition referred to in this clause arises before completion.	
39. The Vendor must provide at settlement a direction in accordance with Clause 20.5.	

DISCLAIMER

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.....
Solicitor for Vendor



LAND
REGISTRY
SERVICES

Title Search

InfoTrack

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 9/SP9495

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
1/10/2019	5:06 PM	7	22/9/2018

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO.
CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY SUNCORP-METWAY LIMITED.

LAND

LOT 9 IN STRATA PLAN 9495
AT INGLEBURN
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA CAMPBELLTOWN

FIRST SCHEDULE

SILVANA WILLIAMS (TA AG357670)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP9495
- 2 AI531342 MORTGAGE TO SUNCORP-METWAY LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

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Received: 01/10/2019 17:06:53



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP9495

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
1/10/2019	5:09 PM	-	-

VOL 12789 FOL 164 IS THE CURRENT CERTIFICATE OF TITLE

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 9495
WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT INGLEBURN
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA CAMPBELLTOWN
PARISH OF MINTO COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP9495

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 9495
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:
KNOLL PARK
KING ROAD
INGLEBURN 2565

SECOND SCHEDULE (6 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- * 2 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO BY-LAWS SET OUT IN SCHEDULE 2 STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016
- 3 , DP564084 EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER AFFECTING THE PART SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM (SEE N886495)
- 4 , DP564084 EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY SUPPLY (SEE N886495) AFFECTING THE PART SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 5 , DP564084 EASEMENT FOR SUBSTATION (SEE N886495) AFFECTING THE PART SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 6 , T732656 CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 1017)

STRATA PLAN 9495

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1	- 24	2	- 24	3	- 28	4	- 24
5	- 28	6	- 24	7	- 24	8	- 25
9	- 25	10	- 24	11	- SP9680	12	- SP9730

END OF PAGE 1 - CONTINUED OVER

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP9495

PAGE 2

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 1017) (CONTINUED)

STRATA PLAN 9495

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
13	24	14	25	15	25	16	25
17	25	18	26	19	26	20	24
21	26	22	25	23	26	24	25
25	26	26	25	27	25		

STRATA PLAN 9680

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
28	26	29	27	30	26	31	29
32	26	33	29	34	28	35	29
36	28	37	29	38	28	39	28
40	28	41	28				

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

20191934

PRINTED ON 1/10/2019

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016

Schedule 3

Schedule 3 Model by-laws for residential strata schemes

(Clause 37)

Note.

These by-laws do not apply to a strata scheme unless they are adopted by the owners corporation for the strata scheme or lodged with the strata plan.

1 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common property, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation or as permitted by a sign authorised by the owners corporation.

2 Changes to common property

(1) An owner or person authorised by an owner may install, without the consent of the owners corporation:

(a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or

(b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or

(c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.

(2) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(3) Clause (1) does not apply to the installation of any thing that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the lot or to reduce the level of safety in the lots or common property.

(4) The owner of a lot must:

(a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and

(b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

3 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

(a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or

(b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

4 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

5 Keeping of animals

Note.

Select option A or B. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot, if the owner or occupier gives the owners corporation written notice that it is being kept on the lot.

(2) The notice must be given not later than 14 days after the animal commences to be kept on the lot.

(3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must:

(a) keep the animal within the lot, and

(b) supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and

(c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option B

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot or the common property with the written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property and must give an owner or occupier written reasons for any refusal to grant approval.

(3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must:

(a) keep the animal within the lot, and

(b) supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and

(c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

(4) An owner or occupier of a lot who keeps an assistance animal on the lot must, if required to do so by the owners corporation, provide evidence to the owners corporation demonstrating that the animal is an assistance animal as referred to in section 9 of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992 of the Commonwealth.

6 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

7 Behaviour of owners, occupiers and invitees

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier:

(a) do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property, and

(b) without limiting paragraph (a), that invitees comply with clause (1).

8 Children playing on common property

(1) Any child for whom an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible may play on any area of the common property that is designated by the owners corporation for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child for whom the owner or occupier is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or remain on common property that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

9 Smoke penetration

Note.

Select option A or B. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

(1) An owner or occupier, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

Option B

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property, except:

(a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the owners corporation, or

(b) with the written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) A person who is permitted under this by-law to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common property must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other lot.

(3) An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

10 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

11 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

12 Appearance of lot

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

(2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with by-law 14.

13 Cleaning windows and doors

(1) Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

(2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

14 Hanging out of washing

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot other than over the balcony railings. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.

(3) In this by-law:

washing includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

15 Disposal of waste—bins for individual lots [applicable where individual lots have bins]

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).

(3) An owner or occupier must:

(a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and

(b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.

(4) An owner or occupier of a lot must maintain bins for waste within the lot, or on any part of the common property that is authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered.

(5) An owner or occupier of a lot must not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier.

(6) An owner or occupier of a lot must place the bins within an area designated for collection by the owners corporation not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the lot or other area authorised for the bins.

(7) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.

(8) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.

(9) In this by-law:

bin includes any receptacle for waste.

waste includes garbage and recyclable material.

16 Disposal of waste—shared bins [applicable where bins are shared by lots]

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).

(3) An owner or occupier must:

(a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and

(b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.

(4) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.

(5) In this by-law:

bin includes any receptacle for waste.

waste includes garbage and recyclable material.

17 Change in use or occupation of lot to be notified

(1) An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot.

(2) Without limiting clause (1), the following changes of use must be notified:

(a) a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes),

(b) a change to the use of a lot for short-term or holiday letting.

(3) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

18 Compliance with planning and other requirements

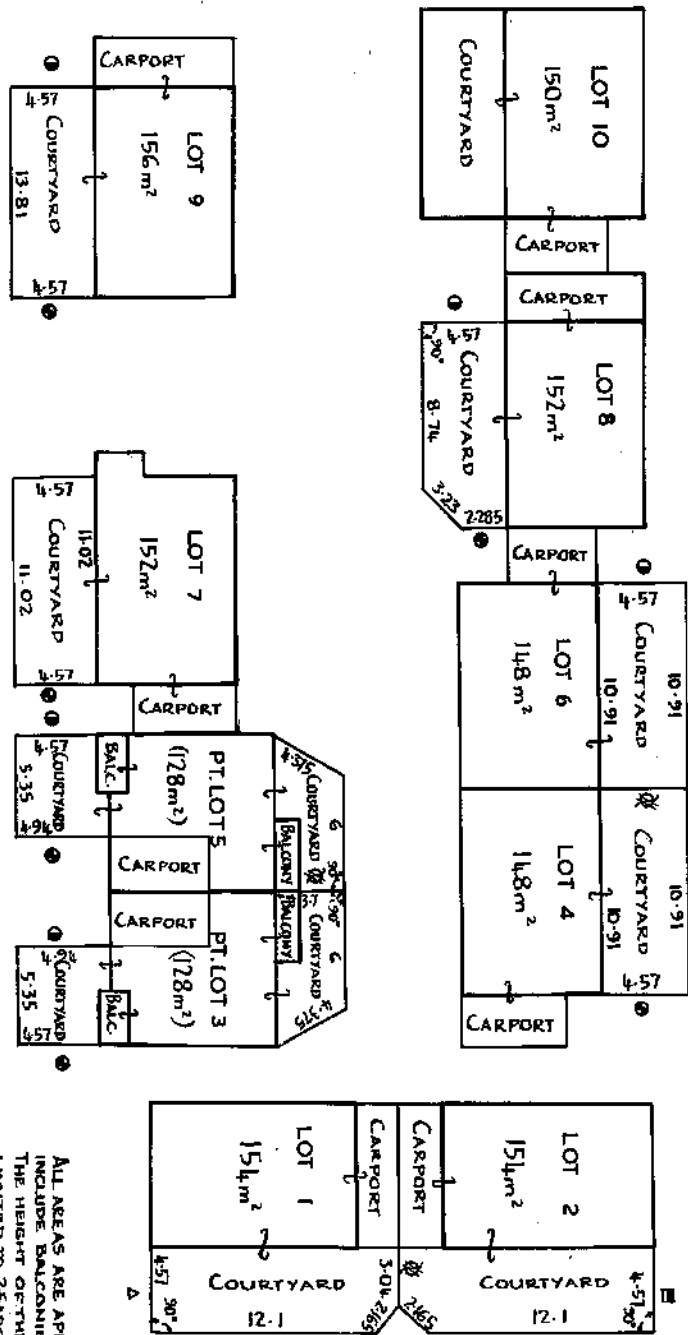
(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.

(2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION

STRATA PLAN 91.95

GROUND FLOOR



- LINE OF S.W. FACE OF WALL
- LINE OF N.E. FACE OF WALL
- LINE OF N.W. FACE OF WALL
- ▲ LINE OF S.E. FACE OF WALL
- PROJECTIONS OF WALLS
- PROJECTIONS OF BALCONIES

ALL AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE AND INCLUDE BALCONIES AND COURTYARDS. THE HEIGHT OF THE BALCONIES IS LIMITED TO 25 ABOVE THE UPPER SURFACE OF THEIR CONCRETE FLOOR. THE HEIGHT OF THE COURTYARDS IS LIMITED TO 2 BELOW THE UPPER SURFACE OF THE FLOOR OF THEIR RESPECTIVE UNIT.

Reduction Ratio 1: 250

Lengths are in metres

[Signature]
Registered Surveyor

[Signature]
Council Clerk

SAVIGNON'S REFERENCE: 37741

N886495



6495

R 10/6/73
Profer

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT 1919-1964

Sheet 1 of 3 Sheets

Plan: **DP564084**

PART 1

CT Vol 11905 Fol 227

Subdivision of Lot 4 in D.P. 513117
covered by Council Clerk's Certificate
No. 84/1973 of 23/7/73

Full name and address of
proprietor of the land:

Parkea Ideal Homes Pty. Limited,
52-58 Clarence Street, Sydney.

1. Identity of easement or restriction firstly referred to in abovementioned plan: Easement for Electricity Supply 1.83 metres wide

SCHEDULE OF LOTS ETC. AFFECTED

Lots burdened

1

Lots, name of road or authority benefited

Nepean River County Council

2. Identity of easement or restriction secondly referred to in abovementioned plan: Easement to Drain Water 1.83 metres wide

SCHEDULE OF LOTS ETC. AFFECTED

Lots burdened

1

2

Lots, name of road or authority benefited

Council of the City of Campbelltown
Council of the City of Campbelltown

3. Identity of easement or restriction thirdly referred to in abovementioned plan: Easement for Substation variable width

SCHEDULE OF LOTS ETC. AFFECTED

Lots burdened

1

Lots, name of road or authority benefited

Nepean River County Council

Profer *Profer*

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT 1919-1964

Sheet 2 of 3 Sheets

PART 11

Plan: **DP564084**

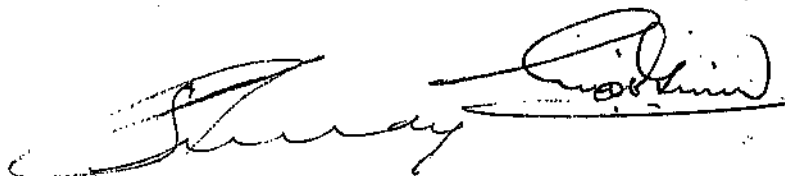
Subdivision of Lot 4 in D.P. 513117
covered by Council Clerk's Certificate
No. 84/1973 of 23/7/73

Full name and address of
proprietor of the land:

Parkes Ideal Homes Pty. Limited,
52-58 Clarence Street, Sydney.

TERMS OF EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY SUPPLY 1.83 METRES WIDE AND EASEMENT FOR
SUBSTATION VARIABLE WIDTH FIRSTLY AND THIRDLY REFERRED TO IN ABOVEMENTIONED
PLAN.

Full right leave liberty and licence for the Napean River County Council its agents servants and workmen to lay down construct and place repair renew inspect maintain and remove underground electric mains wires cables and other apparatus for the transmission of the electric current for purposes incidental thereto under the land hereby burdened **AND ALSO** free and uninterrupted passage of electricity and apparatus thereto appertaining under the said land and the said electric mains when constructed **TOGETHER WITH** power for the Council its servants agents and workmen to enter into and upon the said land or any part thereof for the purposes aforesaid or any of them and to make all necessary excavations in the said land or any part thereof **AND TOGETHER WITH** full right leave liberty and licence to cut and trim roots and other growths and foliage which now or at any time hereafter may encroach on or are now growing or may grow in or on the said land **PROVIDED THAT** the Council shall not knowingly permit or suffer any person other than its officers servants agents and workmen aforesaid or any of them to enter into or upon the said land **AND PROVIDED THAT** except where the Council in the course of exercising its rights hereunder removes damages breaks down or destroys any existing fence or fence on the said land the Council shall not be under any obligation or in anywise be bound to erect place or maintain any fence or fences on the boundaries or any part or parts of the said land **AND** the Registered Proprietor does hereby for itself and other the owner or owners from time to time of the land burdened covenant with the Napean River County Council that they will not do or knowingly suffer to be done any act or thing which may injure or damage the said wires cables or other apparatus or interfere with the free flow of electric current under the said land **AND** that if any such damage or injury be done or interference be made the said Registered Proprietor will forthwith pay the cost to the Napean River County Council of properly and substantially repairing and making good all such injury or damage and restoring the free flow of electric current as aforesaid **AND** the Napean River County Council doth hereby covenant with the Registered Proprietor its successors heirs and assigns that it will save harmless and indemnify them from and against any and all loss and damage whatsoever occasioned by the negligent use or abuse of electric current or wires cables and other apparatus for the transmission of electric current or of the rights hereby created by any person or persons employed by or acting or claiming under the Napean River County Council and that the said Council will at its own cost and charge pay for all damage and injury arising to the Registered Proprietor or to any other person or persons in consequence of any breach or non-observance of this covenant **AND FURTHER** the Grantor doth hereby for itself and other the owner or owners from time to time of the said land covenant with the Council that it will not without the consent of the Council alter or permit to be altered the existing levels of the land the subject of this easement nor will it without the like consent erect or permit to be erected any structure on above or below the land the subject of this easement.



INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT 1919-1964

Sheet 3 of 3 Sheets

PART 11

Plan: **DP564084**

Subdivision of Lot 4 in D.P. 513117
covered by Council Clerk's Certificate
No. 84/1973 of 23/7/73

Full name and address of
proprietor of the land:

Parkees Ideal Homes Pty. Limited,
52-58 Clarence Street, Sydney.

THE COMMON SEAL of PARKES IDEAL HOMES)
PTY. LIMITED was hereunto affixed by)
authority of the Board of Directors)
and in the presence of:)

J. McGeough
Secretary



[Handwritten Signature]

Proprietor

Director

The OFFICIAL SEAL of INDUSTRIAL ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION LIMITED was hereunto affixed by and in the presence of the persons whose signatures appear hereunder; pursuant to the Authority for the Issue and Use of the Official Seal in New South Wales of INDUSTRIAL ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION LIMITED dated the 14th April, 1967 registered under Miscellaneous Register No. 93329 and Permanently Deposited at the Land Titles Office Sydney (each of such persons being the Holder for the time being of the office designated beneath his signature) and who hereby certify that such Seal was hereunto affixed on the
first day of August 1973 at
Sydney.



[Handwritten Signature]

State Manager
Chief Executive Officer for New South Wales
Industrial Acceptance Corporation Limited

[Handwritten Signature]
Manager - General Finance Division
Industrial Acceptance Corporation Limited

A Note

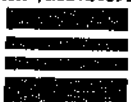
N 886495

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT INTERESTY CREATED

PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B, CONVEYANCING ACT,

1919, LODGED WITH D.P. 564084

PM. 17.7.1974



SEP 15 22

T732656
T732655

HANGE OF BY-LAWS

SECTIONS 58 (2), 58 (1), OR CLAUSE 15 OF SCHEDULE 4, STRATA TITLES ACT, 1973
 REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900

(See Instructions for Completion on back of form)

CB

OFFICE USE ONLY

B	1	of	1	-
\$30.00				

REFERENCE TO TITLE OF COMMON PROPERTY Note (a)

Torrens Title Reference	
Vol. 12788	Fol. 164

NUMBER OF STRATA PLAN Note (b)
 Note (c)
 Note (d)

THE PROPRIETORS—STRATA PLAN No. 8495 the registered proprietor of the common property comprised in the Certificate of Title above referred to, certifies that, by a resolution duly passed on March 15, 1983 in accordance with the provisions of Sec. 58 (2) of the Strata Titles Act, 1973, it changed the by-laws as follows:

Note (e)

REPEALED BY-LAW No.	OFFICE USE ONLY ON
INSERTED/ADDED BY-LAW No. <u>88</u> as fully set out below.	

"All future fences will be constructed of timber palings 1.830m in height. In the event of a villa owner requiring a brick fence, then such owner will be liable for the difference in cost between a timber paling fence and brick fence."



The common seal of The Proprietors—Strata Plan No. 8495
 was hereunto affixed on 26-8-83 in the presence of
Alan Bernoth Secretary
 (BLOCK LETTERS)

Being the person(s) authorized by section 55 of the Strata Titles Act, 1973, to attest the affixing of the seal.
Alan Bernoth

TO BE COMPLETED BY LODGING PARTY Notes (g) and (h)

Delivery Box Number <u>1118</u>	LOGGED BY <u>Alan Bernoth</u> <u>261 Argyle St Liverpool</u>	LOCATION OF DOCUMENTS	
	Extra Fee	Checked by <u>ES</u>	CT OTHER <u>IF</u> Herewith In R.G.O. with Produced by
OFFICE USE ONLY <u>488</u>	REGISTERED <u>21-9-1983</u> <u>[Signature]</u> Registrar General		<u>LP</u>



RP46
1979

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION

This form is appropriate for a change of by-laws pursuant to sections 58 (2), 58 (11) or clause 15 of Schedule 4 of the Strata Titles Act, 1973.

A change of by-laws pursuant to section 58 (2) of the Act is one which does not create rights of exclusive use and enjoyment of, or special privileges in respect of, common property.

A change of by-laws pursuant to section 58 (11) of the Act is one which changes the terms of an order of a Strata Titles Board having the effect of a by-law and must accordingly be made pursuant to a unanimous resolution.

The Registrar General does not require the lodgment of a plan for the purpose of the allocation of rights of exclusive use and enjoyment of, or special privileges in respect of, common property unless it is referred to as an annexure in the by-law, in which case the plan must comply with regulation 37 (2) (d), (e) and (f) of the Real Property Act Regulations, 1970.

A change of by-laws pursuant to clause 15 of Schedule 4 of the Act is one which confirms rights of exclusive use and enjoyment of, or special privileges in respect of, common property where such rights were in existence (either pursuant to a resolution of the body corporate or a former by-law) prior to 1st July, 1973. The new by-law must indicate how it may be amended, added to or repealed. In such cases, the Registrar General will, on payment of a service charge, provide a copy of any plan which accompanied a notification of change of by-laws registered under the Conveyancing (Strata Titles) Act, 1961, for identification as an annexure to this instrument.

By-laws additional to those already operating should be numbered consecutively commencing with the number next after the number allotted to the last by-law.

Amendment of a by-law should be effected by fully repealing the existing by-law, and by substituting the new by-law in the terms required. For example, in order to implement a special resolution by a body corporate that a notice-board should not be affixed in accordance with by-law 3 but should be maintained in the secretary's office, and should be available for inspection between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., the following would be appropriate:

REPEALED BY-LAW No. 3
 INSERTED/ADDED BY-LAW No. 3 as fully set out below.

BY-LAW 3. A council shall cause a notice-board to be affixed to some part of the building occupied by the secretary and there to be available for inspection by authorised persons between the hours of nine in the forenoon and five in the afternoon.

Typewriting and handwriting should be clear, legible and in permanent black non-copying ink.

Alterations are not to be made by erasure; the words rejected are to be ruled through and initialed by the signatories to the dealing.

If the space provided is insufficient, additional sheets of the same size and quality of paper and having the same margins as this form should be used. Each additional sheet must be identified as an annexure and signed by the body corporate.

This instrument and the Certificate of Title for the common property should be lodged by hand at the lodgment counter in the Office of the Registrar General located on the second floor of the Centrapoint Building, Market Street, Sydney, and the prescribed fee paid.

The following instructions relate to the sidenotes on the form.

- (a) Reference to title of common property—TORRENS TITLE REFERENCE—insert the current Folio Identifier or Volume and Folio of the Certificate of Title, e.g., CP/SP12345 or Vol. B544 Fol. 126.
- (b) Insert the number of the Strata Plan upon which the strata scheme is based.
- (c) Insert the date on which the resolution was passed.
- (d) Insert reference to the appropriate provision of the Strata Titles Act.
- (e) Indicate by number the by-laws affected.
- (f) Set out in full the terms of the inserted/added by-law.
- (g) Insert the name, postal address, Document Exchange reference, telephone number and delivery box number of the lodging party.
- (h) The lodging party is to complete the LOCATION OF DOCUMENTS panel. Place a tick in the appropriate box to indicate the whereabouts of the Certificate of Title. List, in an abbreviated form, other documents lodged, e.g., stat. dec. for statutory declaration.

OFFICE USE ONLY

SECOND SCHEDULE AND OTHER DIRECTIONS					
(F) FOLIO IDENTIFIER (as reqd. dealing a folio identifier)	(G) DIRECTION	(H) NOTING TYPE	(I) DEALING NUMBER	(K)	DETAILS

Issue Date: 1 October 2019
Application Number: 201903013
Receipt Number: 4516406

InfoTrack
DX 578
SYDNEY NSW

Your Reference: 20191934:20792

**PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 10.7
ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979**

Section 10.7 Planning Certificate phone enquiries: (02) 4645 4560.

Property Address: 9/2 Dotterel Place
INGLEBURN NSW 2565

Property Description: Lot 9 SP 9495

As at the date of issue, the following matters apply to the land subject of this certificate:

**INFORMATION PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 10.7(2) OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL
PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979 (the Act)**

PART 1 – Names of relevant planning instruments and DCPs

Planning Instrument: Campbelltown LEP 2015
Effect: R2 Low Density Residential

(1) The following environmental planning instruments apply to the carrying out of development on the land subject of this certificate:

Local environmental plans (LEPs) and deemed environmental planning instruments

Campbelltown LEP 2015

For further information about these local environmental plans and deemed environmental planning instruments, contact Council's Environmental Planning Section on (02) 4645 4608.

State environmental planning policies (SEPPs)

SEPP No.21 – Caravan Parks

SEPP No.30 – Intensive Agriculture

SEPP No.33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development

SEPP No.44 – Koala Habitat Protection

**PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 10.7
ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979**

SEPP No.50 – Canal Estate Development
SEPP No.55 – Remediation of Land
SEPP No.64 – Advertising and Signage
SEPP No.65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development
SEPP No.70 – Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)
SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004
SEPP No.19 - Bushland in Urban Areas
SEPP (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017
SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004
SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005
SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007
SEPP (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007
SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007
SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009
SEPP (State and Regional Development) 2011
SEPP (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017
Greater Metropolitan REP No.2 - Georges River Catchment

For further information about these State environmental planning policies, contact the Department of Planning and Environment (www.planning.nsw.gov.au).

- (2) The following proposed environmental planning instruments, which are or have been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Director-General has notified Council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved), will apply to the carrying out of development on the land subject of this certificate:

Draft local environmental plans (LEPs)

None

For further information about these draft local environmental plans, contact Council's Environmental Planning Section on (02) 4645 4608.

Draft State environmental planning policies (SEPPs)

None

For further information about these draft State environmental planning policies, contact the Department of Planning and Environment (www.planning.nsw.gov.au).

- (3) The following development control plans (DCPs) apply to the carrying out of development on the land subject of this certificate:

Campbelltown (Sustainable City) DCP 2015

**PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 10.7
ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979**

For further information about these development control plans, contact Council's Environmental Planning Section on (02) 4645 4608. Please note that the names of any draft development control plans that apply to the land subject of this certificate, that have been placed on exhibiton by Council but have not yet come into effect, are provided as advice under section 10.7(5) of the Act.

PART 2 – Zoning and land use under relevant LEPS

a) The following zone(s) apply to the land subject of this certificate:

R2 Low Density Residential

b) The purposes for which the plan or instrument provides that development may be carried out without the need for development consent are detailed in the land use table for each zone. Reference should be made to either Attachment 1 to this certificate or the appropriate section of the attached copy of the plan or instrument.

In addition, SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 and clause 3.1 of the Campbelltown LEP 2015 allow certain types of development to be carried out as exempt development within the Campbelltown City local government area.

c) The purposes for which the plan or instrument provides that development may not be carried out except with development consent are detailed in the land use table for each zone. Reference should be made to either Attachment 1 to this certificate or the appropriate section of the attached copy of the plan or instrument.

In addition, SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 and clause 3.2 of the Campbelltown LEP 2015 allow certain types of development to be carried out as complying development within the Campbelltown City local government area after a complying development certificate has been obtained from Council or from an accredited certifier. Clause 2.5 of the Campbelltown LEP 2015 also allows for additional permitted uses with development consent on particular land.

d) The purposes for which the plan or instrument provides that development is prohibited are detailed in the land use table for each zone. Reference should be made to either Attachment 1 to this certificate or the appropriate section of the attached copy of the plan or instrument.

e) Any development standards applying to the land subject of this certificate that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed are detailed in the relevant section of the plan or instrument. Reference should be made to either Attachment 2 to this certificate or the appropriate section(s) of the attached copy of the plan or instrument. In addition, certain Council development control plans may impose minimum development standards for the creation of allotments and/or minimum site area and dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house.

For further information about items a), b), c), d) and e) above, contact Council's Environmental Planning Section on (02) 4645 4608.

f) The land subject of this certificate does not include or comprise critical habitat.

g) The land subject of this certificate is not in a conservation area (however described).

h) No item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land subject of this certificate.

PART 2A – Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

None

PART 3 – Complying development

- (1) Complying development may be carried out on the land subject of this certificate under each of the following codes for complying development, to the extent shown, because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008:

Housing Code – on all of the land

Housing Alterations Code – on all of the land

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code – on all of the land

Subdivisions Code – on all of the land

Rural Housing Code – on all of the land

General Development Code – on all of the land

Demolition Code – on all of the land

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code – on all of the land

Fire Safety Code – on all of the land

Container Recycling Facilities Code – on all of the land

Please note that reference should also be made to the relevant parts of this policy for the general requirements for complying development and to the relevant codes for complying development which may also include provisions relating to zoning, lot size etc.

- (2) Complying development may not be carried out on the land subject of this certificate under each of the following codes for complying development, to the extent shown and for the reason(s) stated, because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008:

Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code – on any part of the land

(Note: implementation of the Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code within the Campbelltown Local Government Area has been deferred until 31 October 2019.)

Greenfield Housing Code – on any part of the land

(Note: the Greenfield Housing Code only applies within the Greenfield Housing Code Area)

PART 4 – Coastal protection

The land subject of this certificate is not affected by the operation of section 38 or 39 of the Coastal Protection Act 1979, but only to the extent that Council has been notified by the Department of Finance, Services and Innovation.

Please note that Campbelltown City Council is not defined as a coastal council under the Coastal Protection Act 1979.

PART 5 – Mine subsidence

The land subject of this certificate is not within a proclaimed Mine Subsidence District within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.

PART 6 – Road widening and road realignment

The land subject of this certificate is not affected by any road widening or road realignment under Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993, any environmental planning instrument or any resolution of Council.

PART 7 – Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

- a) Council has adopted a policy with respect to all land within the Campbelltown City local government area with unusual site conditions. This policy restricts the development of land where extensive earthworks and/or filling has been carried out. Land, the development of which is restricted by this policy, has a restriction as to user placed on the title of the land stating the details of any restriction. Building lots can be affected by excessive land gradient, filling, reactive or dispersive soils, overland flow and/or mine subsidence. Buildings, structures or site works may require specific structural design to ensure proper building construction. Consequently, some applications may require the submission of structural design details and geotechnical reports. It is suggested that prior to lodging an application, enquiries be made to Council's Planning and Environment Division to ascertain any specific requirements.
- b) Council has adopted by resolution the certified Campbelltown LGA Bush Fire Prone Land Map. This map identifies bush fire prone land within the Campbelltown City local government area as defined in section 10.3 of the Act. Where the land subject of this certificate is identified as bush fire prone land, the document entitled "Planning for Bush Fire Protection" prepared by the NSW Rural Fire Service in co-operation with the Department of Planning and dated December 2006 should be consulted with regards to possible restrictions on the development of the land because of the likelihood of bushfire.
- c) The land subject of this certificate is not affected by a policy adopted by Council or adopted by any other public authority and notified to Council for reference in a planning certificate that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of tidal inundation.
- d) The land subject of this certificate is not affected by a policy adopted by Council or adopted by any other public authority and notified to Council for reference in a planning certificate that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of acid sulphate soils.

PART 7A – Flood related development controls information

- (1) Development on all or part of the land subject of this certificate for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is not subject to flood related controls.
- (2) Development on all or part of the land subject of this certificate for any other purpose is not subject to flood related development controls.
- (3) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the instrument set out in the Schedule to the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.

Please note that some additional information regarding flooding and flood related development controls may be provided as advice under section 10.7(5) of the Act.

PART 8 – Land reserved for acquisition

No environmental planning instrument, deemed environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument applying to the land subject of this certificate provides for the acquisition of this land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

PART 9 – Contribution plans

The following contribution plan(s) apply to the land subject of this certificate:

Campbelltown Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2018

For further information about these contribution plans, contact Council's Environmental Planning Section on (02) 4645 4608.

PART 9A – Biodiversity certified land

The land subject of this certificate is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

Please note that biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

PART 10 – Biodiversity stewardship sites

The land subject of this certificate is not a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (but only in so far as Council has been notified of the existence of such an agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

Please note that biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part 7A of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

PART 10A – Native vegetation clearing set asides

The land subject of this certificate does not contain a set aside under section 60ZC of the Local Land Services Act 2013 (but only in so far as Council has been notified of the existence of such a set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under that section).

PART 11 – Bush fire prone land

None of the land subject of this certificate has been identified as bush fire prone land on the Campbelltown City Council - Bush Fire Prone Land Map that has been certified for the purposes of section 10.3(2) of the Act.

PART 12 – Property vegetation plans

No property vegetation plan applies to the land subject of this certificate.

Please note that the whole of the Campbelltown City local government area is excluded from the operation of the Native Vegetation Act 2003.

PART 13 – Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

No order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land subject of this certificate (but only to the extent that Council has been notified of any such orders).

PART 14 – Directions under Part 3A

No direction, in force under section 75P(2)(c1) of the Act, that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land subject of this certificate under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect, has been issued by the Minister.

PART 15 – Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

- a) No current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which Council is aware, exists in respect of proposed development on the land subject of this certificate.
- b) No conditions of consent to a development application, granted after 11 October 2007, of the kind referred to in clause 18(2) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 have been imposed in respect of proposed development on the land subject of this certificate.

PART 16 – Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure

No valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure), of which Council is aware, exists in respect of proposed development on the land subject of this certificate.

PART 17 – Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

- (1) No current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which Council is aware, exists in respect of proposed development on the land subject of this certificate.
- (2) No conditions of consent to a development application of the kind referred to in clause 17(1) or 37(1) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009 have been imposed in respect of proposed development on the land subject of this certificate.

PART 18 – Paper subdivision information

- (1) No adopted development plan or development plan that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot apply to the land subject of this certificate.
- (2) No subdivision order applies to the land subject of this certificate.

PART 19 – Site verification certificates

No current site verification certificate issued under Division 3 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007 (of which Council is aware) applies to the land subject of this certificate.

**PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 10.7
ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979**

PART 20 – Loose-fill asbestos insulation

No residential dwelling erected on the land subject of this certificate has been identified in the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.


For more information contact NSW Fair Trading (www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au)

PART 21 – Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) No affected building notice of which Council is aware is in force in respect of the land subject of this certificate.
- (2)
 - (a) No building product rectification order of which Council is aware and that has not been fully complied with is in force in respect of the land subject of this certificate.
 - (b) No notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which Council is aware and that is outstanding has been given in respect of the land subject of this certificate.
- (3) In this clause: affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017 and building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

Matters prescribed by section 59(2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

- (a) The land subject of this certificate is not significantly contaminated land within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- (b) The land subject of this certificate is not subject to a management order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- (c) The land subject of this certificate is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- (d) The land subject of this certificate is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- (e) The land subject of this certificate is not the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 provided to Council.



Jim Baldwin, per
Director City Development

Attachment 1

Campbelltown Local Environmental Plan 2015

Zone R2 Low Density Residential

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To enable development for purposes other than residential only if that development is compatible with the character of the living area and is of a domestic scale.
- To minimise overshadowing and ensure a desired level of solar access to all properties.
- To facilitate diverse and sustainable means of access and movement.

2 Permitted without consent

Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Attached dwellings; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Child care centres; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Emergency services facilities; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Multi dwelling housing; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (outdoor); Respite day care centres; Roads; Schools; Semi-detached dwellings

4 Prohibited

Any development not specified in item 2 or 3

NOTE: A copy of the complete written instrument for the Campbelltown Local Environmental Plan 2015 is available on the NSW Legislation website at: <http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au>

Attachment 2

Campbelltown Local Environmental Plan 2015

4.1 Minimum subdivision lot size

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
 - (a) to ensure that the density of development is compatible with the capacity of existing and proposed infrastructure,
 - (b) to ensure that the density of settlement will be compatible with the objectives of the zone,
 - (c) to limit the density of settlement in environmentally, scenically or historically sensitive areas,
 - (d) to ensure lot sizes are compatible with the conservation of natural systems, including waterways, riparian land and groundwater dependent ecosystems,
 - (e) to facilitate viable agricultural undertakings,
 - (f) to protect the curtilage of heritage items and heritage conservation areas,
 - (g) to facilitate a diversity of housing forms.
- (2) This clause applies to a subdivision of any land shown on the Lot Size Map that requires development consent and that is carried out after the commencement of this Plan.
- (3) The size of any lot resulting from a subdivision of land to which this clause applies is not to be less than the minimum size shown on the Lot Size Map in relation to that land.
- (4) This clause does not apply in relation to the subdivision of individual lots in a strata plan or community title scheme.
- (4A) If a lot is a battle-axe lot or other lot with an access handle, the area of the access handle is not to be included in calculating the lot size.
- (4B) Despite subclause (3), development consent may be granted for the subdivision of land into lots that do not meet the minimum size shown on the Lot Size Map if the lots are residue lots resulting

4.1AA Minimum subdivision lot size for community title schemes

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
 - (a) to provide for the proper and orderly development of land,
 - (b) to ensure that land developed under the *Community Land Development Act 1989* will achieve densities consistent with the objectives of the zone,
 - (c) to protect the curtilage of heritage items and heritage conservation areas.
- (2) This clause applies to a subdivision (being a subdivision that requires development consent) under the *Community Land Development Act 1989* of land in any of the following zones:
 - (a) Zone RU2 Rural Landscape,

- (b) Zone R2 Low Density Residential,
 - (c) Zone R3 Medium Density Residential,
 - (d) Zone R5 Large Lot Residential,
 - (e) Zone E3 Environmental Management,
 - (f) Zone E4 Environmental Living.
- (3) The size of any lot resulting from a subdivision of land to which this clause applies (other than any lot comprising association property within the meaning of the *Community Land Development Act 1989*) is not to be less than the minimum size shown on the Lot Size Map in relation to that land.

4.1A Maximum dwelling density in certain residential areas

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
- (a) to restrict the dwelling yield on certain land,
 - (b) to ensure that infrastructure is not overburdened,
 - (c) to provide for a diversity of dwelling types.
- (2) This clause applies to land identified as "Restricted dwelling yield" on the Restricted Dwelling Yield Map.
- (3) Despite clauses 4.1, 4.1AA, 4.1B and 4.1C, the total number of dwellings that may be created by the development of land specified in Column 1 of the table to this clause must not exceed the number specified in Column 2 of the table.

Column 1	Column 2
"Area 1" on the Restricted Dwelling Yield Map, being land at Airds-Bradbury	2104
"Area 2" on the Restricted Dwelling Yield Map, being land at Claymore	1490
"Area 3" on the Restricted Dwelling Yield Map, being land at the Western Sydney University	850

4.1B Minimum subdivision lot sizes for dual occupancies in certain zones

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
- (a) to achieve planned residential density in certain zones,
 - (b) to ensure that lot sizes are consistent with the predominant subdivision pattern of the area and maintain a low density residential character in existing neighbourhoods,
 - (c) to facilitate development applications seeking concurrent approval for dual occupancy development and subdivision,
 - (d) to prevent the fragmentation of land.
- (2) Despite clause 4.1, development consent may be granted to development for the purpose of a dual occupancy if the development will be on a lot that is at least the minimum size shown on the Lot Size for Dual Occupancy Development Map in relation to that land.
- (3) Despite clause 4.1 and subclause (2), development consent may be granted for the subdivision of land in Zone R2 Low Density Residential into lots that

are less than the minimum lot size shown on the Lot Size Map in relation to that land if:

- (a) there is an existing dual occupancy on the land that was lawfully erected under an environmental planning instrument or there is a development application for the concurrent approval of a dual occupancy and its subdivision into 2 lots, and
- (b) the lot size of each resulting lot will be at least 300 square metres, and
- (c) the subdivision will not result in more than one principal dwelling on each resulting lot.

4.1C Minimum qualifying site area and lot size for certain residential and child care centre development in residential zones

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
 - (a) to achieve planned residential densities in certain zones,
 - (b) to achieve satisfactory environmental and infrastructure outcomes,
 - (c) to minimise any adverse impact of development on residential amenity,
 - (d) to minimise land use conflicts.
- (2) Development consent may be granted to development for a purpose specified in the table to this clause on land in a zone listed beside the purpose, if the area of the lot is equal to or greater than the area specified in Column 3 of the table.
- (3) Development consent may be granted to the subdivision of land in a zone that is specified in the table to this clause for a purpose listed beside the zone, if the area of the lot to be created is equal to or greater than the area specified in Column 4 of the table.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Dwelling house	Zone R2 Low Density Residential	500 square metres	500 square metres
Dual occupancy	Zone R2 Low Density Residential	700 square metres	300 square metres
Semi-detached dwelling	Zone R2 Low Density Residential	700 square metres	300 square metres
Attached dwelling	Zone R2 Low Density Residential	1,000 square metres	300 square metres
Multi dwelling housing	Zone R2 Low Density Residential	1,000 square metres	300 square metres
Child care centres	Zone R2 Low Density Residential or Zone R3 Medium Density Residential	800 square metres	N/A
Residential flat buildings	Zone R4 High Density Residential	1,200 square metres	1,200 square metres

4.1D Minimum lot sizes for certain land uses in certain environment protection zones

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
 - (a) to allow for certain non-residential land uses,
 - (b) to minimise any adverse impact on local amenity and the natural environment,
 - (c) to achieve satisfactory environmental and infrastructure outcomes,
 - (d) to minimise land use conflicts.
- (2) This clause applies to land in the following zones:
 - (a) Zone E3 Environmental Management,
 - (b) Zone E4 Environmental Living.
- (3) Development consent may be granted to development for a purpose specified in the table to this clause on land in a zone listed beside the purpose, if the area of the lot is equal to or greater than the area specified in the table.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Animal boarding or training establishments	Zone E3 Environmental Management	5 hectares
Educational establishments	Zone E3 Environmental Management or Zone E4 Environmental Living	10 hectares
Places of public worship	Zone E3 Environmental Management	10 hectares

4.2 Rural subdivision

- (1) The objective of this clause is to provide flexibility in the application of standards for subdivision in rural zones to allow land owners a greater chance to achieve the objectives for development in the relevant zone.
- (2) This clause applies to the following rural zones:
 - (a) Zone RU1 Primary Production,
 - (b) Zone RU2 Rural Landscape,
 - (c) Zone RU4 Primary Production Small Lots,
 - (d) Zone RU6 Transition.

Note. When this Plan was made it did not include all of these zones.
- (3) Land in a zone to which this clause applies may, with development consent, be subdivided for the purpose of primary production to create a lot of a size that is less than the minimum size shown on the Lot Size Map in relation to that land.
- (4) However, such a lot cannot be created if an existing dwelling would, as the result of the subdivision, be situated on the lot.
- (5) A dwelling cannot be erected on such a lot.

Note. A dwelling includes a rural worker's dwelling (see definition of that term in the Dictionary).

4.2A Erection of dwelling houses or dual occupancies (attached) on land in certain rural and environment protection zones

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
 - (a) to enable the replacement of lawfully erected dwelling houses and dual occupancies (attached), and the realisation of dwelling entitlements in rural and environment protection zones,
 - (b) to restrict the extent of residential development in rural and environment protection zones to maintain the existing character,
 - (c) to recognise the contribution that development density in these zones makes to the landscape and environmental character of those places.
- (2) This clause applies to land in the following zones:
 - (a) Zone RU2 Rural Landscape,
 - (b) Zone E3 Environmental Management,
 - (c) Zone E4 Environmental Living.
- (3) Development consent must not be granted for the erection of a dwelling house or a dual occupancy (attached) on land to which this clause applies unless the land:
 - (a) is a lot that has at least the minimum lot size shown on the Lot Size Map in relation to that land, or
 - (b) is a lot created under this Plan (other than clause 4.2 (3)), or
 - (c) is a lot created under an environmental planning instrument before this Plan commenced and on which the erection of a dwelling house or a dual occupancy (attached) was permissible immediately before that commencement, or
 - (d) is a lot resulting from a subdivision for which development consent (or its equivalent) was granted before this Plan commenced and on which the erection of a dwelling house or a dual occupancy (attached) would have been permissible if the plan of subdivision had been registered before that commencement, or
 - (e) is an existing holding, or
 - (f) would have been a lot or holding referred to in paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) had it not been affected by:
 - (i) a minor realignment of its boundaries that did not create an additional lot, or
 - (ii) a subdivision creating or widening a public road or public reserve or for another public purpose, or
 - (iii) a consolidation with an adjoining public road or public reserve or for another public purpose.

Note. A dwelling cannot be erected on a lot created under clause 9 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Rural Lands) 2008* or clause 4.2.
- (4) Development consent must not be granted under subclause (3) unless:
 - (a) no dwelling house or dual occupancy (attached) has been erected on the land, and
 - (b) if a development application has been made for development for the purposes of a dwelling house or dual occupancy (attached) on the land—the application has been refused or it was withdrawn before it was determined, and

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ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979**

- (c) if development consent has been granted in relation to such an application—the consent has been surrendered or it has lapsed.
- (5) Development consent may be granted for the erection of a dwelling house or a dual occupancy (attached) on land to which this clause applies if there is a lawfully erected dwelling house or dual occupancy (attached) on the land and the dwelling house or dual occupancy (attached) proposed to be erected is intended only to replace the existing dwelling house or dual occupancy (attached).
- (6) Development consent may be granted to convert a dwelling house into, or to replace a dwelling house with, a dual occupancy (attached) on land to which this clause applies if no dual occupancy (attached) exists on the land and the dual occupancy (attached) is designed and will be constructed to have the appearance of a single dwelling.
- (7) In this clause:

existing holding means land that:

- (a) was a holding on the relevant date, and
- (b) is a holding at the time the application for development consent referred to in subclause (3) is lodged,

whether or not there has been a change in the ownership of the holding since the relevant date, and includes any other land adjoining that land acquired by the owner since the relevant date.

holding means all adjoining land, even if separated by a road or railway, held by the same person or persons.

relevant date means:

- (a) in the case of land to which *Campbelltown (Urban Area) Local Environmental Plan 2002* applied immediately before the commencement of this Plan:
 - (i) for land identified as “25 February 1977” on the Former LEP and IDO Boundaries Map—25 February 1977, or
 - (ii) for land identified as “15 July 1977” on the Former LEP and IDO Boundaries Map—15 July 1977, or
 - (iii) for land identified as “3 November 1978” on the Former LEP and IDO Boundaries Map—3 November 1978, or
- (b) in the case of land to which *Campbelltown Local Environmental Plan—District 8 (Central Hills Lands)* applied immediately before the commencement of this Plan—20 September 1974, or
- (c) in the case of land to which *Campbelltown Local Environmental Plan No 1* applied immediately before the commencement of this Plan—26 June 1981, or
- (d) in the case of land to which *Interim Development Order No 13—City of Campbelltown* applied immediately before the commencement of this Plan—20 September 1974, or
- (e) in the case of land to which *Interim Development Order No 15—City of Campbelltown* applied immediately before the commencement of this Plan—27 September 1974, or
- (f) in the case of land to which *Interim Development Order No 28—City of Campbelltown* applied immediately before the commencement of this Plan—3 November 1978.

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Note. The owner in whose ownership all the land is at the time the application is lodged need not be the same person as the owner in whose ownership all the land was on the stated date.

4.2B Erection of rural workers' dwellings on land in Zones RU2 and E3

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
 - (a) to facilitate, on the same land, the provision of adequate accommodation for employees involved in existing agricultural activities, including agricultural produce industries,
 - (b) to maintain the non-urban landscape and development characters of certain rural and environment protection zones.
- (2) This clause applies to land in the following zones:
 - (a) Zone RU2 Rural Landscape,
 - (b) Zone E3 Environmental Management.
- (3) Development consent must not be granted for the erection of a rural worker's dwelling on land to which this clause applies unless the consent authority is satisfied that:
 - (a) the development will be on the same lot as an existing lawfully erected dwelling house or dual occupancy (attached), and
 - (b) the development will not impair the use of the land for agricultural activities, including agricultural produce industries, and
 - (c) the agricultural activity or agricultural produce industry has an economic capacity to support the ongoing employment of rural workers, and
 - (d) the development is necessary considering the nature of the existing or proposed agricultural activity or agricultural produce industry occurring on the land or as a result of the remote or isolated location of the land, and
 - (e) there will be not more than one rural worker's dwelling on the lot, and
 - (f) the development will be a single storey building with a maximum floor area of 120 square metres or not more than 20% of the floor area of any existing dwelling house on that land, whichever is greater.

4.2C Exceptions to minimum subdivision lot sizes for certain land in Zones RU2 and E3

- (1) The objective of this clause is to allow the owners of certain land to which the following environmental planning instruments applied to excise a home-site area from an existing lot (or existing holding) by the means of a subdivision:
 - (a) *Campbelltown Local Environmental Plan No 1,*
 - (b) *Interim Development Order No 15—City of Campbelltown.*
- (2) Subclause (3) applies to each lot to which *Campbelltown Local Environmental Plan No 1* applied immediately before its repeal that:
 - (a) was in existence on 26 June 1981, and
 - (b) is in Zone E3 Environmental Management, and
 - (c) has an area of at least 10 hectares.
- (3) Development consent must not be granted to the subdivision of the land to which this subclause applies unless the proposed subdivision will result in the

- creation of only 2 lots, each of which must have an area of at least 2 hectares.
- (4) Subclause (5) applies to each lot to which *Interim Development Order No 15—City of Campbelltown* applied immediately before its repeal that:
 - (a) was in existence on 18 July 1973, and
 - (b) is in Zone RU2 Rural Landscape.
 - (5) Development consent must not be granted to the subdivision of the land to which this subclause applies unless the smallest lot to be created has an area of at least 2 hectares and is required for the erection of a dwelling house for occupation by:
 - (a) the person who owned the land on 18 July 1973, or
 - (b) a relative of that owner, or
 - (c) a person employed or engaged by that owner in the use of land of the owner adjoining or adjacent to that lot for the purpose of agriculture.
 - (6) The total number of lots that may be created by the subdivision of land to which subclause (5) applies, whether by one or more subdivisions, must not exceed:
 - (a) if the land to be subdivided had an area of less than 10 hectares—nil, or
 - (b) if the land to be subdivided had an area of at least 10 hectares but less than 40 hectares—1, or
 - (c) if the land to be subdivided had an area of at least 40 hectares but less than 80 hectares—2, or
 - (d) if the land to be subdivided had an area of at least 80 hectares—3.

4.2D Exceptions to minimum subdivision lot sizes for certain land in Zone E4

- (1) The objective of this clause is to permit the subdivision of certain land in the East Edge Scenic Protection Lands Area to create lots of a size that are less than the minimum lot size shown on the Lot Size Map in relation to that land.
- (2) This clause applies to land identified as “1 ha” on the Lot Averaging Map.
- (3) Despite clause 4.1, development consent may be granted to the subdivision of land to which this clause applies if the subdivision will not create a number of lots that is more than the number resulting from multiplying the total area of the land being subdivided by the maximum density control number specified on the Lot Averaging Map in relation to that land.
- (4) Development consent must not be granted under this clause unless the consent authority is satisfied that:
 - (a) the pattern of lots created by the subdivision, the provision of access and services and the location of any future buildings on the land will not have a significant detrimental impact on native vegetation, and
 - (b) each lot to be created by the subdivision contains a suitable land area for:
 - (i) a dwelling house, and
 - (ii) an appropriate asset protection zone relating to bush fire hazard, and

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- (iii) if reticulated sewerage is not available to the lot—on-site sewage treatment, management and disposal, and
- (iv) other services related to the use of the land for residential occupation, and
- (c) if reticulated sewerage is not available to the lot—a geotechnical assessment demonstrates to the consent authority's satisfaction that the lot can suitably accommodate the on-site treatment, management and disposal of effluent, and
- (d) adequate arrangements are in place for the provision of infrastructure to service the needs of development in the locality.

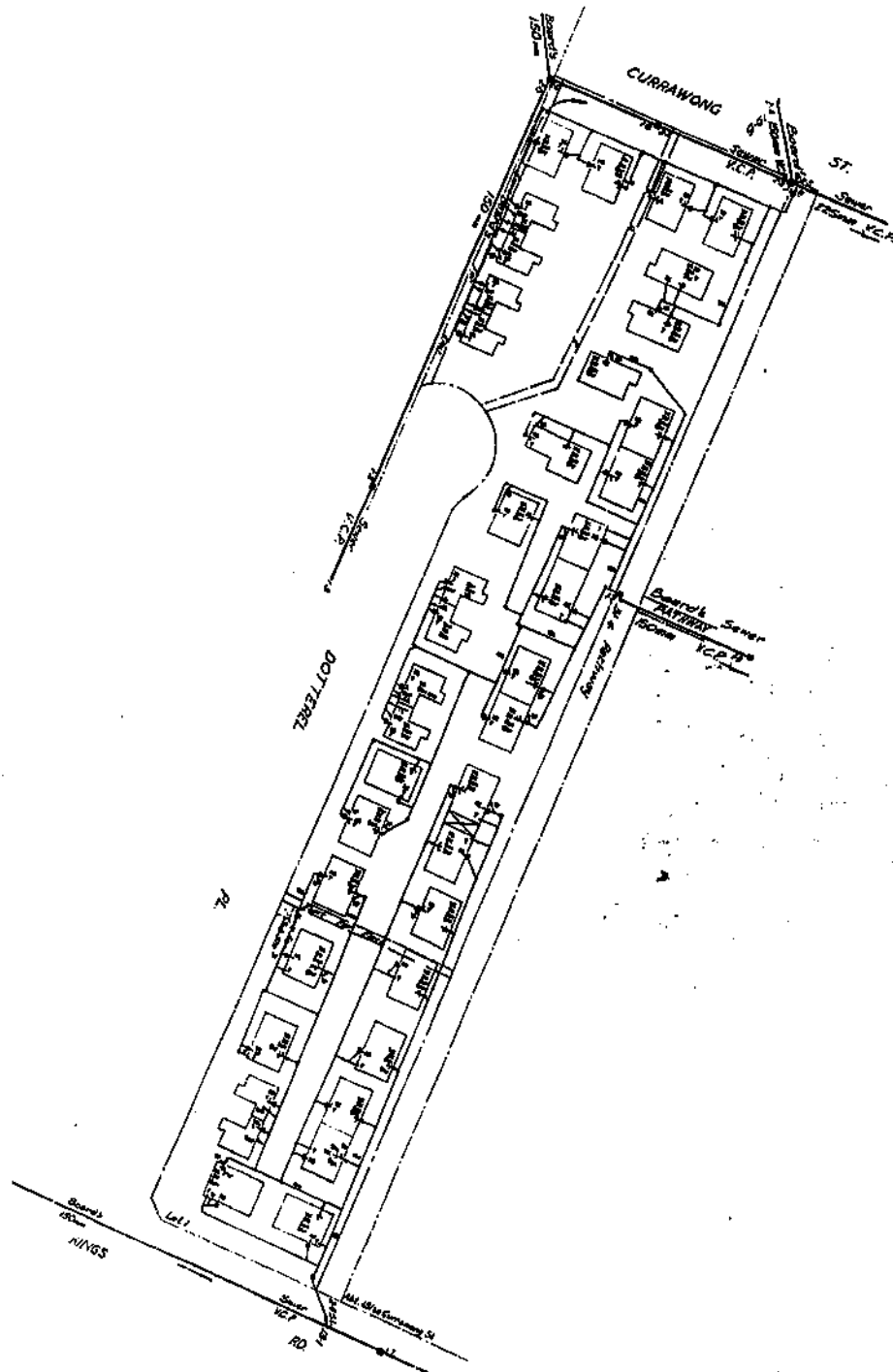
NOTE: A copy of the complete written instrument for the Campbelltown Local Environmental Plan 2015 is available on the NSW Legislation website at: <http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au>

AI CAMP
S.S.D. 867340



Scale 1:500

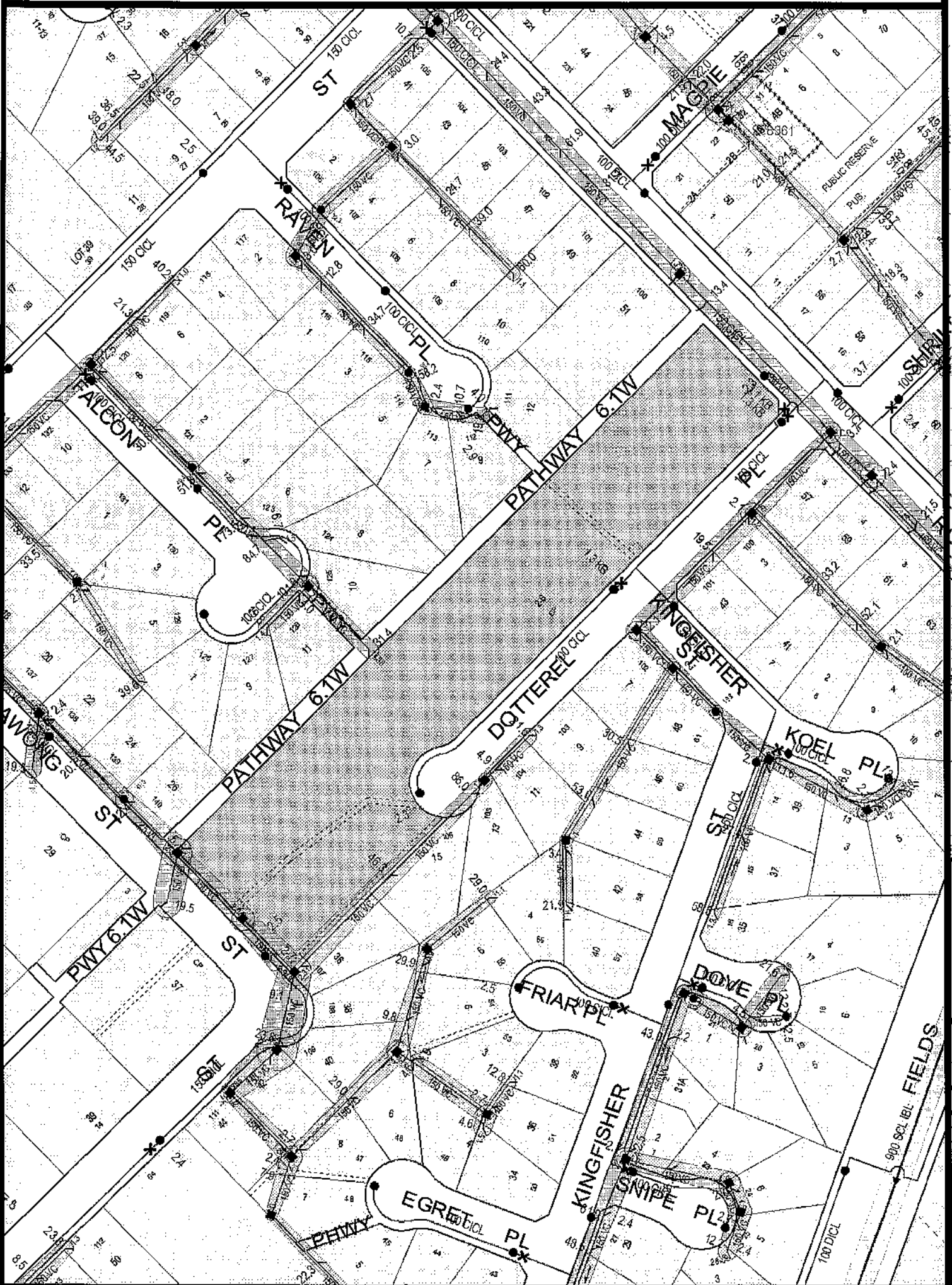
Description of Connections		Meters and Appointments		No. 867340	
1	Water	1	Water	1	Water
2	Gas	2	Gas	2	Gas
3	Electricity	3	Electricity	3	Electricity
4	Telephone	4	Telephone	4	Telephone
5	Other	5	Other	5	Other



S.P. 9680

Copy Not To Scale

NOTE: This diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Sydney Water's records. The existence and position of Sydney Water's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Sydney Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximately only.



NOTE This diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Sydney Water's records. The existence and position of Sydney Water's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Sydney Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximately only.

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is made on the 20th March 2015 AT LIVERPOOL NSW 2170

BETWEEN

LANDLORD: (Name/s) **SILVANA WILLIAMS**

Name of landlord's agent: C/- CENTURY 21 COMBINED REAL ESTATE
19-22/297-327 MACQUARIE STREET
LIVERPOOL NSW 2170
PH: 9601 5944

TENANT: (Name/s) **SANDRA LEIGH PAUL**

Address for services of notices (if different to address of premises):

N/A

Other people who will ordinarily live at the premises may be listed here (cross out if not needed)

N/A

PREMISES: The landlord gives the tenant the right to occupy the premises at
9/2-4 DOTTEREL PLACE, INGLEBURN NSW 2565

INCLUSIONS: The following space and storeroom (cross out if not needed)
GARAGE

TERM: The term of this agreement is **TWELVE MONTHS** starting on **21/03/15** and ending on **20/03/16**

RENT: The rent will be **\$350.00** per week payable in advance starting on **21/03/15**

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) To the landlord or landlords agent at 19-22/297-327 MACQUARIE STREET, LIVERPOOL by Money order, personal cheque or bank cheque **ONLY**, or

(b) Into the following account or any other account nominated by the landlord or landlords agent:

Bank: **St George**

Account Name: **Integrity Real Estate**

BSB Number: **332 018**

Account Number: **100362156**

Payment Reference Number: **9240**, or

(c) As follows: Payment can also be made by the following method (e.g.: DIRECT DEBIT, PHONE PAYMENT, B PAY) **AT NO STAGE WILL CASH BE ACCEPTED IN THE OFFICE**

Note: The landlord or landlords agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank or other account fees usually payable for the tenants transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonable to the tenant.

RENTAL BOND BOARD: (Cross out if there is not going to be a bond)

A rental bond of **\$1400.00** to be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

Maximum number of occupants

No more than **ONE ADULT** may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrical repairs:	<u>Romano & Sons Electrical</u>	<u>Telephone: 0409 465 761</u>
Plumbing repairs:	<u>APT Plumbing Services</u>	<u>Telephone: 9727 5736</u>
Locksmith repairs	<u>Xtreme Locksmith - Shaun</u>	<u>Telephone: 0404 804 444</u>
Glass repairs:	<u>Liverpool Glass Company</u>	<u>Telephone: 9607 6566</u>

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? Yes

If yes, see clauses 11 and 12.

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? Yes

If yes, see clause 35.

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is signed.

Tenancy laws

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010* apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

S L Paul

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

The residential premises include: *[List things such as a parking space, garage, storeroom or furniture provided (attach inventory)]*

Note: If the premises include a garage, the garage is provided for the purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of goods.

The residential premises **do not include:** *[List anything such as a parking space, garage or storeroom which do not form part of the residential premises]*

RENT A tenant must pay the rent on or before the day set out in this agreement.

The rent is \$ _____ per _____ payable in advance starting on _____ / _____ / _____

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) to _____ at _____ by cash or cheque, or

(b) into the following account, or any other account subsequently nominated by the landlord:

Name of Financial Institution: _____ BSB number: _____

Account number: _____

Account name: _____

Payment reference: _____, or

(c) as follows: _____

The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable.

Note. The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

RENTAL BOND *[cross out if there is not going to be a bond]*

A rental bond of \$ _____ must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement.

The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS.

No more than _____ persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Other people who will ordinarily live at the premises may be listed here (cross out if not needed):

URGENT REPAIRS Nominated tradesperson(s) for urgent repairs and their contact details:

Electrical repairs: _____

Plumbing repairs: _____

Glass repairs: _____

Locksmith: _____

Other repairs: _____

WATER USAGE

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? Yes No . If yes, see clauses 11 and 12.

STRATA BY-LAWS

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? Yes No . If yes, see clause 35 and clause 54.

CONDITION REPORT

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is signed and forms part of this agreement.

TENANCY LAWS

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010* apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

1. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "Residential premises".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

2. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:
- 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when this agreement is signed and given by the tenant to the landlord or a person on the landlord's behalf, and
- 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

3. **The tenant agrees:**

- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4. **The landlord agrees:**

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque) and to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.7 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

5. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. **The landlord and the tenant agree:**

- 6.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 6.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 6.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

7. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:

- 7.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
- 7.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
- 7.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.

8. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

9. **The landlord agrees** to pay:

- 9.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 9.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 9.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 9.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 9.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 9.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 9.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 9.8 all charges for the availability of gas to the residential premises if the premises do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises for any purpose.

10. **The tenant agrees** to pay:

- 10.1 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 10.2 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises, and
- 10.3 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 10.4 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 10.5 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 11 and the residential premises:

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

- 10.5.1** are separately metered, or
10.5.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

11. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:

- 11.1** the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
11.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
11.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
11.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
11.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,
11.4.2 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,
11.4.3 there are no leaking taps at the commencement of this agreement or when the water efficiency measures are installed, whichever is the later.

12. The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

13. The landlord agrees:

- 13.1** to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
13.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

14. The landlord agrees:

- 14.1** that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
14.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
14.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

15. The tenant agrees:

- 15.1** not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
15.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
15.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
15.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and

- 15.5** not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

16. The tenant agrees:

- 16.1** to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
16.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
16.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
16.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes and batteries for smoke detectors on the residential premises.
16.5 To notify the landlord or the landlord's agent immediately if any smoke detector or smoke alarm in the premises is not working properly so that the landlord can attend to the landlord's obligation referred to in clause 38.1 of this agreement.

17. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

- 17.1** to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
17.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
17.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
17.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises, and
17.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
17.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

18. The landlord agrees:

- 18.1** to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and
18.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
18.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
18.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and
18.5 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises.

URGENT REPAIRS

19. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

- 19.1** the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

- 19.2** the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 19.3** the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 19.4** the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 19.5** the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 19.6** the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are *urgent repairs* are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

20. The landlord agrees:

- 20.1** to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 20.2** to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

21. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22. The landlord and tenant agree:

- 22.1** that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 22.2** that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

23. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

- 23.1** in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 23.2** if the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal so orders,
- 23.3** if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,

- 23.4** if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
- 23.5** to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 23.6** to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 23.7** to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 23.8** to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 23.9** to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 23.10** if the tenant agrees.

24. The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 23.5, 23.6, 23.7, 23.8 or 23.9 of this agreement:

- 24.1** must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 24.2** may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- 24.3** must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.

25. The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.

26. The tenant agrees to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO THE PREMISES

27. The tenant agrees:

- 27.1** not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 27.2** not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 27.3** to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 27.4** to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

28. The landlord agrees not to unreasonably refuse permission for the installation of a fixture by the tenant or to a minor alteration, addition or renovation by the tenant.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

29. The landlord agrees:

- 29.1** to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

- 29.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 29.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 29.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 29.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

30. The tenant agrees:

- 30.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
 - 30.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
31. A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

32. The landlord and tenant agree that:

- 32.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 32.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 32.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 32.4 without limiting clause 32.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises,

Note. Clauses 32.3 and 32.4 do not apply to social tenancy housing agreements.

- 33. **The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

34. The landlord agrees:

- 34.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 34.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 34.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 34.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

- 35. **The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant within 7 days of entering into this agreement a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*, the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

- 36. **The rules of law** relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 37. **The landlord agrees** that where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, then the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with details of the amount claimed and with copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim and a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

- 38. **The landlord agrees** to ensure that smoke alarms are installed and maintained in the residential premises in accordance with section 146A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that section requires them to be installed in the premises.
- 39. **The landlord and tenant each agree** not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

- 40. **The landlord agrees** to ensure that the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- both the landlord and tenant agree to the terms, and
- they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 or any other Act, and
- they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

ADDITIONAL TERM – AGREEMENT TO USE PREVIOUS CONDITION REPORT

41. The landlord and tenant agree that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated / / (insert a date if the landlord and tenant agree to this clause) forms part of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM – BREAK FEE

[Cross out clauses 42 and 43 if not applicable]

42. The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount:

42.1 if the fixed term is for 3 years or less, 6 weeks rent if less than half of the term has expired or 4 weeks rent in any other case, or

42.2 if the fixed term is for more than 3 years,

\$

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates the residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility.

Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

43. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term is limited to the amount specified in clause 42 and any occupation fee payable under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for goods left on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM – PETS

44. The tenant agrees not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.
45. The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animals on the residential premises:

46. The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned and/or to have the residential premises fumigated if the cleaning or fumigation is required because animals have been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy, and the tenant agrees to repair any damage caused by animals kept on the premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM – TENANT'S CARE AND USE OF THE PREMISES

47. Further to clause 16, the tenant agrees:

47.1. To clean the premises regularly with special attention to the kitchen, bathroom and appliances;

- 47.2. To put nothing down any sink, toilet or drain likely to cause obstruction or damage;
- 47.3. To wrap up and place garbage in a suitable container;
- 47.4. To keep the grounds and garden tidy and free of rubbish;
- 47.5. To take special care of the items let with the premises including any furniture, furnishings and appliances;
- 47.6. To do no decorating that involves painting, marking or defacing the premises or fixing posters without the prior written consent of the landlord or an order of the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal;
- 47.7. To ensure that nothing is done that may prejudice any insurance policy or increase the premium payable under any insurance policy held by the landlord in relation to the premises; (A copy of which policy will be made available to the tenant upon request);
- 47.8. To notify the landlord promptly of any infectious disease or the presence of rats, cockroaches, fleas or other pests.
- 47.9. To ventilate, in an adequate and timely manner, all bathroom, laundry and kitchen areas to prevent the growth of mould.
- 47.10. Not to remove, alter or damage any water efficiency measure installed in the premises

ADDITIONAL TERM – TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

48. The tenant agrees:

- 48.1. To leave, in the same manner of connection or operation, any telephone service installed in the premises at the commencement of the agreement;
- 48.2. The availability of telephone/fax lines; internet services; analogue, digital or cable television (and the adequacy of such services); are the sole responsibility of the tenant and the tenant should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before executing this agreement. The landlord does not warrant that any telephone/fax plugs, antenna sockets or other such sockets or service points located in the premises are serviceable, or will otherwise meet the requirements of the tenant, and tenants must rely upon their own enquiries.

ADDITIONAL TERM – RENTAL BOND

49. The tenant agrees not to apply any rental bond towards payment of the rent without the prior written consent of the landlord.

ADDITIONAL TERM – OCCUPANTS

50. The tenant agrees:

- 50.1. Not to part with possession other than in accordance with the provisions of this agreement or the Residential Tenancies Act; and
- 50.2. To ensure that occupants and other persons who come on to the premises with the tenant's consent comply with the conditions of the agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM – TERMINATION

51. The tenant agrees, upon termination of the agreement, to promptly and peacefully deliver up vacant possession of the premises, which shall include the handing over of all keys, and to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of the tenant's forwarding address.
52. Notwithstanding any termination of the agreement, the tenant acknowledges that they may be liable to pay, as compensation to the landlord, an amount equivalent to the rent until such time as all keys are returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent.

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

53. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 53.1. Any action by the landlord or the tenant to terminate the agreement shall not affect any claim for compensation in respect of a breach of the agreement; and
- 53.2. The acceptance of or demand for rent or other money by the landlord after service of a termination notice for breach does not operate as a waiver of that notice nor does it evidence the creation of a new tenancy.

Note: if the tenant breaches the agreement the landlord should refer to section 187(2) of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

ADDITIONAL TERM – STATUTES, BY-LAWS AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS

54. The tenant agrees:

- 54.1. To observe all relevant statutes, statutory regulations and by-laws relating to health, safety, noise and other housing standards with respect to the premises; and
- 54.2. Where the premises are subject to the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996, the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989, to observe and comply with any applicable by-laws and/or management statements.
- 54.3. Where the premises are a flat (not subject to the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989) the tenant agrees to comply with the By-laws contained in Schedule 1 of this agreement

ADDITIONAL TERM – SWIMMING POOLS

(this clause does not apply when there is no pool on the premises)

55. Unless otherwise agreed by the landlord and tenant in writing, the tenant agrees:

- 55.1. to vacuum, brush and clean the pool, backwash the filter and empty the leaf basket(s) regularly keeping them free from leaf litter and other debris;
- 55.2. to have the pool water tested once a month at a pool shop and to purchase and use the appropriate chemicals to keep the water clean and clear;
- 55.3. to keep the water level above the filter inlet at all times;
- 55.4. to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent as soon as practicable of any problems with the pool or equipment; and
- 55.5. not to interfere with the operation of any pool safety fence or gate including not propping or holding open any safety gate, nor leaving any item near a pool safety fence which would aid or allow access by children to the pool area.

ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM (for a fixed term of less than 2 years):

56. By completing this clause, the parties agree that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:

56.1. the rent will be increased to

\$ _____ per _____
 _____ on ____ / ____ / ____; and
 to \$ _____ per _____
 _____ on ____ / ____ / ____; or

56.2. the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

Notice of a rent increase must be given by a landlord or landlord's agent even if details of the rent increase are set out in the residential tenancy agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM (for a fixed term of 2 years or more)

57. By completing this clause, the parties agree that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:

57.1. the rent will be increased to

\$ _____ per _____
 _____ on ____ / ____ / ____; and
 to \$ _____ per _____
 _____ on ____ / ____ / ____; or

57.2. the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

Notice of a rent increase must be given by a landlord or landlord's agent even if details of the rent increase are set out in the residential tenancy agreement

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months, and may be increased whether or not the agreement sets out the amount of the increase or the method of calculating the increase.

ADDITIONAL TERM – CONDITION REPORT FORMS PART OF THIS AGREEMENT

58. For avoidance of doubt

- 58.1. a condition report which accompanies this tenancy agreement, forms part of this agreement; and
- 58.2. a condition report that is signed by both the landlord and the tenant is presumed to be a correct statement, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, of the state of repair or general condition of the residential premises on the day specified in the report.

TENANCY DATABASES

NOTE: The landlord or the landlord's agent advises that the tenant's personal information may be used and disclosed for the purpose of listing the tenant on a tenancy database.

SCHEDULE 1

SPECIAL CONDITIONS – FLATS

- By-law 1. Noise.**
The tenant must not create any noise in the flat or on the common area likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the tenant of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.
- By-law 2. Vehicles.**
The tenant must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on the common area except with the written approval of the landlord.
- By-law 3. Obstruction of common area.**
The tenant must not obstruct lawful use of the common area by any person.
- By-law 4. Damage to lawns and plants on the common area.**
The tenant must not:
a damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on the common area, or
b use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the the common area.
- By-law 5. Damage to common areas.**
The tenant must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the the common area without the approval in writing of the landlord or an order of the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal.
- By-law 6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers.**
An owner or occupier of a flat when on the common area must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the tenant of another flat or to any person lawfully using the common area.
- By-law 7. Children playing on common areas in building**
The tenant must not permit any child of whom the tenant has control to play on the common area within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the common area comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.
- By-law 8. Behaviour of invitees.**
The tenant must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the tenant do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the tenant of another flat or any person lawfully using the common area.
- By-law 9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common areas.**
The tenant must not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the tenant of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.
- By-law 10. Drying of laundry items.**
A tenant of a flat must not, except with the consent in writing of the landlord, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the landlord for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.
- By-law 11. Preservation of fire safety**
The tenant of a flat must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the tenant to do any thing on the lot or the common area that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices or to reduce the level of fire safety in the flats or the common area.
- By-law 12. Cleaning windows and doors.**
The tenant must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the flat, including so much as is common area.
- By-law 13. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials.**
1 The tenant must not, except with the approval in writing of the landlord, use or store on the flat or on the common area any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
2 This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.
- By-law 14. Moving furniture and other objects on or through the common area.**
The tenant must not transport any furniture or large object through or on the common area within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the landlord to arrange for a person to be present at the time when the tenant does so.
- By-law 15. Garbage disposal.**
The tenant:
a must maintain within the flat, or on such part of the common area as may be authorised by the landlord, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
b must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and
c for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the landlord and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and
d when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the flat or other area referred to in paragraph (a),
e must not place any thing in the receptacle of the tenant of any other flat except with the permission of that tenant, and
f must promptly remove any thing which the tenant or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- By-law 16. Keeping of animals.**
The tenant must not, without the approval in writing of the landlord, keep any animal on the flat or the common area.
- By-law 17. Appearance of flat.**
1 The tenant of a flat must not, without the written consent of the landlord, maintain within the flat anything visible from outside the flat that, viewed from outside the flat, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
2 This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in By-law 10.
- By-law 18. Notice – Board.**
A landlord must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common area.
- By-law 19. Change in use of flat to be notified.**
An occupier of a flat must notify the landlord if the occupier changes the existing use of the flat in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the landlord (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out in the flat, or results in the flat being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

Management/Leasing Agreements

PRIVACY ACT 1988

COLLECTION NOTICE

The Agent uses personal information collected from or about the Principal to act as the Principal's agent and to perform their obligations under this agreement. The Agent may also use such information collected to promote the services of the Agent and/ or seek potential clients.

The Agent may disclose information to other parties including media organizations, on the internet, to potential tenants and their advisers, or to clients of the Agent both existing and potential, as well as to tradespeople, owners' corporations, government and statutory bodies, and to third parties as required by law..

The Agent will only disclose information to other parties as required to perform their duties under this agreement, to achieve the purposes specified above or as otherwise allowed under the Privacy Act 1988.

If the Principal would like to access this information, they can do so by contacting the Agent at the address and contact numbers contained in this agreement. The Principal can also correct this information if it is inaccurate, incomplete or out-of-date.

Real estate and tax law requires some of this information to be collected. If the information is not provided, the Agent may not be able to act on the Principal's behalf effectively or at all.

JL Paul.
20/3/15


RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

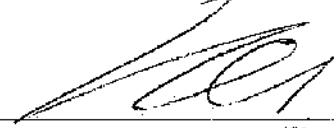
**THE LANDLORD AND TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT (which includes the Condition Report)
AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.**

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD

*Signed for and behalf of
Silvana Williams*

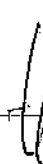
in the presence of: FRANK PELLIZZERI
(Name of witness)



(Signature of witness)


(Signature of landlord)

SIGNED BY THE TENANT

in the presence of: FRANK PELLIZZERI
(Name of witness)


(Signature of witness)



(Signature of tenant)

In the presence of: _____
(Name of witness)

(Signature of witness)

(Signature of tenant)

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.


(Signature of tenant)

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

WHERE TO GET HELP

ENGLISH

For information about this agreement or help with any tenancy problem telephone the Office of Fair Trading on 9377 9100 or 1800 451 301.

If you need an interpreter telephone 13 14 50 and the interpreter will contact the Office of Fair Trading for you.

ARABIC

وسائل للحصول على مساعدة

للمزيد من المعلومات عن هذه الاتفاقية أو لمساعدة في أية مشكلة تتعلق بالاستئجار اتصل هاتفياً بمكتب التجارة العادلة على أحد الرقمين: 9377 9100 أو 1800 451 301.

وإذا احتجت لمترجم على الهاتف اتصل على الرقم 13 14 50 ليقوم مترجم بالاتصال بمكتب التجارة العادلة نيابة عنك.

尋求協助

CHINESE

如欲獲得有關本協議的資料或任何有關租賃問題的協助，請致電公平貿易處，電話 9377 9100 或 1800 451 301。

如果您需要傳譯員的協助，請致電 13 14 50，傳譯員會代您聯絡公平貿易處。

GDJE SE MOŽETE OBRATITI ZA POMOĆ

CROATIAN

Za informacije o ovom sporazumu ili za pomoć oko bilo kakvog problema u svezi stambenih pitanja, nazovite Ured za pravедno poslovanje (Office of Fair Trading) na 9377 9100 ili 1800 451 301.

Ako trebate pomoć tumača, nazovite 13 14 50 i tumač će u Vaše ime nazvati Ured za pravедno poslovanje.

ΠΟΥ ΜΠΟΡΕΙΤΕ ΝΑ ΒΡΕΙΤΕ ΒΟΗΘΕΙΑ

GREEK

Για πληροφορίες σχετικά μ' αυτή τη συμφωνία ή για βοήθεια με οποιοδήποτε πρόβλημα ενοικίασης τηλεφωνήστε στο Γραφείο Θεμιτού Εμπορίου στο 9377 9100 ή 1800 451 301.

Αν χρειάζεστε διερμηνέα τηλεφωνήστε στο 13 14 50 και ο διερμηνέας θα επικοινωνήσει με το Γραφείο Θεμιτού Εμπορίου για λογαριασμό σας.

A CHI RIVOLGERSI PER ASSISTENZA

ITALIAN

Per informazioni su questo contratto o per ottenere assistenza per qualsiasi problema in materia di affitto di un'abitazione, telefonate all'Office of Fair Trading al numero 9377 9100 oppure 1800 451 301.

Se vi serve un interprete, telefonate al numero 13 14 50 e l'interprete contatterà l'Office of Fair Trading per vostro conto.

កម្រិតទទួលបានជំនួយ

KHMER

ដើម្បីទទួលបានព័ត៌មានអំពីកិច្ចព្រមព្រៀងនេះ ឬទទួលបានជំនួយអំពីបញ្ហាណាមួយស្តីពីការជួលទីលំនៅ សូមទូរស័ព្ទទៅការិយាល័យអាជ្ញាធរត្រូវត្រូវ (Office of Fair Trading) លេខ 9377 9100 ឬ 1800 451 301។

ប្រសិនបើលោកអ្នកត្រូវការអ្នកបកប្រែភាសា សូមទូរស័ព្ទលេខ 13 14 50 ទៅលេខ 13 14 50 ដើម្បីទទួលបានជំនួយពីអ្នកបកប្រែភាសាសិនទាក់ទងនឹងការជួល ការិយាល័យអាជ្ញាធរត្រូវត្រូវនឹងទទួលបានជំនួយ។

도움을 받을 수 있는 곳

KOREAN

본 계약에 관해 정보가 필요하시거나 임차 문제로 도움이 필요하실 경우엔 9377 9100 또는 1800 451 301로 공정거래국 (Office of Fair Trading)에 전화하십시오.

통역이 필요하실 경우엔 13 14 50으로 전화하시면 통역사가 공정거래국에 전화해 드릴 것입니다.

ຈະສາມາດຮັບໄດ້ຈາກໃຜ

LAOTIAN

ເພື່ອຂໍຂໍ້ມູນກ່ຽວກັບ ຂໍ້ສັນຍາ ນີ້ ຫລື ການຮັບໄດ້ຈາກໃຜ ເຊື່ອງຜົນຫາກາມ ຊື່ເຮືອນໃດໆ ຈຶ່ງ ໂທສະສັບຫາ ຫອງກາມ ແລະ ພາຄດດິງ (Fair Trading) ຕາມເບີໂທສະສັບ ເລກ 9377 9100 ຫລື 1800 451 301.

ຖ້າທ່ານຕ້ອງການມາຍພາສາ ຈຶ່ງໂທສະສັບຫາເບີ 13 14 50 ແລວນາຍພາສາຈະຕິດຕໍ່ຫອງກາມ ແລະ ພາຄດດິງ ໂທທ່ານ.

КАДЕ МОЖЕТЕ ДА ДОБИТЕ ПОМОШ

MACEDONIAN

За информации во врска со овој договор или за помош во врска со било какви проблеми околу наемот, телефонирајте во Службата за праведна трговија (Office of Fair Trading) на 9377 9100 или на 1800 451 301.

Ако ви треба преведувач, телефонирајте на 13 14 50 и преведувачот ќе се јави во Службата за праведна трговија за вас.

FEJN TIKSEB L-GHAJNUNA

MALTESE

Għal tagħrif dwar dan il-ftehim jew għajnuna dwar kwalunkwe problema tal-kiri ċempel lil l-Uffiċċju tan-Negożju bil-Fier (Office of Fair Trading) fuq 9377 9100 jew 1800 451 301.

Jekk għandek bżonn interpretu ċempel 13 14 50 u l-interpretu ser jikkuntattja l-Uffiċċju tan-Negożju bil-Fier għan-nom tiegħek.

PERSIAN

مراجع دریافت کمک

برای گرفتن اطلاعات در باره این موافقتنامه و کمک در مورد هر مشکل مربوط به اجاره نشینی به دفتر معاملات عادلانه، شماره ۹۳۷۷ ۹۱۰۰ یا ۱۸۰۰ ۴۵۱ ۳۰۱ تلفن بزنید.

اگر مترجم لازم دارید به شماره ۱۳ ۱۴۵۰ تلفن کنید و یک مترجم از جانب شما با دفتر معاملات عادلانه تماس خواهد گرفت.

GDZIE MOŻNA UZYSKAĆ POMOC

POLISH

Po informacji dotyczące tej umowy lub pomoc we wszelkich sprawach związanych z najmem zadzwoń do Urzędu Uzcłwego Handlu (Office of Fair Trading) pod numer 9377 9100 lub 1800 451 301.

Jeśli potrzebujesz pomocy tłumacza, zadzwoń pod numer 13 14 50, a tłumacz skontaktuje się z Urzędem Uzcłwego Handlu w Twoim imieniu.

ONDE OBTER AJUDA

PORTUGUESE

Para obter informações sobre este acordo ou ajuda com qualquer problema sobre inquilinato, telefone para o Office of Fair Trading (Repartição de Comércio Equitativo) no número 9377 9100 ou 1800 451 301.

Se precisar do serviço de um intérprete, telefone para o número 13 14 50 e um intérprete contactará o Office of Fair Trading em seu nome.

ГДЕ МОЖЕТЕ ДА СЕ ОБРАТИТЕ ЗА ПОМОЋ

SERBIAN

За информације о овом уговору или помоћ око било каквих станарских проблема, назовите Службу за правилно пословање на 9377 9100 или 1800 451 301.

Ако вам је потребан тумач, назовите 13 14 50 и тумач ће за вас да контактира Службу за правилно пословање.

DÓNDE OBTENER AYUDA

SPANISH

Si desea información sobre este acuerdo o ayuda para cualquier problema de arriendo, llame a la Office of Fair Trading (Oficina de Prácticas Comerciales Equitativas) al 9377 9100 o al 1800 451 301.

Si necesita un intérprete llame al 13 14 50 y el intérprete contactará a la Office of Fair Trading de parte suya.

NEREDEN YARDIM ALABİLİRSİNİZ

TURKISH

Bu anlaşma hakkında bilgi veya herhangi bir kiracılık sorunu için yardım almak üzere 9377 9100 veya 1800 451 301 numaralı telefonlardan Dürüst Ticaret Dairesi'ni arayın.

Bir tercümana gereksiniminiz varsa 13 14 50'yi arayın, tercüman Dürüst Ticaret Dairesi ile ilişkiye geçecektir.

NEU MUÓN ĐƯỢC GIÚP ĐỒ

VIETNAMESE

Muốn biết chi tiết về thỏa ước này hoặc muốn được giúp đỡ nếu có vấn đề nào về thuê nhà, xin điện thoại Sở Công bằng Mậu dịch (Office of Fair Trading) số điện thoại 9377 9100 hoặc 1800 451 301.

Nếu quý vị cần thông dịch viên, xin điện thoại đến số 13 14 50 và thông dịch viên sẽ điện thoại đến Sở Công bằng Mậu dịch cho quý vị.