

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2026 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	Osborn George 20A William Street, Raymond Terrace NSW 2324	phone: 02 4987 3571 email: joel.osborn@osborngeorge.com.au ref: Joel Osborn

co-agent

vendor

vendor's solicitor	Osborn Law Level 2, 14 Watt Street Newcastle NSW 2300	phone: 02 4927 2900 email: yvonnee@osbornlaw.com.au ref: 22838
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date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42 days after the contract date 2 WOOD STREET, RAYMOND TERRACE NSW 2324 LOT 7 DEPOSITED PLAN 38021 Folio Identifier Folio Identifier 7/38021	(clause 15)
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	☐ VACANT POSSESSION ☒ subject to existing tenancies
improvements	☒ HOUSE ☒ garage ☐ carport ☐ home unit ☐ carspace ☐ storage space ☐ none ☐ other:

attached copies	☒ documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: ☐ other documents:
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A real estate agent is permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	☐ air conditioning	☐ curtains	☒ insect screens	☐ range hood
	☒ blinds	☐ dishwasher	☐ internet/TV receiver	☐ solar panels
	☐ built-in wardrobes	☐ EV charger	☒ light fittings	☐ solar power battery
	☐ ceiling fans	☒ fixed floor coverings	☐ pool equipment	☒ stove
	☒ clothes line	☐ other:		

exclusions

purchaser

purchaser's solicitor

price	
deposit	
balance	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)

contract date	(if not stated, the date this contract was made)
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Where there is more than one purchaser ☐ JOINT TENANTS
☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequal shares, specify:

GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$

buyer's agent

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR	PURCHASER
Signed by _____ Vendor _____ Vendor	Signed by _____ Purchaser _____ Purchaser
VENDOR (COMPANY)	PURCHASER (COMPANY)
Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below: _____ Signature of authorised person _____ Signature of authorised person _____ Name of authorised person _____ Name of authorised person _____ Office held _____ Office held	Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below: _____ Signature of authorised person _____ Signature of authorised person _____ Name of authorised person _____ Name of authorised person _____ Office held _____ Office held

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond**☐ NO ☐ yes**Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)** (clause 4)

PEXA

Manual transaction (clause 30)☒ NO ☐ yes

(if yes, vendor must provide further details, including any applicable exemption, in the space below):

Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)**Land tax** is adjustable☒ NO ☐ yes**GST: Taxable supply**☒ NO ☐ yes in full ☐ yes to an extent**Margin scheme** will be used in making the taxable supply☒ NO ☐ yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))☒ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)**Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment**☐ NO ☐ yes (if yes, vendor must provide details)

(GST residential withholding payment)

If the details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice at least 7 days before the date for completion.

GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) – details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's representative:

Supplier's contact phone number:

Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment:

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTRW rate (residential withholding rate): \$

Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time (specify):Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? ☐ NO ☐ yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
☒ 1 property certificate for the land ☒ 2 plan of the land ☐ 3 unregistered plan of the land ☐ 4 plan of land to be subdivided ☐ 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan ☒ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 ☒ 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) ☐ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location print) ☒ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewer service diagram) ☒ 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract ☐ 11 <i>planning agreement</i> ☐ 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant) ☐ 13 survey report ☐ 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i> ☐ 15 occupation certificate ☐ 16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) ☐ 17 other document relevant to tenancies ☐ 18 licence benefiting the land ☐ 19 old system document ☐ 20 Crown purchase statement of account ☐ 21 building management statement ☐ 22 form of requisitions ☐ 23 <i>clearance certificate</i> ☒ 24 land tax certificate	☐ 33 property certificate for strata common property ☐ 34 plan creating strata common property ☐ 35 strata by-laws ☐ 36 strata development contract ☐ 37 strata management statement ☐ 38 strata renewal proposal ☐ 39 strata renewal plan ☐ 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property ☐ 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property ☐ 42 plan creating neighbourhood property ☐ 43 neighbourhood development contract ☐ 44 neighbourhood management statement ☐ 45 property certificate for precinct property ☐ 46 plan creating precinct property ☐ 47 precinct development contract ☐ 48 precinct management statement ☐ 49 property certificate for community property ☐ 50 plan creating community property ☐ 51 community development contract ☐ 52 community management statement ☐ 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws ☐ 54 document disclosing a change in a development contract or management statement ☐ 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries ☐ 56 information certificate (strata) ☐ 57 information certificate (association) ☐ 58 document relevant to an exclusive supply network ☐ 59 disclosure statement - off the plan contract ☐ 60 other document relevant to the off the plan contract Other ☐ 61
Home Building Act 1989 ☐ 25 insurance certificate ☐ 26 brochure or warning ☐ 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover Swimming Pools Act 1992 ☐ 28 certificate of compliance ☐ 29 evidence of registration ☐ 30 relevant occupation certificate ☐ 31 certificate of non-compliance ☐ 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance	

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- 1** This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2** **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3** There is **NO COOLING OFF PERIOD**—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- 4** A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- 5** The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures to resolve the dispute such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. **Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:**

Australian Taxation Office County Council Department of Education Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure Department of Primary Industries and Regional Development Electricity, gas and telecommunications Homes NSW	Local Council Local Land Services NSW Fair Trading NSW Public Works Owner of adjoining land Privacy Subsidence Advisory NSW Transport agencies Water, sewerage or drainage authority
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If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. **A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.**
3. **If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.**
4. **If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.**
5. **The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.**
6. **Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred. More information is available from Revenue NSW.**
7. **If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).**
8. **The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.**
9. **Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.**
10. **A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.**
11. **The purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.**
12. **Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the Australian Taxation Office.**
13. **From 1 July 2026, estate agents, solicitors, licensed conveyancers and other professions who provide a designated service will have regulatory obligations under the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing (AML/CTF) regime. These new obligations include customer due diligence and reporting to AUSTRAC. More details are available from AUSTRAC.**

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in *italics* is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>adjustment figures</i>	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
<i>authorised Subscriber</i>	a <i>Subscriber</i> (not being a <i>party's solicitor</i>) named in a notice served by a <i>party</i> as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>completion time</i>	the time of day at which completion is to occur;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor – • the issuer; • the expiry date (if any); and • the amount;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>discharging mortgagee</i>	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser;
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>ECNL</i>	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
<i>electronic document</i>	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;
<i>electronic transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
<i>electronic transfer</i>	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties' Conveyancing Transaction</i> ;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (15% as at 1 January 2025);
<i>FRCGW remittance</i>	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , being the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served by a party</i> ;
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>GSTRW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>GSTRW rate</i>);
<i>GSTRW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);
<i>incoming mortgagee</i>	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>manual transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> in which a dealing forming part of the <i>Lodgment Case</i> at or following completion cannot be <i>Digitally Signed</i> ;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>participation rules</i>	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL</i> ;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>populate</i>	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;

<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – • issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served</i> by the <i>party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>title data</i>	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> ;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 20 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

- 1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Sign*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by –
- 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the *depositholder*;
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*; or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can *terminate* if –
- 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.
- This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no *solicitor* the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must serve the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
- 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.10.2 if the purchaser serves prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.11.2 if the vendor serves prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 4 Electronic transaction**
- 4.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* unless –
- 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
- 4.1.2 a party serves a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the parties do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after service of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,
- and in both cases clause 30 applies.
- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as a *manual transaction* –
- 4.2.1 each party must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;
- incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
- 4.2.2 if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
- 4.3.1 in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
- 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the parties otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a party using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
- 4.4 A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry*.
- 4.5 *Normally*, the vendor must *within 7 days* of the contract date create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* with *title data* and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The parties must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6 –
- 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
- 4.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 4.7.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* or *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 4.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that –
- 4.11.1 all *electronic documents* which a party must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
- 4.11.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
- 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that party must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
- 4.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
- 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
- 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
- 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
- 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

- Normally*, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –
- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
- 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
- 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
- 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
- 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
- 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
- 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition* *within* 14 days after that *service*.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
- 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
- 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.
- 9 Purchaser's default**
- If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –
- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
- 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
- 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
- the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.
- 10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser**
- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
- 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
- 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
- 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).
- 11 Compliance with work orders**
- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.
- 12 Certificates and inspections**
- The vendor must do whatever is reasonably necessary to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
- 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
- 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7), the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense, but –
- 13.3.1 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
- 13.3.2 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
- 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
- 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
- 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –
- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor serves details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and –
- 14.2.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
- 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The *parties* must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can serve a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion**• Vendor**

- 16.1 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a *party* serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

• Purchaser

- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor –
- 16.5.1 the price less any –
- deposit paid;
 - *FRCGW* remittance payable;
 - *GSTRW* payment; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –
- 19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –
- 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be *refunded*;
 - 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –
- 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;
 - 20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 *served* if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –
- 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 4) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each *party* consents to –
- 20.16.1 any *party* signing this contract electronically; and
- 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party's* intention to be bound by this contract.
- 21 Time limits in these provisions**
- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.
- 22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975**
- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.
- 23 Strata or community title**
- Definitions and modifications**
- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development contract or management statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s174 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- Adjustments and liability for expenses**
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
- **Notices, certificates and inspections**
- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must serve a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must serve at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after service of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.
- 24 Tenancies**
- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must serve any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- 25 **Qualified title, limited title and old system title**
- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –
- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then serve the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7 days* after the contract date.
 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7 days* after *service* of the purchaser's part.
 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
 27.6.1 *within 42 days* after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 27.6.2 *within 30 days* after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
 28.2 The vendor must do whatever is reasonably necessary to have the plan registered *within 6 months* after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
 28.4 Either *party* can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event, but does not apply to an event to which clause 28 applies.
 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after the end of that time;
 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* serves notice of the refusal; and
 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
 • either *party* serving notice of the event happening;
 • every *party* who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 • the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.
- 30 Manual transaction**
- 30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.
- **Transfer**
- 30.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must serve the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser serves a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- **Place for completion**
- 30.6 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract – that address; or
- 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place – that place; or
- 30.6.3 in any other case – the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- **Payments on completion**
- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
- 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 30.12.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 30.12.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must –
- 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 30.13.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.
- 31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding**
- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor serves any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1** This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2** No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3** If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022 –
- 32.3.1** the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
- 32.3.2** the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

33. Inconsistency

33.1 Where an inconsistency arises between these additional clauses 33 to additional clauses 47 (inclusive) (Additional Clauses) and clause 1 to 32 (inclusive) of this Contract, the Additional Clauses will prevail.

34. Alterations to the printed form

34.1 The following clauses are amended as follows:

- (a) **Clause 2.9:** insert the following sentence "both parties are to provide their tax file numbers directly to the deposit holder. Any taxation credit payable by the Australian Taxation Office by reason of payment to the Australian Taxation Office of any portion of the interest paid in respect of the investment of the deposit shall be paid in the same proportions as the Vendor and the Purchaser are entitled to share in the income derived from the investment of the deposit."
- (b) **Clause 5.2:** is deleted.
- (c) **Clause 10.1:** after the word "terminate" insert the words "or delay completion".
- (d) **Clause 14.4.2:** is deleted.
- (e) **Clause 18.3:** Add the following new clauses:
 - 18.3.3** Provide the Vendor with certificate of currency noting Public Liability Insurance for not less than \$20million and noting the Vendor and the Vendor's mortgagee (if applicable) as an interested party.
 - 18.3.4** Pay weekly rent to the Vendor, as agreed between the parties in writing.
 - 18.3.5** Pay a bond to the Vendor's solicitor trust account prior to possession, as agreed between the parties in writing.
- (f) **Clause 22.2:** insert new sentence "The Purchaser will indemnify and keep the Vendor indemnified against the Purchaser's breach of this Clause 22".
- (g) **Clause 31.2:** is deleted.

34.2 Alterations to the Contract

The parties authorise their respective solicitors or conveyancers or any employee of those solicitors or conveyancers to alter this Contract up until the Contract Date. Any such alterations will be binding.

35. Interest and Notice to Complete

If the Purchaser completes this Contract but does not do so on or before the completion date, then on completion:

- (i) The Purchaser must pay the Vendor interest on the balance of the price from, but excluding the completion date, to and including the date of actual completion at the rate of 7% per annum; and
- (ii) Despite Clause 14.1, adjustments are to be made as at the earliest of the completion date, the date possession is given to the Purchaser and the date of actual completion.

35.1 Payment of interest in accordance with this Additional Clause 35 is an essential term of this Contract.

35.2 The Purchaser need not pay interest under this clause for any period that the Purchaser's failure to complete is caused solely by the Vendor.

35.3 Despite any rule of law or equity to the contrary, if a party is entitled to give a notice to complete, then 14 days (excluding the date on which the notice is given) is a reasonable period to allow for completion in that notice.

ADDITIONAL CLAUSES
CONTRACT OF SALE OF LAND 2022 EDITION

35.4 If the Vendor issues a Notice to Complete pursuant to a right under this Contract the Purchaser agrees to pay to the Vendor in addition to any other amounts payable pursuant to this Contract the amount of four hundred and forty dollars (\$440.00) including GST on completion to reimburse the Vendor for the cost of issuing the Notice to Complete. This clause does not affect the right of the Vendor to recover any other damages.

36. Acknowledgments by the Purchaser

The Purchaser acknowledges that:

36.1 The Purchaser was not induced to enter into this Contract by and did not rely on any representations or warranties about the subject matter of this Contract including, without limitation, representations or warranties about the nature or the fitness or suitability for any purpose of the property or about any financial return or income to be derived from the property except those representations and warranties set out in this Contract;

36.2 In entering into this Contract, the Purchaser has relied entirely on enquiries relating to the property made by or on the Purchaser's behalf; and

36.3 This **Additional Clause 36** will not merge on completion.

37. Agent Warranty

37.1 The Purchaser was not introduced to the Vendor or the property directly or indirectly through or by any person or real estate agent or other than the real estate agent referred to on page 1 of this Contract and indemnifies the Vendor against any claim for commission or demand made by any real estate agent who claims to be entitled to commission arising from an introduction in breach of this warranty.

37.2 This **Additional Clause 37** will not merge on completion.

38. Finance

The Purchaser warrants to the Vendor that, either:

38.1 Finance is not required to assist the Purchaser to complete this Contract within the time stipulated and upon the terms and conditions set out herein; or

38.2 Finance has been obtained; and

(i) The terms of such finance are reasonable for the Purchaser's needs;

(ii) Such finance is sufficient to allow the Purchaser to complete this Contract within the time stipulated and upon the terms and conditions set out in this Contract;

38.3 The Purchaser further acknowledges that the Vendor relies upon this warranty in entering into this Contract.

39. Condition of Property

39.1 The Purchaser acknowledges that because of the Purchaser's own inspection and enquiries, the Purchaser:

(i) Is satisfied as to the existence, nature, quality, condition position and state of repair of the property and any services, fixtures or fittings;

(ii) Accepts the property, fixtures and fittings as they are and subject to all defects (latent or patent) and all dilapidation and infestation, including without limitation contamination by any hazardous or environmentally damaging substances; and

(iii) Is satisfied about the purposes for which the property may be used and any approvals or licences which are or may be required for such use.

39.2 The Purchaser may not make a claim, objection or requisition or delay completion or rescind or terminate this Contract and releases the Vendor from any claims for loss, costs or damage arising, directly or indirectly, in respect of:

ADDITIONAL CLAUSES
CONTRACT OF SALE OF LAND 2022 EDITION

- (i) The nature, quality, condition or state of repair of the property including, without limitation, defects (latent or patent) dilapidation or infestation of the property; or
- (ii) The existence or likelihood of any contamination, hazardous material or environmental damage in, on or about the property; or
- (iii) The purposes for which the property may be used; or
- (iv) Loss, damage, dilapidation, infestation, mechanical breakdown or reasonable wear and tear which may affect the property, the inclusions, fixtures or fittings between the date of this Contract and completion; or
- (v) The roof or surface water drainage from the property being connected to a sewerage service; or
- (vi) There being or not being an easement or other right in respect of a service referred to in **Clause 10.1.2.**

39.3 The Vendor makes no warranty regarding the condition, state of repair or fitness for purpose of the property and the Purchaser releases the Vendor from any claims it may have now or in the future in relation to the property.

40. Death, Incapacity, Bankruptcy

40.1 Without in any way limiting, negating or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to either party at law or in equity had this clause not been included, if either party (and if more than one person or entity comprises that first party then any one of them) prior to completion:

- (i) Dies, loses the capacity to complete the Contract or is declared bankrupt or enters into any scheme or arrangement with its creditors; or
- (ii) Being a company, has a summons or application for its winding up presented or has a liquidator, receiver or voluntary administrator of it appointed, or enters into any deed of company arrangement or scheme of arrangement with its creditors;

then either party may rescind this Contract by written notice to the other party and thereupon this Contract will be at end and the provisions of **Clause 19** apply.

41. Claim for Compensation

41.1 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Contract, the parties expressly agree that any claim for compensation shall be deemed to be an objection or requisition for the purposes of **Clause 8** hereof entitling the Vendor to rescind this Contract.

42. FIRB Warranty

42.1 The Purchaser warrants that the provisions of the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975 (Cth) do not apply to the Purchaser or this purchase.

42.2 In the event of a breach of the above warranty, the Purchaser will indemnify the Vendor against any and all penalties, fines, legal costs, claims, loss or damage suffered in connection with the breach.

43. Sewerage Service Diagram

43.1 Notwithstanding, section 4 of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017, the Purchaser acknowledges that the Vendor has made enquiries with the relevant water authority (the Authority) and the Sewer Lines Location Diagram (Sewer Service Diagram) annexed to the Contract is the only available diagram. The Purchaser may not make a claim, objection or requisition or delay completion or rescind or terminate this Contract as a result of the Vendor not providing a sewerage infrastructure location diagram or any additional diagrams or information that is not available from the Authority.

44. Requisitions

ADDITIONAL CLAUSES
CONTRACT OF SALE OF LAND 2022 EDITION

44.1 The purchaser agrees it is not entitled to raise, nor is the vendor obliged to reply to, any requisitions on title.

45. Trusts

45.1 Where the Purchaser purchases the Property as trustee of a trust ("Trust"), the Purchaser duly represents and warrants to the Vendor that:

- (a) The Purchaser is the present duly appointed trustee of the Trust and is the sole trustee of the Trust;
- (b) No action has been taken or is proposed to remove the Purchaser as trustee of the Trust or to appoint an additional trustee of the Trust;
- (c) The Purchaser has the power under the Trust to enter into this Contract;
- (d) The Purchaser enters into this Contract as part of the due and proper administration of the relevant Trust and for the benefit of the Beneficiaries thereunder;
- (e) Neither the Purchaser nor any other party is in default under the Trust;
- (f) The Purchaser is personally liable under this Contract;
- (g) Where a corporate Trustee, the Purchaser warrants that its directors and other officers have complied with their respective obligations in connection with the Trust;
- (h) No vesting date for the Trust has been determined by the Purchaser or any other person;
- (i) No beneficiary of the Trust is presently entitled to the distribution of any of the capital of the Trust fund;
- (j) No action has been taken or is proposed to terminate the Trust; and
- (k) The Purchaser has a right of indemnity under the Trust and undertakes not to do anything to prejudice any right of indemnity the Purchaser has under the Trust.

46. Lease

46.1 The Purchaser acknowledges the Vendor's disclosure in the Contract of the Lease to Rachel and Tony Butler of 2 Wood Street, Raymond Terrace NSW 2324 ("Lease").

46.2 No statement, representation or other warranty is made by the Vendor either expressly or impliedly as to anything relating to the Lease and in particular, the Vendor does not warrant that the Lessee is not in default of any covenant, term or condition in the Lease.

46.3 The Purchaser represents and warrants that it has made its own enquiries in relation to the Lease including current rent amount and particulars of any security provided by the Lessee under the Lease.

46.4 The Vendor does not warrant that the Lease will be in force at the completion date. If the Lease is terminated and the Tenant has vacated the property prior to the completion date, the parties agree the property is to be sold vacant possession. The Vendor is under no obligation to re-tenant the property.

46.5 Excluded from the sale are the Tenant's fixtures and fittings and the Purchaser acknowledges that it has relied entirely on its own enquiries in identifying the Tenant's fixtures and fittings.

46.6 The Purchaser acknowledges that it is not entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation or rescind or delay completion or terminate this Contract for any matter disclosed in the Lease or relating to the Lease.

47. Guarantee

ADDITIONAL CLAUSES
CONTRACT OF SALE OF LAND 2022 EDITION

- 47.1 This Additional Clause applies if the Purchaser is a corporation but does not apply to a corporation listed on an Australian Stock Exchange. This clause is an essential term of this Contract.
- 47.2 The word guarantor means each director of the Purchaser as at the date of this Contract.
- 47.3 If the guarantor has not signed this Additional Clause, the Vendor may terminate this Contract by serving a notice, but only within fourteen (14) days after the Contract date.
- 47.4 In consideration of the Vendor entering into this Contract at the guarantor's request, the guarantor guarantees to the Vendor:
- (i) Payment of all money payable by the Purchaser under this Contract; and
 - (ii) The performance of all of the Purchaser's other obligations under this Contract.
- 47.5 The guarantor:
- (i) Indemnifies the Vendor against any claim, action, loss, damage, cost, liability, expense or payment incurred by the Vendor in connection with or arising from any breach or default by the Purchaser of its obligations under this Contract; and
 - (ii) Must pay on demand any money due to the Vendor under this indemnity.
- 47.6 The guarantor is jointly and separately liable with the Purchaser to the Vendor for:
- (i) The performance by the Purchaser of its obligations under this Contract; and
 - (ii) Any damage incurred by the Vendor as a result of the Purchaser's failure to perform its obligations under this Contract or the termination of this Contract by the Vendor.
- 47.7 The guarantor must pay to the Vendor on written demand by the Vendor all expenses incurred by the Vendor in respect of the Vendor's exercise or attempted exercise of any right under this Additional Clause.
- 47.8 If the Vendor assigns or transfers the benefit of this Contract, the transferee receives the benefit of the guarantor's obligations under this Additional Clause.
- 47.9 The guarantor's obligations under this Additional Clause are not released, discharged or otherwise affected by:
- (i) The granting of any time, waiver, covenant not to sue or other indulgence;
 - (ii) The release or discharge of any person;
 - (iii) An arrangement, composition or compromise entered into by the Vendor, the Purchaser, the guarantor or any other person;
 - (iv) Any moratorium or other suspension of the right, power, authority, discretion or remedy conferred on the Vendor by this Contract, a statute, a Court or otherwise;
 - (v) Payment to the Vendor, including payment which at or after the payment date is illegal, void, voidable, avoided or unenforceable; or
 - (vi) The winding up of the Purchaser.
- 47.10 The deed constituted by this Additional Clause binds each party who signs it even if other parties do not, or if the execution by other parties is defective, void or voidable.
- 47.11 This Additional Clause binds the guarantor and the executors, administrators and assigns of the guarantor.
- 47.12 This Additional Clause operates as a deed between the Vendor and the guarantor.

EXECUTED as a Deed.

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 7/38021

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
11/3/2026	2:47 PM	6	22/9/2018

LAND

LOT 7 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 38021
AT RAYMOND TERRACE
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA PORT STEPHENS
PARISH OF ELDON COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER
TITLE DIAGRAM DP38021

FIRST SCHEDULE

(T 5424305)

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 BK 2022 NO 484 COVENANT
5424306 VARIATION OF COVENANT BK 2022 NO 484
- 3 5424307 MORTGAGE TO NEWCASTLE PERMANENT BUILDING SOCIETY
LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

22838...

PRINTED ON 11/3/2026

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.



CONVERSION TABLE ADDED IN
REGISTRAR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

DP 38021

FEET	INCHES	METRES
-	1	0.025
1	-	0.305
1	6	0.457
2	3	0.686
3	4 1/4	1.022
4	8 1/2	1.435
10	-	3.048
12	7 1/4	3.842
14	1 3/4	4.312
15	6 1/4	4.731
42	5	12.929
45	-	13.716
50	-	15.240
52	3	15.926
52	5	15.977
55	-	16.764
70	-	21.336
71	1 1/4	21.673
110	-	33.528
120	-	36.576
127	4 3/4	38.830
130	-	39.624
135	-	41.148
142	11	43.561
145	-	44.196
157	-	60.046

AC	RD	P	SQ M
-	-	24	607
-	-	24 3/4	626
-	-	26 1/4	663.9

Ad Valorem Duty Paid £1 N.S.W. Stamp Duties Office - New South Wales Stamp Duty 5/-
M/18/4/47/G

NUMBER

484

BOOK 2022.

CONVEYANCE.

THIS DEED made the Twenty-sixth ----- day of March ----- in the year One ----
thousand nine hundred and forty-seven. BETWEEN ANNE LYDIA WOOD of Raymond Terrace -
in the State of New South Wales Widow (hereinafter called Vendor) of the one part and -
FRANK JAMES BRADBURY of Raymond Terrace in the State aforesaid Laborer (hereinafter
called Purchaser) of the other part WHEREAS the Vendor being seised of an unencumbered
estate in fee simple of (inter alia) the land and hereditaments hereinafter described -
has agreed with the Purchaser for the absolute sale thereof to him for the price of --
NINETY-ONE POUNDS EIGHT SHILLINGS AND NINEPENCE NOW THIS DEED WITNESSETH that
in pursuance of such agreement and in consideration of the said sum of NINETY-ONE ----
POUNDS EIGHT SHILLINGS AND NINEPENCE the Vendor paid by the Purchaser (the receipt
whereof is hereby acknowledged) the Vendor as Beneficial Owner doth hereby convey to -
the Purchaser in fee simple ALL THAT piece or parcel of land situate at Raymond ----
Terrace in the Parish of Eldon County of Gloucester and being Lot Seven (No. 7) in ----
Registered Plan No. (O.S.) 1021 as shown on the sketch plan endorsed hereon and therein
edged red AND the said Purchaser so as to bind not only himself his executors -----
administrators and assigns but also the land hereby conveyed doth hereby covenant with
the Vendor her executors administrators and assigns in manner following that is to say:
(1) That any residence erected upon the land hereby assured shall be not less in value
when completed than Six hundred pounds. (2) That any residence to be erected on the --
land hereby conveyed shall not be built closer to the roadway than 25 feet. (3) That
no fence shall be erected on the said land to divide it from the Vendor's adjoining -
land without the consent of the said Vendor but such consent shall not be withheld if -
the fence shall be erected without expense to the said Vendor and in favour of any ----
person dealing with the Purchaser such consent shall be deemed to have been given in --
respect of any fences for the time being erected. AND IT IS HEREBY DECLARED THAT:-
(a) The land to which the benefit of the foregoing restrictive covenants is intended -
to be appurtenant is the balance of the land in Registered Plan No. 1021. (b) The ---
burden of the foregoing covenants is upon the land hereby conveyed by this instrument.
(c) The aforesaid covenant may be released modified or varied by the Owner or Owners -
for the time being of the land to which the said covenants are appurtenant THE Vendor
as covenantor covenants with the Purchaser as covenantee to produce the Deeds mentioned
in the Schedule hereto IN WITNESS whereof the said parties have hereunto subscribed -
their names and affixed their seals.

THE SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

22nd September 1919

CONVEYANCE Archibald James Windeyer to Anne -
Lydia Wood Registered No. 32 Book 1164.

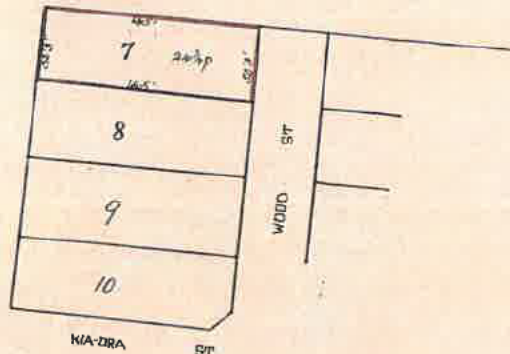
A. L. Wood

3rd June 1938

MORTGAGE Anne Lydia Wood to Johannah O'Brien -
Registered No. 955 Book 1815 with Discharge ---
endorsed dated 29th October 1942 Registered No.
993 Book 1965.

30th October 1942.

MORTGAGE Anne Lydia Wood to Thomas Richard ---
Bruce Registered No. 994 Book 1965 with Discharge
endorsed dated 1947 -----
Registered No. Book



SIGNED SEALED AND DELIVERED by the)
said ANNE LYDIA WOOD in the presence) A.L. Wood
of:

Oliver R. Hopkins
* Clerk to Mackenzie & Cunningham
Solicitors
Raymond Terrace

AND BY the said FRANK JAMES BRADBERRY) F. J. Bradbery
in the presence of:

Oliver R. Hopkins

I MARY IRENE BARNETT Clerk to Mackenzie and Cunningham of Raymond Terrace, -----
Solicitors, being duly sworn makes oath and says as follows:- the writing contained
on this and the preceding page has been examined by me with the original Conveyance
and is a true copy thereof.

SWORN at Raymond Terrace this Eighth -----
day of May ----- One thousand nine hundred and } Mary I. Barnett
forty-seven Before me:-

A. E. O'Brien
A Justice of the Peace.

RECEIVED into the Registration of Deeds Office at Sydney this eleventh -----day of
July -----One thousand nine hundred and forty-seven at ten
minutes past ten -----o'clock in the fore ----- noon from
Gloria Lavender ----- Clerk to Thomas Kenyon & Son, Law Stationers, St.
James Buildings, 109 Elizabeth Street, Sydney.

F. A. Astor
Deputy Registrar.

Form: 97-11R

Licence: 026CN/0536/96

REQUEST

5424306H



Instructions for filling out this form are
available from the Land Titles Office

New South Wales
Real Property Act 1900

- (A) **STAMP DUTY**
If applicable.

Office of State Revenue use only

- (B) **TITLE**
Show no more
than 20 titles.

FOLIO IDENTIFIER 7/38021

- (C) **REGISTERED DEALING**
If applicable.

- (D) **LODGED BY**

LTO Box	Name, Address or DX and Telephone	Dealing Code
4325	JENNERO Title Searching Co. D.X. 779 REFERENCE (15 character maximum): LS-Hosyle	

- (E) **APPLICANT**

- (F) **REQUEST**

APPLICATION TO NOTE VARIATION OF COVENANT
Section 88 Conveyancing Act 1919

REGISTERED NUMBER OF INSTRUMENT: COVENANT CREATED BY CONVEYANCE NO. 484 BOOK 2022

THE APPLICANTS apply to have a recording made in the register of the
agreement varying the Covenant in the manner set out below.

AGREEMENT: That the Covenant created by the registration of Conveyance No.
484 Book 2022 be varied by the deletion of Part 2 of the Covenant.

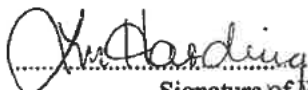
Leg 16 approves to regn.

(G) STANDARD EXECUTION

Certified correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act 1900.

DATE 6-9-98

Signed in my presence by the Applicant who is personally known to me.


.....
Signature of Witness

LYNNE MARIE HARDING
.....
Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

38C William Street, Raymond Terrace
.....
Address of Witness


.....
Signature of Applicant

EXECUTION INCLUDING STATUTORY DECLARATION

I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the Oaths Act 1900, and I certify this Application correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act 1900. Made and subscribed at Raymond terrace in the State of New South Wales on day of 1997 in the presence of:

.....
Signature of Witness

.....
Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

.....
Address and Qualification of Witness

.....
Signature of Applicant

I, **GLEN LLOYD GOOCH**, being the Registered Proprietor of Lot 8 in Deposited Plan 38021 (formerly Registered Plan No. 1021) hereby consent to the Request to Vary Covenant created by Conveyance No. 484 Book 2022 insofar as it affects the land in Folio Identifier 7/38021.

R. Bauer.
Signature of Witness

RON BOWEN
Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

5 WARRIOR ST BELMONT VTC.
Address of Witness

G. Gooch Jr.
Signature of Glen Lloyd Gooch

We, **ROBERT HENRY TULL** and **THELMA EVELYN TULL**, being the Registered Proprietors of Lots 9 and 10 in Deposited Plan 38021 (formerly Registered Plan No. 1021) hereby consent to the Request to Vary Covenant created by Conveyance No. 484 Book 2022 insofar as it affects the land in Folio Identifier 7/38021.

W. Henderson JP
Signature of Witness

WARWICK LESLIE HENDERSON
Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

10 KENT ST. Raymond Terrace.
Address of Witness

R. Tull.
Signature of Robert Henry Tull

T. Tull.
Signature of Thelma Evelyn Tull

I, **STEPHEN JAMES CROOKS**, being the Registered Proprietor of Lot 11 in Deposited Plan 38021 (formerly Registered Plan No. 1021) hereby consent to the Request to Vary Covenant created by Conveyance No. 484 Book 2022 insofar as it affects the land in Folio Identifier 7/38021.

A. Sutherland
Signature of Witness

ARRON SUTHERLAND
Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

1 WOOD ST. RAYMOND TERRACE
Address of Witness

S. Crooks
Signature of Stephen James Crooks

ANNEXURE B

We, **NEVILLE ROSS BLANCH** and **RUTH DULCIE BLANCH**, being the Registered Proprietors of Lot 12 in Deposited Plan 38021 (formerly Registered Plan No. 1021) hereby consent to the Request to Vary Covenant created by Conveyance No. 484 Book 2022 insofar as it affects the land in Folio Identifier 7/38021.

[Signature]

Signature of Witness

KEVIN BLANCH

Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

[Signature]

Signature of Neville Ross Blanch

3 WOOD STREET, RAYMOND TERRACE

Address of Witness

[Signature]

Signature of Ruth Dulcie Blanch

I, **RICHARD DANIEL HOLWELL**, being the Registered Proprietor of Lot 13 in Deposited Plan 38021 (formerly Registered Plan No. 1021) hereby consent to the Request to Vary Covenant created by Conveyance No. 484 Book 2022 insofar as it affects the land in Folio Identifier 7/38021.

[Signature]

Signature of Witness

RUTH D BLANCH

Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

3 WOOD ST. RAYMOND TERRACE

Address of Witness

[Signature]

Signature of Richard Daniel Holwell

We, **SHANE MICHAEL LAWRENCE** and **GAYLE GILLIAN LAWRENCE**, being the Registered Proprietors of Lot 1 in Deposited Plan 158660 (formerly Lot 14 in Registered Plan No. 1021) hereby consent to the Request to Vary Covenant created by Conveyance No. 484 Book 2022 in so far as it affects the land in Folio Identifier 7/38021.

[Signature]

Signature of Witness

DORRA LAWRENCE

Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

16 MIRAGE CLOSE

Address of Witness

Raymond Terrace

[Signature]

[Signature]

Signature of Shane Michael Lawrence

[Signature]

Signature of Gayle Gillian Lawrence

ANNEXURE C

I, **DESMOND JOSEPH O'HEARN**, being the Registered Proprietor of Lot 15 in Deposited Plan 38021 (formerly Registered Plan No. 1021) hereby consent to the Request to Vary Covenant created by Conveyance No. 484 Book 2022 insofar as it affects the land in Folio Identifier 7/38021.

R M O'Hearn

Signature of Witness

ROBIN M O'HEARN

Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

19 KIA ORA ST RAYMOND TERRACE

Address of Witness

Desmond

Signature of Desmond Joseph O'Hearn

I, **ELVA MYRTLE OSMOND**, being the Registered Proprietor of Lot 16 in Deposited Plan 38021 (formerly Registered Plan No. 1021) hereby consent to the Request to Vary Covenant created by Conveyance No. 484 Book 2022 insofar as it affects the land in Folio Identifier 7/38021.

Desmond

Signature of Witness

DES. J O'HEARN

Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

19 KIA ORA ST RAYMOND TERRACE

Address of Witness

Elva Myrtle Osmond

Signature of Elva Myrtle Osmond

We, **RAYMOND CHARLES MEREDITH** and **FIONA ALISON MEREDITH**, being the Registered Proprietors of Lot 17 in Deposited Plan 38021 (formerly Registered Plan No. 1021) hereby consent to the Request to Vary Covenant created by Conveyance No. 484 Book 2022 insofar as it affects the land in Folio Identifier 7/38021.

Ian C. Anlezark JP

Signature of Witness

IAN C. ANLEZARK

Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

4 OCEAN PDE BOTT HARBOUR

Address of Witness

R Meredith

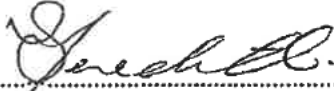
Signature of Raymond Charles Meredith

Fiona

Signature of Fiona Alison Meredith

ANNEXURE D

I, **BARRY DAVID SAUNDERS**, being the Registered Proprietor of Lot 18 in Deposited Plan 38021 (formerly Registered Plan No. 1021) hereby consent to the Request to Vary Covenant created by Conveyance No. 484 Book 2022 insofar as it affects the land in Folio Identifier 7/38021.



Signature of Witness

Fiona Meredith

Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

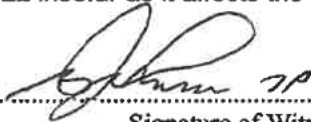
23 Kia-Ora St RT.

Address of Witness



Signature of Barry David Saunders

I, **DEBRA ANN BERRY**, being the Registered Proprietor of Lot 19 in Deposited Plan 38021 (formerly Registered Plan No. 1021) hereby consent to the Request to Vary Covenant created by Conveyance No. 484 Book 2022 insofar as it affects the land in Folio Identifier 7/38021.



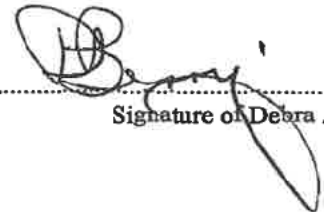
Signature of Witness

WILLIAM G. JOHNSON

Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

19 CORAL SEA AVE SHORTLAND

Address of Witness



Signature of Debra Ann Berry

We, **PETER TERRENCE LANDERS** and **JENNIFER EVE LANDERS**, being the Registered Proprietors of Lot 20 in Deposited Plan 38021 (formerly Registered Plan No. 1021) hereby consent to the Request to Vary Covenant created by Conveyance No. 484 Book 2022 insofar as it affects the land in Folio Identifier 7/38021.



Signature of Witness

ADELE DE ROSSI

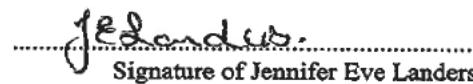
Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

70 ALTON RD Raymond Terrace 2324

Address of Witness



Signature of Peter Terrence Landers



Signature of Jennifer Eve Landers

**PLANNING CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO
SECTION 10.7 ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING
AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979**

APPLICANT DETAILS:

**INFOTRACK PTY LIMITED
GPO Box 4029
SYDNEY NSW 2001**

Reference: 22838

Issue Date: 11/03/2026

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION:

**2 Wood Street RAYMOND TERRACE NSW 2324 Parcel No: 9592
LOT: 7 DP: 38021**

Disclaimer

Information contained in this certificate relates only to the land for which this certificate is issued on the day it is issued. This information is provided in good faith and Council shall not incur any liability in respect of any such advice. Council relies on state agencies for advice and accordingly can only provide that information in accordance with the advice. Verification of the currency of agency advice should occur. For further information, please contact Council by telephoning (02) 4988 0255 or email plancert@portstephens.nsw.gov.au.

Title Information

Title information shown on this Planning Certificate is provided from Council's records and may not conform to information shown on the current Certificate of Title. Easements, restrictions as to user, rights of way and other similar information shown on the title of the land are not provided on this planning certificate.

Inspection of the land

The Council has made no inspection of the land for the purposes of this Planning Certificate.

PART A: INFORMATION PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 10.7(2)

Matters contained in this certificate apply only to the land on the date of issue.

1. Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans

- (1) The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the development on the land.

State Environmental Planning Policies

The relevant chapters of each State Environmental Planning Policy that apply to the land are listed below:

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
All chapters

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021
All chapters

State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Building) 2022
All chapters

State Environmental Planning Policy No 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development
All chapters

State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021
Chapter 2 State and regional development
Chapter 4 Concurrences and consents

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Regional) 2021
Chapter 2 State significant precincts

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021
Chapter 2 Primary production and rural development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021
Chapter 2 Mining, petroleum production and extractive industries

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021
Chapter 2 Infrastructure
Chapter 3 Educational establishments and childcare facilities

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021
Chapter 3 Hazardous and offensive development
Chapter 4 Remediation of land

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021
Chapter 2 Vegetation in non-rural areas

Chapter 4 Koala habitat protection 2021

Local Environmental Plan

Development Control Plans

The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Port Stephens Development Control Plan 2025.

- (2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land (unless it has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition period or if the Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved).

Draft State Environmental Planning Policies

No draft State Environmental Planning Policies affect the site the subject of this Certificate.

Draft Local Environmental Plan

No draft Local Environmental Plans currently exist which affect the site the subject of this certificate.

Draft Development Control Plan

No draft development control plan applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant planning instruments

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a State Environmental Planning Policy or proposed State Environmental Planning Policy).

a) The identity of the zone –

R2 Low Density Residential

The land is zoned R2 Low Density Residential under the provisions of Part 2 in the Port Stephens Local Environmental Plan 2013.

b) The purposes for which development in the zone –

ITEM 2 - May be carried out without development consent

Home occupations

ITEM 3 - May be carried out with development consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Health consulting rooms; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Multi-dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Pond-based aquaculture; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing; Tank-based aquaculture; Water reticulation systems

ITEM 4 - Is prohibited

Any development not specified in item 2 or 3

c) Additional permitted uses

No environmental planning instrument applies additional permitted use provisions to this land.

d) Development standards for the erection of a dwelling house

No development standard that fixes a minimum land dimension for the erection of a dwelling-house applies to the land.

e) Whether the land is an area of outstanding biodiversity value

No, the land is not identified in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

f) Whether the land is in a conservation area

The land is not located within a heritage conservation area under the Port Stephens Local Environmental Plan 2013.

g) Whether an item of environmental heritage is located on the land

The land is not identified as containing an item of environmental heritage significance under the provisions in Port Stephens Local Environmental Plan 2013.

3. Contributions Plans

(1) The name of each contributions plan applying to the land

Port Stephens Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2020

(2) The land is not in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1.

Note. These documents specify development contributions required towards the cost of providing additional community services or facilities if a property is developed. They are available on request from Council or can be viewed www.portstephens.nsw.gov.au.

4. Complying Development

(1) Whether or not the land to which the certificate relates is land on which complying development may be carried out under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*

Housing Code

Complying development under the General Housing Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Inland Code

Complying development under the Inland Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development under the Rural Housing Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code

Complying development under the Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Pattern Book Development Code

Complying development under the Pattern Book Development Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying development under the Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Greenfield Housing Code

Complying development under the Greenfield Housing Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development under the Housing Alterations Code MAY be carried out on the land.

General Development Code

Complying development under the General Development Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Industrial and Business Alterations Code

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial alterations Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Industrial and Business Buildings Code

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development under the Container Recycling Facilities code MAY be carried out on the land.

Subdivisions Code

Complying development under the Subdivision Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Demolition Code

Complying development under the Demolition Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development under the Fire Safety Code MAY be carried out on the land.

(2) If complying development may not be carried on the land under the above codes, it is because of the provisions of Clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3), or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Council is not in a position to ascertain the reason why complying development may not be carried out under the Policy. Contact Council's duty officer on (02) 4988 0255 for any enquiries relating to the reason why complying development may not be carried out on the land.

- (3) If the land is a lot to which the Housing Code, Rural Housing Code, Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code, Greenfield Housing Code, Housing Alterations Code, General Development Code, or Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code (within the meaning of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008* applies, complying development may be carried out on any part of the lot that is not affected by the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19 of that Policy.
- (4) There are no variations to the exempt development codes under clause 1.12 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008* in relation to the land.

5. Exempt development

- (1) Whether the land is on land which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Division 1 General Code

Exempt development under the General Exempt Development Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Division 2 Advertising and Signage Code

Exempt development under the Advertising and Signage Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Division 3 Temporary Uses and Structures Code

Exempt development under the Temporary Uses and Structures Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Note: Clause 1.16(1)(c) specifies that exempt development must not be carried out on land that is, or on which there is, an item that is listed on the State Heritage Register under the *Heritage Act 1977*, or that is subject to an interim heritage order under that Act
Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain whether the land is listed on the State Heritage Register under the *Heritage Act 1977*, or subject to an interim heritage order under that Act.

Note: If the land is a lot to which the General Code, Advertising and Signage Code, and Temporary Uses Code (within the meaning of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*) applies, exempt development may be carried out on any part of the lot that is not affected by the provisions of clause 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A of that Policy.

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) Whether or not the council is aware that –

- a) There is any affected building notice in force in relation to the land

There is no affected building notice in force in respect of the land.

- b) A building product rectification order is in force in relation to the land that has not been fully complied with

No

- c) Any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

No

Note: In this section, *affected building notice* has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*, Part 4. *Building product rectification order* has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

7. Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in Section 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in Section 3.15 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (the Act)*.

The Port Stephens Local Environmental Plan 2013 DOES NOT provide for the acquisition of this land, or part thereof, by a public authority as referred to in Section 3.15 of the Act.

8. Road widening and road realignment

Council's records indicate that the land the subject of this Certificate is not affected by any road widening or road realignment under:- (a) Section 25 of the Roads Act 1993; or (b) any environmental planning instrument; or (c) any resolution of the council.

9. Flood related development controls information

The land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and is subject to flood related development controls. If you wish to apply for a Flood Certificate, please refer to Council's Flood Certificate Information on our website at www.portstephens.nsw.gov.au

10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

Whether any of the land is affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk (other than flooding or bush fire).

Council HAS NOT adopted a policy or been notified of any adopted policy of another public authority, that restricts development on the land because of the likelihood of landslip, tidal inundation, subsidence, contamination, salinity or sea level rise.

Council DOES HAVE adopted policies or has been notified of adopted policies of another public authority on matters relating to the risk of acid sulfate soils, coastal hazards and aircraft noise.

The information below identifies any adopted policies that apply to the land:

Clause 7.1 Acid Sulfate Soils of the Port Stephens Local Environmental Plan 2013 applies to the land. Acid sulfate soil mapping can be viewed on the NSW Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure Spatial Viewer.

NOTE: The absence of a council policy restricting the development of the land by reason of a particular natural hazard does not mean that the risk from that hazard is non-existent.

11. Bush fire prone land

Whether or not some, all, or none of the land is bush fire prone land.

No, the land is not shown as bush fire prone in Council's records.

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

Whether or not the land includes any residential premises (as defined in Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) that are listed on a register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation.

No, the land does not include any residential dwelling identified on the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation. For further information, please contact Department of Fair Trading by telephoning 13 77 88 or go to their website at www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au.

13. Mine Subsidence

Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*.

No, the land is not within a proclaimed or declared mine subsidence district.

14. Paper subdivision information

- (1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.
- (2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land

Not applicable.

15. Property vegetation plans

If the land is land in relation to which a property vegetation plan is approved under Part 4 of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act.

No, Council has not been notified of any property vegetation plans under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* that affect the land to which this certificate applies.

16. Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Biodiversity Conservation Trust.

No, Council has not been notified that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site.

Note. Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 5.

17. Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect.

No, Council has not been notified that the land is biodiversity certified land.

Note. Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, Part 7AA that is taken to be certified under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 8.

18. Orders under *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006*

Whether an order has been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

The land is NOT affected by an order under the *Trees (Dispute Between Neighbours) Act 2006* (of which Council is aware).

19. Annual charges under *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

If the *Coastal Management Act 2016* applies to the council, whether the owner, or a previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works.

No, the land is not subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services relating to existing coastal protection works to which the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented.

Note. "existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the *Local Government Act 1993*.

20. Western Sydney Aerotropolis

Not applicable to the Port Stephens Local Government Area.

21. Development consent conditions for seniors housing

If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of the kind set out in that Policy, section 88(2).

Council is unable to provide site-specific information on any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to Clause 88(2) of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, that may apply to the land.

22. Site compatibility certificates and development consent conditions for affordable rental housing

(1) Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, or a former site compatibility certificate (of which Council is aware) in relation to proposed development on the land.

Council is not aware of a current site compatibility certificate issued under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*.

- (2) If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, a statement setting out terms of a kind referred to in the Policy, clause 21(1) or 40(1).

The land is not affected by any terms of a kind (of which Council is aware) referred to in Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or clause 21(1) or 40(1) of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021* in respect of development on the land.

23. Water or sewerage services

If water or sewerage services are, or are to be, provided to the land under the *Water Industry Competition Act 2006*.

No, Council is not aware that water or sewerage services are, or are to be, provided under the *Water Industry Competition Act 2006*.

24. Special entertainment precincts

Whether the land or part of the land is in a special entertainment precinct within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993*, Section 208B.

No, Council is not aware that any of the land is in a special entertainment precinct within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993*, Section 208B.

25. Interim development in future infrastructure corridors

If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021*, section 4.7a applies to the land, a condition of a development consent granted in relation to the land that is a condition of the concurrence granted by Transport for NSW under that section. No, Council is not aware that any of the land is in the interim development in future infrastructure corridors within the meaning of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021*, section 4.7a.

Additional matters

Note. The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) Whether or not the land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act.
- (b) Whether or not the land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act.
- (c) Whether or not the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of the Act.
- (d) Whether or not the land to which this certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act.
- (e) Whether or not the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act – if a copy of such statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

There are no prescribed matters under section 59(2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* to be disclosed.

PART B: INFORMATION PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 10.7(5)

This information is provided in accordance with section 10.7(5) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. Section 10.7(6) states that Council shall not incur any liability in respect of advice provided in good faith pursuant to section 10.7(5) of the Act. If this information is to be relied upon, it should be independently checked.

Heritage

Port Stephens Council must take into consideration the likely effect of proposed development on the heritage significance of a heritage item, heritage conservation area, archaeological site or potential archaeological site, and on its setting, when determining an application for consent to carry out development on land in its vicinity. Please contact Council's Development Assessment and Compliance Section by telephoning 49880255.

Aboriginal Archaeology

When determining a development application on known or potential archaeological sites of both Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage significance, Port Stephens Council must consider an assessment of how the proposed development would affect the conservation of the site and any relic known or reasonably likely to be located at the site. Please contact Council's Development Assessment and Compliance Section on 49880255 for more information.

Aircraft Noise

All areas of the Port Stephens Local Government area may be affected by aircraft noise from time to time. RAAF Base Williamtown – Newcastle Airport and Salt Ash Air Weapons Range are located within the Port Stephens Local Government Area. Further information can be obtained from the Commonwealth Department of Defence website and from the Port Stephens Council Strategy and Environment Section and you are advised to make further enquiries.

Koala Habitat

Parts of the Port Stephens Local government Area are affected by Koala Habitat and subject to the Port Stephens Comprehensive Koala Plan of Management 2002 made under State Environmental Planning Proposal No. 44. Further information can be obtained from Council's Strategy & Environment Section on 49880326 or email plancert@portstephens.nsw.gov.au.

Invasive Species

Parts of the Port Stephens Local Government Area contain plants that pose a risk according to the *Biosecurity Act 2015* which may restrict the use of the land. For further information please contact Council's Strategy & Environment Section on 4988 0326 or email weeds@portstephens.nsw.gov.au

Development consents relating to the land

Please contact Customer Relations on (02) 4988 0255, for any enquiries regarding development consent over the land in the past 5 years.

Issued by Port Stephens Council Development Services Group,
on behalf of **Tim Crosdale, General Manager.**

HUNTER WATER CORPORATION

A.B.N. 46 228 513 446

SEWER LOCATION DIAGRAM

Enquiries 1300 657 657

APPLICANT'S DETAILS



InfoTrack

2 WOOD

RAYMOND TERRACE NSW

APPLICATION NO. 2783497

APPLICANT REF: M 22636

RATEABLE PREMISE NO.: 3390100933

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 2 WOOD ST RAYMOND TERRACE 2324

LOT/SECTION/DP:SP: 7//DP38021



SEWER POSITION APPROXIMATE ONLY
SUBJECT PROPERTY BOLD
ALL MEASUREMENTS ARE METRIC.

IF A SEWERMAIN IS LAID WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT, SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE SEWERMAIN APPLY IF DEVELOPMENT IS UNDERTAKEN. IN THESE CASES, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU SEEK ADVICE ON THE SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO PURCHASE. PHONE 1300 657 657, FOR MORE INFORMATION.

IMPORTANT

IF THIS PLAN INDICATES A SEWER CONNECTION IS AVAILABLE OR PROPOSED FOR THE SUBJECT PROPERTY, IT IS THE INTENDING OWNERS RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE WHETHER IT IS PRACTICABLE TO DISCHARGE WASTEWATER FROM ALL PARTS OF THE PROPERTY TO THAT CONNECTION.

ANY INFORMATION ON THIS PLAN MAY NOT BE UP TO DATE AND THE CORPORATION ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS ACCURACY.

Date: 11/03/2026

Scale at A4 1:500

CADASTRAL DATA © NSW DCS Spatial Services
CONTOUR DATA © AAM
© NSW DPE

SEWER/WATER/RECYCLED WATER
UTILITY DATA
© HUNTER WATER CORPORATION

INFOTRACK PTY LIMITED

GPO Box 4029
SYDNEY NSW 2001**Land Tax Certificate under section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act, 1956*.****Property Tax status Certificate under section 49 of the *Property Tax (First Home Buyer Choice) Act, 2022*.**

This information is based on data held by Revenue NSW.

Land ID	Land address	Taxable land value	Property Tax Status
D38021/7	2 WOOD ST RAYMOND TERRACE 2324	NOT AVAILABLE	Not Opted In

There is **no land tax** (including surcharge land tax) charged on the land up to and including the 2026 tax year.

If the property is opted in, the owner of the land will need to arrange for the charge to be removed. Please call us on 1300 135 195.

Yours sincerely,



Phil Minns

Chief Commissioner of State Revenue

Who is protected by a clearance certificate?

A clearance certificate states whether there is any land tax (including surcharge land tax) owing on a property. The certificate protects a purchaser from outstanding land tax liability by a previous owner, however it does not provide protection to the owner of the land.

When is a certificate clear from land tax?

A certificate may be issued as 'clear' if:

- the land is not liable or is exempt from land tax
- the land tax has been paid
- Revenue NSW is satisfied payment of the tax is not at risk, or
- the owner of the land failed to lodge a land tax return when it was due, and the liability was not detected at the time the certificate was issued.

Note: A clear certificate does not mean that land tax was not payable, or that there is no land tax adjustment to be made on settlement if the contract for sale allows for it.

When is a certificate not clear from land tax?

Under section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act 1956*, land tax is a charge on land owned in NSW at midnight on 31 December of each year. The charge applies from the taxing date and does not depend on the issue of a land tax assessment notice. Land tax is an annual tax so a new charge may occur on the taxing date each year.

How do I clear a certificate?

A charge is removed for this property when the outstanding land tax amount is processed and paid in full. Payment can be made during settlement via an accepted Electronic Lodgement Network or at an approved settlement room.

To determine the land tax amount payable, you must use one of the following approved supporting documents:

- Current year land tax assessment notice. This can only be used if the settlement date is no later than the first instalment date listed on the notice. If payment is made after this date interest may apply.
- Clearance quote or settlement letter which shows the amount to clear.

The charge on the land will be considered removed upon payment of the amount shown on these documents

How do I get an updated certificate?

A certificate can be updated by re-processing the certificate through your Client Service Provider (CSP), or online at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au/taxes/land/clearance.

Please allow sufficient time for any payment to be processed prior to requesting a new version of the clearance certificate.

Land value, tax rates and thresholds

The taxable land value shown on the clearance certificate is the value used by Revenue NSW when assessing land tax. Details on land tax rates and thresholds are available at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au.



Read more about Land Tax and use our online service at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au



1300 139 816*



Phone enquiries
8:30 am - 5:00 pm, Mon. to Fri.

* Overseas customers call +61 2 7808 6906
Help in community languages is available.

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES REGULATION 2019

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the **Agreement**).

1. This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, so please read all terms and conditions carefully.
2. If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
3. If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
4. The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agreement is made on 13 / 01 / 2023 at Raymond Terrace Between

Landlord [Insert name and telephone number or other contact details of landlord(s). If the landlord does not ordinarily reside in New South Wales, specify the State, Territory or, if not in Australia, country in which the landlord ordinarily resides]

Landlord 1 Name: _____ A.B.N. (if applicable): _____

Landlord telephone number or other contact details: 02 4987 3571

If not in NSW, the State, Territory or country (if not Australia) the landlord ordinarily resides in: _____

Landlord 2 Name: _____ A.B.N. (if applicable): _____

Landlord telephone number or other contact details: _____

If not in NSW, the State, Territory or country (if not Australia) the landlord ordinarily resides in: _____

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

[Insert business address or residential address of landlord(s)]

C/- 20A William Street

Raymond Terrace NSW

2324

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s) if there is no landlord's agent.

[Insert corporation name and business address of landlord(s) if landlord(s) is a corporation]

Tenant [Insert name of tenant(s) and contact details]

Tenant 1 Name _____

Phone _____

Email _____

Tenant 2 Name _____

Phone _____

Email _____

Tenant 3 Name _____

Phone _____

Email _____

Tenant 4 Name _____

Phone _____

Email _____

Landlord's agent details [Insert name of landlord's agent (if any) and contact details]

Licensee Raymond Terrace Property Services Pty Ltd

Trading as Osborn George

A.B.N. 37 844 378 071

Address 20a William Street

RAYMOND TERRACE, NSW

Postcode 2324

Phone 02 4987 3571

Fax _____

Mobile 0467 821 818

Email mecca.powell@osbornegeorge.com.au

Tenant's agent details [Insert name of tenant's agent (if any) and contact details]

Name /s N/A

A.B.N. N/A

Address N/A

Postcode N/A

Phone N/A

Fax N/A

Mobile N/A

Email N/A

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

Term of agreement

The term of this agreement is:

- ☐ 6 months
☐ 12 months
☐ 2 years
☐ 3 years
☐ 5 years

☒ Other (please specify): FIFTY TWO WEEKS (52)

☐ Periodic (no end date)

starting on 13 / 1 / 2023 and ending on 11 / 1 / 2024 *[Cross out if not applicable]*

Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the *Real Property Act 1900*.

Residential Premises

The residential premises are *[Insert address]*

Address 2 Wood Street

Suburb Raymond Terrace

State NSW

Postcode 2324

The residential premises include: *[Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]*

Single Garage

The residential premises do not include: *[List anything such as a parking space, garage or storeroom which do not form part of the residential premises]*

N/A

Rent

The rent is \$ 450.00 per week payable in advance starting on 13 / 1 / 2023.

Note. Under section 33 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement.

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) to N/A at N/A by cash or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), or

(b) into the following account, N/A or any other account nominated by the landlord:

BSB number: N/A Account number: N/A

Account name: N/A

Payment reference: 47809496, or

(c) as follows: by DEFT payment systems using credit card or Bpay with your allocated reference number.

Note. The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

Rental bond *[cross out if there is not going to be a bond]*

A rental bond of \$1800.00 must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement.

The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

- ☐ the landlord or another person, or
☐ the landlord's agent, or
☒ NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online.

Note. All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Maximum number of occupants

No more than persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrical repairs:	RM Electrical & TV - Ross Mai	Telephone: 0400315455
Plumbing repairs:	Terrace Hot Water & Plumbing - Sam Miller	Telephone: 0432415545
Other repairs:		Telephone:

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.

Utilities

Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network? ☐ Yes ☒ No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

Smoke alarms

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

☒ Hardwired smoke alarm

☒ Battery operated smoke alarm

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? ☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? ☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? ☐ Yes ☒ No If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional] [Cross out if not applicable]

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* being given or served on them by email. The *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

Tenancy laws

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

1. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "Residential premises".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

2. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:
 - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

3. **The tenant agrees:**
 - 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
 - 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
 - 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.
4. **The landlord agrees:**
 - 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
 - 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
 - 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
 - 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
 - 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
 - 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
 - 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
 - 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

5. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.

7. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

8. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:
 - 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
 - 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
 - 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
9. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

10. **The landlord agrees** to pay:
 - 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
 - 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
 - 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

 - 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
 - 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
 - 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
 - 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

- 10.9** the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.
- 11. The tenant agrees to pay:**
- 11.1** all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 11.2** all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
- Note.** Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.
- 11.3** all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4** all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5** any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 11.6** water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* and the residential premises:
- 11.6.1** are separately metered, or
- 11.6.2** are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.
- Note.** Separately metered is defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.
- 12. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:**
- 12.1** the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 12.2** the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 12.3** the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
- 12.4** the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
- 12.4.1** all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
- 12.4.2** on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
- 12.4.3** all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
- 12.4.4** at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

- 13. The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.**

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

14. The landlord agrees:

- 14.1** to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2** to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

15. The landlord agrees:

- 15.1** that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2** that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3** that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. The tenant agrees:

- 16.1** not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2** not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3** not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4** not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.5** not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17. The tenant agrees:

- 17.1** to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2** to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3** that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 17.4** that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

18. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

- 18.1** to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 18.2** to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3** to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.4** to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and

- 18.5** to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 18.6** to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. Under section 54 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES**19. The landlord agrees:**

- 19.1** to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and
- Note 1.** Section 52 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:
- (a) are structurally sound, and
 - (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
 - (c) have adequate ventilation, and
 - (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
 - (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
 - (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
 - (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
 - (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
 - (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows—do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
 - (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.
- 19.2** to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 19.3** to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 19.4** not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

- 19.5** not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- 19.6** to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- 19.7** that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

URGENT REPAIRS

- 20. The landlord agrees** to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

- 20.1** the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
- 20.2** the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 20.3** the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 20.4** the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 20.5** the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 20.6** the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are **urgent repairs** are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES**21. The landlord agrees:**

- 21.1** to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and

- 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
22. **The tenant agrees** not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
23. **The landlord and the tenant agree:**
- 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

24. **The landlord agrees** that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:
- 24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
- 24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
- 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
- 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
- 24.11 if the tenant agrees.
25. **The landlord agrees** that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:
- 25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- 25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and

- 25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.

26. **The landlord agrees** that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
27. **The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

28. **The landlord agrees** that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.
- Note.** See section 55A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for when a photograph or visual recording is published.
29. **The tenant agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

30. **The tenant agrees:**
- 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
- 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
- 30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.
31. **The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

32. **The landlord agrees:**
- 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

- 32.2** to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3** not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4** not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5** to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.
- 33. The tenant agrees:**
- 33.1** not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 33.2** to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- 34.** A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

- 35. The landlord and the tenant agree that:**
- 35.1** the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 35.2** the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 35.3** the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 35.4** without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note. Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

- 36. The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.**

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

- 37. The landlord agrees:**
- 37.1** if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2** if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

- 37.3** if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4** if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.5** if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

- 38. The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*.
- 39. The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

- 40. The rules of law** relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 41. The landlord agrees** that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
- 41.1** details of the amount claimed, and
- 41.2** copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
- 41.3** a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

- 42. The landlord agrees to:**
- 42.1** ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- 42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- 42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and

42.6 repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and

42.7 reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2–42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm.

43. The tenant agrees:

43.1 to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and

43.2 that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and

43.3 to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15–17 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44. The landlord and tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

~~**45. The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.**~~

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

~~**46. The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into**~~

~~**46.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and**~~

~~**46.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant**~~

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. The landlord agrees:

47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or

47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

48. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

49. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

50. The landlord and the tenant agree:

50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and

50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and

50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and

50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

51. The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:

51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,

- 51.2** 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,
51.3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

- 52. The landlord agrees** that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- (a) both the landlord and the tenant agree to the terms, and*
- (b) they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and*
- (c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.*

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE]

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

- ~~**53. The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises (specify the breed, size etc):**~~

- ~~**54. The tenant agrees:**~~

- ~~**54.1** to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and~~
- ~~**54.2** to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and~~
- ~~**54.3** to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and~~
- ~~**54.4** to comply with any council requirements.~~

- ~~**55. The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.**~~

ADDITIONAL TERM - AGREEMENT TO USE PREVIOUS CONDITION REPORT

- 56. The landlord and tenant:**

- 56.1** agree that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated

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 (insert a date if the landlord and tenant agree to this clause) forms part of this agreement,

- 56.2** acknowledge that the tenant's responses in that condition report form part of this agreement, and

- 56.3** agree that two physical copies of that condition report, or one electronic copy, have been given to the tenant on or before the date of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S CARE AND USE OF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

- 57. Further to clauses 16 and 17 and subject to any applicable by-law, the tenant agrees:**

- 57.1** to use the residential premises for residential purposes only;
- 57.2** not to use, advertise for use, sub-let, licence, transfer or otherwise part with possession of the whole or any part of the residential premises for the purpose of giving a person the right to occupy the residential premises for the purpose of a holiday, without the prior written consent of the landlord where such consent may be refused in the landlord's absolute discretion;
- 57.3** to clean the residential premises regularly with special attention to the kitchen, bathroom and appliances;
- 57.4** to put nothing down any sink, toilet or drain likely to cause obstruction or damage;
- 57.5** to wrap up and place garbage in a suitable container;
- 57.6** to regularly mow the lawns and keep the grounds and garden tidy and free of weeds and rubbish and maintain them in their condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of this agreement;
- 57.7** to take special care of the items let with the residential premises including any furniture, furnishings and appliances;
- 57.8** to do no decorating that involves painting, marking or defacing the residential premises or fixing posters without the prior written consent of the landlord or an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal;
- 57.9** to ensure that nothing is done that may prejudice any insurance policy or increase the premium payable under any insurance policy held by the landlord in relation to the residential premises and to ensure that nothing is done on the residential premises which may expose the owner to any claims or liability or which might give rise to an insurance claim;
- 57.10** to notify the landlord promptly of any infectious disease or the presence of rats, cockroaches, fleas or other pests;
- 57.11** to ventilate, in an adequate and timely manner and, if applicable, without any alteration or addition to the common property, all rooms and areas in the residential premises and to prevent the growth of mould;
- 57.12** not to remove, alter or damage any water efficiency measure installed in the residential premises;
- 57.13** not to store rubbish, unregistered vehicles, any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas (with the exception of petrol or gas stored in the fuel tank of any registered motor vehicle) or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material on the residential premises, and storage of any items on the residential premises is at the tenant's own risk; and
- 57.14** to take out and bring in, in accordance with the scheduled garbage collection days, and to keep clean, all bins that are supplied with the residential premises and to pay the cost of repair or replacement of any bins that become damaged, lost or stolen (if not repaired or replaced at the cost of the relevant authority) whilst the tenant is in occupation of the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

- 58. The tenant agrees:**

- 58.1** to leave, in the same manner of connection or operation, any telephone service installed in the residential premises at the commencement of this agreement; and

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

- 58.2** the availability of telephone or fax lines, internet services, analogue, digital or cable television (and the adequacy of such services) are the sole responsibility of the tenant and the tenant should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before executing this agreement. The landlord does not warrant that any telephone or fax plugs, antenna sockets or other such sockets or service points located in the residential premises are serviceable, or will otherwise meet the requirements of the tenant, and tenants must rely upon their own enquiries. The landlord is not obliged to install any antenna, plugs or sockets including but not limited to any digital aerials or antennas or to carry out any upgrades in respect of television or internet reception on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT AND RENTAL BOND

59. The tenant agrees:

- 59.1** to pay the rent on or before the day which the term of this agreement begins; and
- 59.2** not to apply any rental bond towards payment of the rent without the prior written consent of the landlord.

- 60.** The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - OCCUPANTS

61. The tenant agrees:

- 61.1** not to part with possession other than in accordance with the provisions of this agreement or the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, and
- 61.2** to ensure that occupants and other persons who come on to the residential premises with the tenant's consent comply with the conditions of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TERMINATION

- 62.** The tenant acknowledges that a notice of termination does not by itself end the tenant's obligations under this agreement.

63. The tenant agrees:

- 63.1** upon termination of this agreement, to:
- promptly and peacefully deliver up vacant possession of the residential premises to the landlord by the date specified in the termination notice or otherwise in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*,
 - promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of the tenant's forwarding address; and
 - comply with its obligations in clause 18 of this agreement; and
- 63.2** that the tenant's obligations under this agreement continue until such time as the tenant has provided vacant possession of the residential premises, left them in the condition required under this agreement and returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent all keys, access cards, locks and other opening devices and security items.

- 64.** Notwithstanding any termination of this agreement, the tenant acknowledges and agrees that an application may be made to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not vacate when required or otherwise does not comply with this agreement.

65. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 65.1** any action by the landlord or the tenant to terminate this agreement shall not affect any claim for compensation in respect of a breach of this agreement; and
- 65.2** the acceptance of or demand for rent or other money by the landlord after service of a termination notice for breach does not operate as a waiver of that notice nor does it evidence the creation of a new tenancy.

Note: Examples of where a fixed term agreement can be ended are where a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days. Examples of where a periodic agreement can be ended are where a contract for sale of land requiring vacant possession has been exchanged (in which case the notice period is not less than 30 days), a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days.

Note: If the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord should refer to section 87(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

ADDITIONAL TERM - STATUTES, STRATA BY-LAWS, RULES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS

66. The tenant acknowledges and agrees:

- 66.1** to observe all relevant statutes, statutory regulations, strata by-laws, company title rules and community title rules relating to health, safety, noise and other housing standards with respect to the residential premises;
- 66.2** where the residential premises are subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*, to observe and comply with any applicable strata by-laws and/or management statements and any applicable law;
- 66.3** where the residential premises are a flat (not subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*), to comply with any applicable law and the special conditions contained in Schedule A of this agreement and any other special conditions as notified to the tenant from time to time; and
- 66.4** that, at the tenant's cost, the owners corporation or strata managing agent may dispose of abandoned goods, perishable goods or rubbish left on common property.

ADDITIONAL TERM - SWIMMING POOLS

(This clause does not apply when there is no pool on the residential premises)

~~67. Unless otherwise agreed by the landlord and tenant in writing, the tenant agrees:~~

- ~~67.1 to vacuum, brush and clean the pool, backwash the filter and empty the leaf basket(s) regularly keeping them free from leaf litter and other debris;~~
- ~~67.2 to have the pool water tested once a month at a pool shop and to purchase and use the appropriate chemicals to keep the water clean and clear;~~
- ~~67.3 to keep the water level above the filter inlet at all times;~~
- ~~67.4 to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent as soon as practicable of any problems with the pool or equipment, safety gate, access door, fence or barrier;~~
- ~~67.5 not to interfere with the operation of any pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier including not propping or holding open any safety gate or access door, nor leaving any item or object near a pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier which would aid or allow access by children to the pool area or allow children to climb the pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier; and~~
- ~~67.6 to ensure that the pool safety gate or access door is self-closing at all times.~~

ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM
(for a fixed term of **less than 2 years**):

68. By completing this clause, the parties agree that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:

68.1 the rent will be increased to

\$		per	
	on	/	/
to \$		per	
	on	/	/

68.2 the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM
(for a fixed term of **2 years or more**):

69. By completing this clause, the parties agree that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:

69.1 the rent will be increased to

\$		per	
	on	/	/
to \$		per	
	on	/	/

69.2 the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months, and may be increased whether or not the agreement sets out the amount of the increase or the method of calculating the increase.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONDITION REPORT FORMS PART OF THIS AGREEMENT

70. For avoidance of doubt:

- 70.1** a condition report which accompanies this agreement, forms part of this agreement;
- 70.2** a condition report that is signed by both the landlord and the tenant is presumed to be a correct statement, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, of the state of repair or general condition of the residential premises on the day specified in the report; and

- 70.3** if the tenant fails to return the condition report to the landlord or the landlord's agent within 7 days after taking possession of the residential premises, then the tenant is deemed to have accepted the landlord's signed condition report and that report forms part of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ADDITIONAL TENANT OBLIGATIONS

71. The tenant agrees:

- 71.1** to reimburse the landlord, within 30 days of being requested to do so, for:
 - (a) any call out fees payable where the call out has been arranged with the tenant and the tenant has failed to provide access to the residential premises for any reason, preventing the relevant service from taking place;
 - (b) any cost or expense of any kind incurred by the landlord to replace or fix an item, fixture or fitting in or on the residential premises that was required to be replaced or fixed as a result of a fire audit or fire inspection, provided that the item, fixture or fitting needed replacing or fixing due to the activities carried out by the tenant in or on the residential premises (including, without limitation, creating holes in, or attaching hooks to, fire safety doors); and
 - (c) any fine, penalty or costs of any recovery action incurred by the landlord arising out of or in connection with the failure of a body corporate, community association or company to comply with a statutory requirement (including, without limitation, the lodgement of an annual fire safety statement) if that failure was caused or contributed to by the tenant;
- 71.2** to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent immediately if any smoke detector or smoke alarm in the residential premises is not working properly so that the landlord can attend to the landlord's obligation referred to in clause 42 of this agreement; and
- 71.3** to pay any call out fees payable to the fire brigade or other authorities which become payable in the event that a smoke alarm fitted to the residential premises is activated by activities carried out by the tenant on the residential premises, including but not limited to burning food.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANCY DATABASES

72. The landlord or the landlord's agent advises and the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the tenant's personal information may be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose of listing the tenant on a tenancy database as permitted by, and in accordance with, the provisions of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

ADDITIONAL TERM - GARAGE, STORAGE CAGE, OPEN CAR SPACE OR OTHER STORAGE FACILITY

[This clause does not apply if there is no garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility on the residential premises]

- 73. The tenant agrees** that if the premises include a garage then the garage is provided for the purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of goods or personal belongings.
- 74. The landlord gives** no undertaking as to the security and/or waterproofing of any garage, storage cage, open car space or any other storage facility on the residential premises and accepts no liability for any damage to such garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility or to anything stored therein.

ADDITIONAL TERM - DETAILS OF TENANT AND TENANT'S AGENT

75. The tenant agrees to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent, in writing within 14 days, of any changes to the nominated contact details of the tenant or the tenant's agent, including those specified in this agreement.

76. The landlord agrees to provide to the tenant's agent (if appointed) all notices and documents that it gives to the tenant.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S REFUSAL OF ACCESS

77. Where the tenant has been provided with the requisite notice pursuant to clause 24.8 and the tenant has refused access to the residential premises preventing prospective tenants from inspecting them, **the tenant acknowledges and agrees** that the landlord is entitled to claim damages for loss of bargain in the event the landlord is unable to secure a future tenant as a result of the tenant's refusal to allow access to the residential premises.

78. The tenant agrees that the landlord and the landlord's agent are authorised to use the office set of keys to access the residential premises for the purpose of carrying out an inspection pursuant to clause 24.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PRIVACY POLICY

79. The *Privacy Act 1988* (Cth) (the **Act**) allows certain information about the tenant referred to in this agreement to be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose for which it was collected, and otherwise in accordance with the Act. This Privacy Policy does not form part of this agreement and only applies to the extent that the landlord collects, uses and discloses personal information and is required by the Act to comply with the requirements of the Act. If the landlord appoints an agent to act for the landlord, then this Privacy Policy will apply to the landlord's agent's collection, use and disclosure of personal information on behalf of the landlord.

The landlord may amend, or amend and restate, this Privacy Policy from time to time and may subsequently notify the tenant of any changes to this Privacy Policy by written notification to the tenant. Any change to this Privacy Policy takes effect on the date of that written notification.

The personal information the tenant provides in connection with this agreement or collected from other sources is necessary for the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to:

- (a) identify and verify the tenant's identity;
- (b) process and assess any application received in relation to the lease of the residential premises;
- (c) assess the tenant's ability to meet their financial and other obligations under this agreement;
- (d) manage this agreement and the residential premises including (without limitation) the collection of rent and the preparation of required statements of accounts;
- (e) contact and liaise with goods and services providers as instructed by the tenant and to provide those providers with the tenant's personal information;
- (f) comply with any applicable law;
- (g) liaise and exchange information with the tenant and the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent in relation to or in connection with this agreement;
- (h) negotiate the lease for the residential premises;
- (i) process any payment (including, without limitation, the exchange of personal information with the relevant payment provider, where necessary); and
- (j) comply with any dispute resolution process.

If the personal information is not provided by the tenant, the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may not be able to carry out the steps described above.

Personal information collected about the tenant may be disclosed by the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent for the purpose for which it was collected, to other parties including to the landlord (if the landlord's agent is appointed), the landlord's mortgagee or head-lessor (in either case, if any), the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, referees, valuers, other agents, Courts and

applicable tribunals, third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other third parties instructed by the tenant (including, without limitation, goods, and services providers), as required by any applicable law and to any prospective or actual purchaser of the residential premises including to their prospective or actual mortgagee (if any). Personal information held by tenancy databases and relevant agencies may also be requested by and disclosed to the landlord and/or the landlord's agent. The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent will take reasonable precautions to protect the personal information they hold in relation to the tenant from misuse, loss, and unauthorised access, modification or disclosure.

Further, if the tenant applies for the lease of the residential premises via any third party letting business, including any online letting businesses, then the tenant will have consented to the disclosure of its personal information by that business to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent. The tenant consents to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent receiving personal information from the relevant online letting business for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

If the tenant fails to comply with its obligations under this agreement, then that fact and other relevant personal information collected about the tenant during the term of this agreement may also be disclosed to third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other agents, Courts and relevant tribunals.

The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may also use the tenant's information including personal information for marketing and research purposes to inform the tenant of products and services provided by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, which the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent consider may be of value or interest to the tenant, unless the tenant tells the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent (see opt out option below) or has previously told the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent not to. If the tenant **does not** wish to receive any information about such products and services then please tick this box: ☐ or otherwise notify the landlord and/or landlord's agent using the contact details of the landlord and/or landlord's agent (as applicable) set out earlier in this agreement.

The tenant has the right to request access to any personal information held by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent which relates to them, unless the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent is permitted by law (including the Act) to withhold that information. If the Act applies to the landlord and the landlord is an 'organisation' (as defined under the Act) then it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). If an agent is appointed by the landlord, it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). Any requests for access to the tenant's personal information should be made in writing to the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent at the contact details included in this agreement. The tenant has the right to request the correction of any personal information which relates to the tenant that is inaccurate, incomplete or out-of-date.

By signing this agreement, **the tenant acknowledges** that it has read and understands the terms of this Privacy Policy and agrees to those terms and the permissions to collect, use and disclose personal information, and **the tenant authorises** the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to collect, use and obtain, in accordance with the Act, their personal information for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

80. The landlord and tenant each acknowledge that:

- 80.1** the landlord and tenant are permitted to agree on additional terms and conditions of this agreement and to include them in an annexure at the end of this agreement;
- 80.2** the additional terms and conditions may be included in this agreement only if:
 - (a) they do not contravene the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (NSW), the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* (NSW) or any other Act; and
 - (b) they are not inconsistent with the standard terms and conditions of this agreement; and
- 80.3** The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales Limited (REINSW) is not and cannot be responsible for the drafting and content of any additional terms and / or conditions that are included in any annexure to this agreement.

SCHEDULE A

SPECIAL CONDITIONS - FLATS

Special Condition 1 - Vehicles

The tenant must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common area, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common area, except with the prior written approval of the landlord or as permitted by a sign authorised by the landlord.

Special Condition 2 - Damage to lawns and plants on the common areas

The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on the common area, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common area.

Special Condition 3 - Obstruction of common areas

The tenant must not obstruct lawful use of common areas by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

Special Condition 4 - Noise

The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, must not create any noise in the flat or the common area likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 5 - Behaviour of tenants and invitees

- (a) The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, when on the common area must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using the common area.
- (b) The tenant must take all reasonable steps to ensure that their invitees:
 - (i) do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or any person lawfully using the common area; and
 - (ii) without limiting paragraph (b)(i), comply with Special Condition 5(a).

Special Condition 6 - Children playing on common areas in building

Any child for whom the tenant is responsible may play on any area of the common area that is designated by the landlord for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision. The tenant must not permit any child of whom the tenant is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the common area that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Special Condition 7 - Smoke penetration

The tenant, and any invitee of the tenant, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common area, except:

- (a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the landlord, or
- (b) with the written approval of the landlord.

The tenant who is permitted under this Special Condition to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common area must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other flat. The tenant must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, in the flat does not penetrate to the common area or any other flat.

Special Condition 8 - Preservation of fire safety

The tenant must not do any thing or permit any invitees to do any thing in the flat or common area that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the flats or common areas.

Special Condition 9 - Storage of inflammable, dangerous or hazardous liquids and other substances and materials

- (a) The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord, use or store in the flat, garage or carport or on the common area any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Special Condition 10 - Appearance of flat

- (a) The tenant must not, without the prior written approval of the landlord, maintain within the flat anything visible from outside the flat that, viewed from outside the flat, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with Special Condition 12.

Special Condition 11 - Cleaning windows and doors

- (a) Except in circumstances referred to in Special Condition 11(b), the tenant is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the flat, including so much as is common area.
- (b) The landlord is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the tenant safely or at all.

Special Condition 12 - Hanging out of washing

The tenant may hang any washing on any lines provided by the landlord for that purpose. The tenant may hang washing on any part of the flat other than over the balcony railings. In each case, the washing may only be hung for a reasonable period. In this Special Condition, "washing" includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

Special Condition 13 - Disposal of waste - bins for individual flats (applicable where individual flats have bins)

- (a) The tenant must:
 - (i) not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - (iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on the common area;
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste;
 - (v) maintain bins for waste within the flat, or on any part of the common area that is authorised by the landlord, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered;
 - (vi) not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other flat except with the permission of that owner or occupier;
 - (vii) place the bins within an area designated for collection by the landlord not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the flat or other area authorised for the bins; and
 - (viii) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.

- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

**Special Condition 14 - Disposal of waste - shared bins
(applicable where bins are shared by flats)**

- (a) The tenant must:
 - (i) not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - (iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common area; and
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 15 - Change in use or occupation of flat to be notified

- (a) The tenant must notify the landlord if the tenant changes the existing use of the flat.
- (b) Without limiting Special Condition 15(a), the following changes of use must be notified:
 - (i) a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the landlord (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out in the flat, or results in the flat being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes); and
 - (i) a change to the use of the flat for short-term or holiday letting.
- (c) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

Special Condition 16 - Compliance with planning and other requirements

The tenant must ensure that the flat is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law and that the flat is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the flat.

NOTES.

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (If fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4).

Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD /LANDLORD'S AGENT

DocuSigned by:

Mecca Powell

2D7F8E8FDC76421...

(Signature of landlord/landlord's agent)

13-01-2023

(Date)

LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

Mecca Powell

2D7F8E8FDC76421...

(Signature of landlord/landlord's agent)

13-01-2023

(Date)

Note: A landlord's agent must not sign this acknowledgment unless they have first obtained from the landlord a written statement that the landlord has read and understood the contents of the information statement published by NSW Fair Trading setting out the landlord's rights and obligations.

SIGNED BY THE TENANT

DocuSigned by:

D76B28DA2A384D5...

(Signature of tenant)

13-01-2023

(Date)

DocuSigned by:

ED59D8CC399E434...

(Signature of tenant)

13-01-2023

(Date)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

DocuSigned by:

D76B28DA2A384D5...

(Signature of tenant)

13-01-2023

(Date)

DocuSigned by:

ED59D8CC399E434...

(Signature of tenant)

13-01-2023

(Date)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

ANNEXURE

OSBORN
GEORGE

If applicable, include additional Terms and Conditions below

The special conditions outlined below make up part of your Lease Agreement with Osborn George and must always be adhered to.

1. The landlord is entitled to reimbursement from the bond where damage has occurred in excess of fair wear and tear.
2. In the instance where you are locked out of the premises and an agent is required to attend to unlock the property a \$50.00 fee will be charged (if during business hours) and a \$100.00 fee will be charged (outside of business hours). This fee is due to be paid within 21 days.
3. All repairs must be reported in writing to our office via
4. email to raymondterrace@osbornegeorge.com.au
5. Complete a repair request form to which you can obtain from the office or on our website
<https://raymondterrace.osbornegeorge.com.au/getmedia/0d77fef3-cacb-4289-9658-153f97d46431/application-form-new-4-7-17.pdf.aspx>
6. In accordance with the Residential Tenancy Agreement, any damage or maintenance that occurs or is needed to be attended to at the premises is required to be reported in writing immediately to our office. If necessary an inspection will be carried out and the matter reported to the landlord for appropriate action. You may be held liable for costs of repairs/maintenance if not reported following the appropriate procedures.
7. All whiz bins and recycle bins are the responsibility of the tenant, we recommend they are only put to the kerb the night prior to collection and are brought straight back in and stored. Costs of damages will be the tenant's responsibility.
8. We would like to remind you that the "INGOING CONDITION REPORT" must be filled out, signed, dated and returned to the office within the 7 days from the commencement of the lease. If the report is not returned with-in the 7day period this means you have agreed to the agents copy, no further comments can be added to the report and will not be accepted.
9. No rubbish/refuse is to be left at the property during the tenancy or upon vacating the property, this includes unregistered cars, tyres & batteries. If you are found to have any of these items situated within the property during your tenancy you will be issued a formal breach notice and will be required to a pay for removal of items.
10. Upon wishing to vacate the premises you are required to complete and submit a vacating notice which you can obtain from our office or via email request to: Raymondterrace@osbornegeorge.com.au and have all Tenants to the Residential Tenancy Agreement complete and sign. Upon the end of your fix term tenancy expiring you are required to give 14 days' notice, commencing the day after it is received to our office and if you are outside of the fixed term period you are required to give 21 days' notice commencing the day after it is received to our office.
11. Your rent is due on or before the due date. Late rent payment will be recorded on your tenancy history and will make obtaining future rental accommodation difficult. Contact us if you are unable to pay your rent by the due date so that we can notify the landlord who may need to cover mortgage payments. Please be mindful that consistent failure to pay rent on time will result in termination of the Tenancy Agreement.
12. If you breach any terms or conditions of the Residential Tenancy Agreement & Act you may be placed on a Tenancy Database commonly known as TICA – Default Tenancy Control Pty Limited. This will result in being unable to obtain further private rentals.
13. Your furniture and contents are precious to you and we suggest you obtain your own contents insurance as the landlord is not responsible to covers costs of these items if damaged by unpredicted events.

ANNEXURE

ANNEXURE**OSBORN
GEORGE**

If applicable, include additional Terms and Conditions below

Special conditions continued:

14. Nothing should be adhered, nailed into or screwed into any wall or door without written approval from the agent and an alterations agreement being signed. It is our experience when motifs, posters and like items are removed that the paint and plaster damage occurs and if this is so, the tenant will be held responsible for financial costs associated with repairs. This also includes blue-tac.

15. We carry out regular inspections indiscriminately once every 4 months and written notice will be given to you via email when this is to occur. At the time of these inspections the Agent will inspect any cupboards that back onto a bathroom, laundry or toilet and the kitchen cupboards for any maintenance issues, the agent will also take photos throughout to record on the routine inspection report.

16. If you are a smoker, NO smoking is permitted inside the property. This is a Osborn George policy.

17. The driveways and any paved or concrete areas are to be kept clear of oil stains. If oil stains occur accidentally, the tenant agrees to remove immediately.

18. No pets are allowed unless you have written consent of the landlord or their agent.

19. If you have pets at any time during your tenancy, the carpets must be professionally cleaned and a professional flea spray carried out upon vacating or whenever required. This is regardless of whether the pet/s are kept inside or outside.

20. Marks and stains on carpets must be removed immediately before permanent damage occurs. If necessary, a professional carpet cleaner should be engaged.

21. Where the lease requires, the grounds are to be regularly maintained, including regular mowing and edging, weeding of the gardens, pruning and watering.

22. The kitchen bench tops must not be used as a cutting board or for very hot pans.

23. Bathroom tiles & shower glass/frames must be kept clear of mould and build-up of soap.

24. Ventilation fans were installed, should always be used when the area is filled with moisture and ceilings/walls above stoves and in bathrooms need to be washed down regularly.

25. Mould issues most commonly result from the property not being ventilated frequently. To avoid mould, the property should be ventilated frequently, and ceilings and walls washed down regularly. There is a product called Damp Aid that is available from most hardware stores and some retail stores. Damp Aid can assist with moisture levels inside the house.

26. The oven, grill and hot plates must be kept clean of grease and oil build up.

27. Clean garage roller doors and tracks regularly.

28. The tenant agrees not to erect anything that is;

29. Capable of being filled with water to a depth greater than 300 millimetres, and

30. Solely or principally used, or that is designed, manufactured or adapted to be solely or principally used, for the purpose of swimming, wading, paddling or any other human aquatic activity.

31. Tenants must have permission from the Landlord prior to the installation of NBN being undertaken.

32. The tenant/s agrees per the Residential Tenancy Agreement not to sublet without permission from the Landlord. Furthermore, the tenant/s also agree not to use the premises for the purpose of "Bed and Breakfast" or such things alike and is also therefore not permitted to advertise of websites such as "Air BNB".

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ANNEXURE



Tenant information statement

What you must know before you start renting

Starting a tenancy

Landlords or agents must give all tenants a copy of this **Tenant information statement** before signing a residential tenancy agreement.

Make sure you read this information statement thoroughly before you sign a residential tenancy agreement. Ask questions if there is anything in the agreement that you do not understand.

Remember, you are committing to a legally binding contract with no cooling-off period. You want to be certain you understand and agree to what you are signing.

The landlord or agent must:

- ensure the property is vacant, reasonably clean, fit to live in and in good repair at the start of the tenancy
- provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair
- meet health and safety laws (e.g. pool fencing, electrical installations, smoke alarms, window and balcony safety)
- ensure the property is reasonably secure
- respect your privacy and follow entry and notice requirements.

When renting, you must:

- pay the rent on time
- keep the property reasonably clean and undamaged and leave it in the same condition it was in when you moved in (fair wear and tear excepted)
- not use the property for anything illegal
- follow the terms of the tenancy agreement
- respect your neighbours' right to peace, comfort and privacy

What you must be told before you sign an agreement

Sometimes a rental property has something in its history that you should know before you sign an agreement.

The landlord or agent **must** tell you if the property is:

- planned to be sold
- subject to court proceedings where the mortgagee is trying to take possession of the property
- in a strata scheme and a strata renewal committee is currently established for the strata scheme.

The landlord or agent **must** tell you if they are aware of any of the following facts. If the property:

- has been subject to flooding from a natural weather event or bushfire in the last 5 years
- has significant health or safety risks (unless obvious to a reasonable person when the property is inspected)
- has been the scene of a serious violent crime (e.g. murder or aggravated assault) in the last 5 years
- is listed on the [loose-fill asbestos insulation register](#)
- has been used to manufacture or cultivate a prohibited drug or prohibited plant in the last 2 years
- is part of a building where a fire safety or building product rectification order (or a notice of intention to issue one of these orders) has been issued regarding external combustible cladding
- is part of a building where a development or complying development certificate application for rectification has been lodged regarding external combustible cladding
- is in a strata scheme where scheduled rectification work or major repairs will be carried out to common property during the fixed term of the agreement
- is affected by zoning or laws that will not allow you to obtain a parking permit, and only paid parking is available in the area
- is provided with any council waste services that are different to other properties in the council area
- has a driveway or walkway that others can legally use.

Penalties apply to landlords or agents if any of the above is not done.

What you must be given before you sign an agreement

Before you sign an agreement or move into the property, the landlord or agent **must give you:**

- a copy of this Tenant information statement
- a copy of the proposed tenancy agreement, filled out in the spaces provided
- 2 hard copies, or 1 electronic copy, of the condition report for the property completed by the landlord or agent
- a copy of the by-laws, if the property is in a strata scheme.

What you must be given at the time you sign an agreement

At the time you sign the agreement, the landlord or agent **must give you:**

- for any swimming or spa pools on the property, a valid certificate of compliance or occupation certificate (issued within the last 3 years). This does not apply if you are renting a property in a strata or community scheme that has more than 2 lots.

Before or at the start of the tenancy

The landlord or agent **must give you:**

- a copy of the key (or other opening device or information) to open any lock or security device for the rented property or common property, at no cost to you or any tenant named in the agreement

The property must be fit to live in

The property must be reasonably clean, fit to live in and in a reasonable state of repair.

To be fit to live in, the property must (at a minimum):

1. be structurally sound
2. have adequate natural or artificial lighting in each room, except storage rooms or garages
3. have adequate ventilation
4. be supplied with electricity or gas, and have enough electricity or gas sockets for lighting, heating and other appliances
5. have adequate plumbing and drainage
6. have a water connection that can supply hot and cold water for drinking, washing and cleaning
7. have bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow users' privacy.

The property could have other issues that may make it unfit for you to live in, even if it meets the

above 7 minimum standards. Before you rent the property, you should tell the landlord or agent to take steps (such as make repairs) to make sure the property is fit to live in.

Residential tenancy agreement

The tenancy agreement is a legal agreement. It must include certain standard terms that cannot be changed or deleted. It may also include additional terms. Verbal agreements are still binding on you and the landlord.

Condition report

You should have already received a copy of the condition report, completed by the landlord or agent, before you signed the agreement. This is an important piece of evidence and you should take the time to check the condition of the property at the start of the tenancy. If you do not complete the report accurately, money could be taken out of your bond (after you move out) to pay for damage that was already there when you moved in.

You must complete and give a copy of the condition report to your landlord or agent **within 7 days** after moving into the property. You must also keep a copy of the completed report.

Rent, receipts and records

Rent is a regular payment you make to the landlord to be able to live in the property. You cannot be asked to pay more than 2 weeks' rent in advance. Your landlord or agent cannot demand more rent until it is due.

Your landlord or agent can serve you with 14 days' termination notice if you are more than 14 days behind with the rent.

Your landlord or agent must:

- give you rent receipts (unless rent is paid into a nominated bank account)
- keep a record of rent you pay
- provide you with a copy of the rent record within 7 days of your written request for it.

Rental bonds

The bond is money you may have to pay at the start of the tenancy as security. It must be in the form of money and not as a guarantee. Your landlord or agent can only ask for 1 bond for a tenancy agreement. The bond payable cannot be more than 4 weeks rent. If the landlord agrees, you can pay the bond in instalments.

Your landlord or agent cannot make you pay a bond before the tenancy agreement is signed. If you pay the bond directly to Fair Trading using [Rental Bonds Online](#) (RBO) the landlord or agent will receive confirmation of this before they finalise the tenancy agreement.

Your landlord or agent must give you the option to use RBO to pay your bond. You can use RBO to securely pay your bond direct to NSW Fair Trading using a credit card or BPAY, without the need to fill out and sign a bond lodgement form. Once registered, you can continue to use your RBO account for future tenancies.

If you decide not to use RBO, you can ask your agent or landlord for a paper bond lodgement form for you to sign, so that it can be lodged with Fair Trading. The landlord must deposit any bond you pay them with Fair Trading within 10 working days. If the bond is paid to the agent, the agent must deposit the bond with Fair Trading within 10 working days after the end of the month in which the bond was paid.

Discrimination when applying for rental property

It is against the law for a landlord or agent to discriminate on the grounds of your race, age, disability, gender, sexual orientation, marital status or pregnancy.

If you feel that a landlord or agent has declined your tenancy application or has treated you less favourably because of the above, you can contact the NSW Anti-Discrimination Board on 1800 670 812 or the Australian Human Rights Commission on 1300 656 419.

It is not against the law if a landlord or agent chooses not to have a tenant who smokes, or has a poor tenancy history or issues with rent payments.

Communicating with your landlord or agent

Your landlord must provide you with their name and a way for you to contact them directly, even if your landlord has an agent.

This information must be given to you in writing before or when you sign the tenancy agreement, or it can be included in the agreement you sign. Your landlord must also let you know, in writing, within 14 days of any changes to their details.

Some formal communication between you and the landlord or agent must be in writing to be valid, for example, termination notices. You can use email to serve notices or other documents but only if the landlord or agent has given you permission to use their nominated email address for this purpose.

During the tenancy

Can rent be increased during the tenancy?

For a fixed-term of less than 2 years, rent can only be increased during the fixed-term if the agreement sets out the increased amount or how the increase will be calculated. No written notice of the increase is required.

For a fixed-term of 2 years or more, or for a periodic agreement (i.e. where the fixed-term has expired or no fixed-term is specified), the rent can only be increased once in a 12-month period. You must get at least 60 days written notice.

Paying for electricity, gas and water usage

You may have to pay the cost for certain utilities as set out in the agreement. For example, you will pay for all:

- electricity, non-bottled gas or oil supply charges if the property is separately metered. Some exceptions apply for electricity or gas
- charges for the supply of bottled gas during the tenancy.

There are limits on when you need to pay for water usage charges. You can only be asked to pay for water usage if the property is separately metered (or water is delivered by vehicle) and meets the following water efficiency measures:

- all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- all internal cold-water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- any leaking taps or toilets on the property are fixed at the start of the agreement and whenever other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded
- from 23 March 2025, toilets are dual flush and have a minimum 3-star WELS rating.

Repairs and maintenance

The property must always be fit for you to live in. The landlord is responsible for any repairs or maintenance, so the property is in a reasonable state of repair. They must also ensure the property meets health and safety laws.

You are responsible for looking after the property and keeping it clean and undamaged. If the property includes a yard, lawns and gardens, you must also keep these areas neat and tidy.

You need to tell your landlord or the agent of any necessary repairs or damage as soon as possible. They are responsible for arranging and paying for the repair costs unless you caused or allowed the damage. You are not responsible for any damage caused by a perpetrator of domestic violence during a domestic violence offence.

If the repair is an **urgent repair** e.g. where there is a burst water service, a blocked or broken toilet, a gas leak or dangerous electrical fault, your landlord or agent should organise these repairs as soon as reasonably possible, after being notified. If they do not respond to an urgent repair, you may be able to organise the work yourself and be reimbursed

a maximum amount of \$1,000 within 14 days from requesting payment in writing. A list of **urgent repairs** is available on the [Fair Trading website](#).

You can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if your landlord refuses or does not provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair. Similarly, your landlord can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if you refuse or do not repair damage you have caused or allowed. You can also apply to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal (the Tribunal) if your landlord does not carry out repairs.

Smoke alarms must be working

Landlords must ensure that smoke alarms are installed on all levels of the property. Your landlord must maintain the smoke alarms in your property to ensure they are working.

You should notify your landlord or agent if a smoke alarm is not working. They are responsible for repairing (including replacing a battery) or replacing a smoke alarm within 2 business days after they become aware that it is not working.

You can choose to replace a removable battery if it needs replacing, but you must notify the landlord if and when you do this. You are not responsible for maintaining, repairing or replacing a smoke alarm. However, there are some circumstances where you can arrange for a smoke alarm to be repaired or replaced.

Privacy and access

You have the right to reasonable peace, comfort and privacy when renting. Tenancy laws restrict when and how often your landlord, agent or other authorised person can enter the property during the tenancy. Your landlord, agent or authorised person can enter the property without your consent in certain circumstances if proper notice (if applicable) is provided.

For example:

- in an **emergency**, no notice is necessary
- if the **Tribunal orders** that access is allowed
- to carry out, or assess the need for, **necessary repairs or maintenance** of the property, if you have been given at least 2 days' notice
- to carry out **urgent repairs**, no notice is necessary
- to carry out **repairs or replacement of a smoke alarm**, if you have been given at least 1 hours' notice
- to **inspect or assess the need for repair or replacement of a smoke alarm**, if you have been given at least 2 business days' notice
- to carry out a **general inspection** of the property if you have been given at least 7 days' written notice (no more than 4 inspections during a 12-month period).

How to make 'minor' changes to the property

You can only make minor changes to the property with your landlord's written consent, or if the agreement allows it. Your landlord can only refuse your request if it is reasonable to do so e.g. if the work involves structural changes or is inconsistent with the nature of the property.

There are certain types of 'minor' changes where it would be unreasonable for your landlord to refuse consent. For example:

- secure furniture to a non-tiled wall for safety reasons
- fit a childproof latch to an outdoor gate in a single dwelling
- insert fly screens on windows
- install or replace internal window covering (e.g. curtains)
- install cleats or cord guides to secure blind or curtain cords
- install child safety gates inside the property
- install window safety devices for child safety (non-strata only)
- install hand-held shower heads or lever-style taps to assist elderly or disabled occupants
- install or replace hooks, nails or screws for hanging pictures etc.
- install a phone line or internet connection
- plant vegetables, flowers, herbs or shrubs in the garden
- install wireless removable outdoor security camera
- apply shatter-resistant film to window or glass doors
- make changes that don't penetrate a surface, or permanently modify a surface, fixture or structure of the property.

Some exceptions apply. The landlord can also require that certain minor changes be carried out by a qualified person.

You will be responsible for paying for the changes and for any damage you cause to the property. Certain rules apply for removing any modifications at the end of the tenancy.

Your rights in circumstances of domestic violence

Every person has the right to feel safe and live free from domestic violence. If you or your dependent child are experiencing domestic violence in a rental property, there are options available to you to improve your safety.

If you or your dependent child need to escape violence, you can end your tenancy immediately,

without penalty. To do this you must give your landlord a termination notice with the relevant evidence and give a termination notice to any co-tenants.

Or, if you wish to stay in your home, you can apply to the Tribunal for an order to end the tenancy of the perpetrator (if they are another co-tenant).

A tenant or any innocent co-tenant is not liable for property damage caused by the perpetrator of violence during a domestic violence offence.

Ending the tenancy

Termination notice must be given

A tenancy agreement is a legally binding agreement that can only be ended in certain ways. A tenancy will usually be ended by you or your landlord giving notice to the other party and you vacating on or after the date specified in the notice.

To end a tenancy, you need to give the landlord or agent a written termination notice with the applicable notice period. In some cases, you can apply directly to the Tribunal for a termination order without issuing a termination notice (for example if you are experiencing hardship).

If you do not leave by the date specified in the termination notice, the landlord or agent can apply to the Tribunal for termination and possession orders. If you do not comply with the Tribunal order, only a Sheriff's Officer can legally remove you from the property under a warrant for possession.

You cannot be locked out of your home under any circumstances unless a Sheriff's Officer is enforcing a warrant for possession issued by the Tribunal or a court.

Break fee for ending a fixed term agreement early

If you end a fixed term agreement early that is for 3 years or less, mandatory break fees may apply based on the stage of the agreement. If it applies, the set fee payable will be:

- 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the lease had expired
- 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the lease had expired
- 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the lease had expired
- 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the lease had expired.

The break fee does not apply if you end the agreement early for a reason allowed under the Act.

Getting the rental bond returned

You should receive the bond in full at the end of the tenancy unless there is a reason for the landlord to make a claim against the bond. For example if:

- rent or other charges (e.g. unpaid water usage bills, break fee) are owing
- copies of the keys were not given back and the locks needed to be changed
- you caused damage or did not leave the property in a reasonably clean condition compared to the original condition report, apart from 'fair wear and tear'.

You are not liable for fair wear and tear to the property that occurs over time with the use of the property, even when the property receives reasonable care and maintenance.

Checklist

You should only sign the agreement when you can answer **Yes** to the following.

The tenancy agreement

- ☐ I have read the agreement and asked questions if there were things I did not understand.
- ☐ I understand the fixed-term of the agreement is negotiated before I sign, which means it can be for 6 months, 12 months, or some other period.
- ☐ I understand that I must be offered at least one way to pay the rent that does not involve paying a fee to a third party.
- ☐ I understand that any additional terms to the agreement can be negotiated before I sign.
- ☐ I have checked that all additional terms to the agreement are allowed. For example, the agreement does not include a term requiring me to have the carpet professionally cleaned when I leave, unless it is required because the landlord has allowed me to keep a pet on the property.

Promised repairs

For any promises the landlord or agent makes to fix anything (e.g. replace the oven, etc.) or do other work (e.g. paint a room, clean up the backyard, etc.):

- ☐ I have made sure these have already been done or
- ☐ I have an undertaking in writing (before signing the agreement) that they will be done.

Upfront costs

☐ I am **not** required to pay:

- more than 2 weeks rent in advance
- more than 4 weeks rent as a rental bond.

☐ I am **not** being charged for:

- the cost of preparing the tenancy agreement
- the initial supply of keys and other opening devices to each tenant named in the agreement
- being allowed to keep a pet on the property.

Top tips for problem-free renting

Some useful tips to help avoid problems when renting:

- Keep a copy of your agreement, condition report, rent receipts, Rental Bond Number and copies of letters/emails you send or receive in a safe place where you can easily find them later.
- Photos are a great way to record the condition of the property when you first move in. Take date-stamped photos of the property, especially areas that are damaged or unclean. Keep these photos in case the landlord objects to returning your bond at the end of your tenancy.
- Comply with the terms of your agreement and never stop paying your rent, even if you don't think the landlord is complying with their side of the agreement (e.g. by failing to do repairs). You could end up being evicted if you do.
- Never make any changes to the property, or let other people move in without asking the landlord or agent for permission first.
- Keep a written record of your dealings with the landlord or agent (for example by keeping copies of emails or a diary record of your conversations, including the times and dates, who you spoke to and what they agreed to do). It is helpful to have any agreements in writing, for example requests for repairs. This is a useful record and can also assist if there is a dispute.

- Consider taking out home contents insurance to cover your belongings in case of theft, fires and natural disasters. The landlord's building insurance, if they have it, will not cover your belongings.
- If the property has a pool or garden, be clear about what the landlord or agent expects you to do to maintain them.
- Be careful with what you sign relating to your tenancy and do not let anybody rush you. Never sign a blank form, such as a 'Claim for refund of bond' form.
- If you are happy in the property and your agreement is going to end, consider asking for the agreement to be renewed for another fixed-term. This will remove any worry about being unexpectedly asked to leave and can help to lock in the rent for the next period.

More information

Visit the [Fair Trading website](https://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au) or call 13 32 20 for more information about your renting rights and responsibilities. The NSW Government funds a range of community-based Tenants Advice and Advocacy Services across NSW to provide advice, information and advocacy to tenants. Visit the Tenants' Union website at tenants.org.au

[fairtrading.nsw.gov.au](https://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au)

13 32 20

Language assistance 13 14 50

(ask for an interpreter in your language)

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